

THE PAM2310 IS <u>NOT</u> RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS. PLEASE USE THE AP61200Z6-7.

PAM2310



2A LOW NOISE STEP-DOWN DC-DC CONVERTER

Description

The PAM2310 is a 2A step-down DC-DC converter. At heavy load, the constant-frequency PWM control performs excellent stability and transient response. No external compensation components are required.

The PAM2310 supports a range of input voltages from 2.7V to 5.5V, allowing the use of a single Li+/Li-polymer cell, multiple Alkaline/ NiMH cell, and other standard power sources. The output voltage is adjustable from 0.6V to the input voltage. The PAM2310 employs internal power switch and synchronous rectifier to minimize external part count and realize high efficiency. During shutdown, the input is disconnected from the output and the shutdown current is less than $1\mu A$. Other key features include overtemperature and short circuit protection, and undervoltage lockout to prevent deep battery discharge.

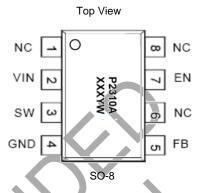
The PAM2310 delivers 2A maximum output current while consuming only 42µA of no-load quiescent current. Ultra-low R_{DS(ON)} integrated MOSFETs and 100% duty cycle operation make the PAM2310 an ideal choice for high output voltage, high-current applications which require a low dropout threshold.

The PAM2310 is available in SO-8 package.

Features

- Output Current: Up to 2A
- Output Voltage: 0.6V to VIN
- Input Voltage: 2.7V to 5.5V
- Peak Efficiency up to 95%
- 42µA (typ.) No Load Quiescent Current
- Shutdown Current: <1µA
- 100% Duty Cycle Operation
- 1.5MHz Switching Frequency
- Internal Soft Start
- No External Compensation Required
- Current Limit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- SO-8 Package
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/104/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please contact us or your local Diodes representative. https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

Pin Assignments



Applications

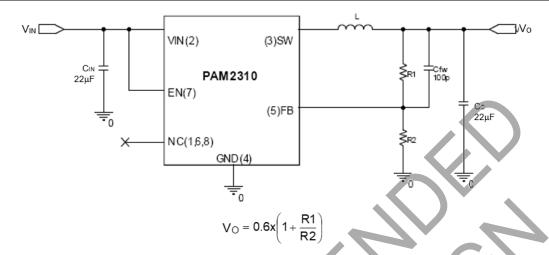
- 5V or 3.3V point of load conversions
- Telecom/Networking equipment
- Set top boxes
- Storage equipment
- Video cards
- DDR power supplies

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.



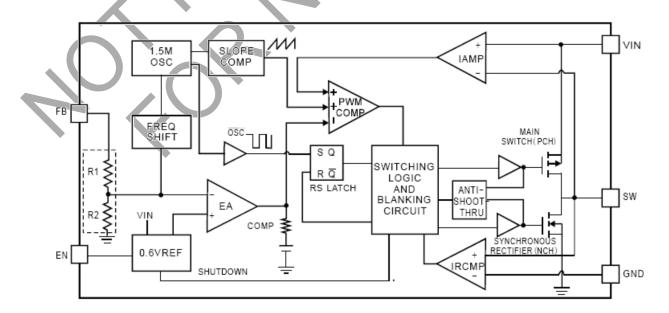
Typical Applications Circuit



Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Package Name	Function
NC	1	No Connected
VIN	2	Bias supply. Chip main power supply pin
SW	3	The drains of the internal main and synchronous power MOSFET.
GND	4	GND
FB	5	Feedback voltage to internal error amplifier, the threshold voltage is 0.6V.
NC	6	No Connected
EN	7	Enable control input. Force this pin voltage above 1.5V, enables the chip, and below 0.3V shuts down the device.
NC	8	No Connected

Functional Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Input Voltage VIN	6	V
SW Pin Voltage	-0.3 to (V _{IN} +0.3)	V
FB Pin Voltage	-0.3 to (V _{IN} +0.3)	V
EN Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature	+300, 5s	°C

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods can affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	2.7 to 5.5	V
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +125	Ş
Ambient Temperature Range	-40 to +85	

Thermal Information

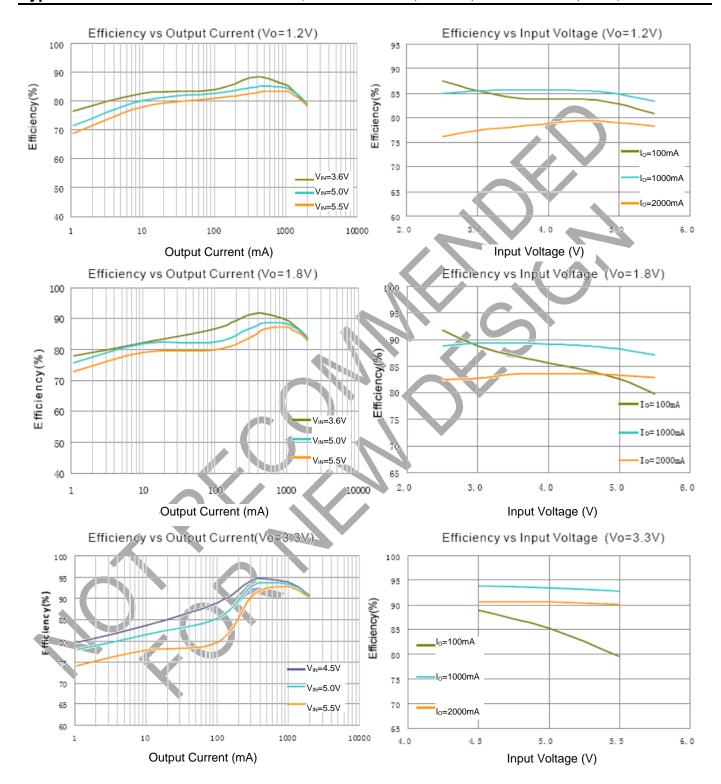
Symbol	Parameter	Package	Max	Unit
θја	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	SO-8	90	°CW
θјс	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	SO-8	11	°C/VV
PD	Internal Power Dissipation (@ T _A = +25°C)	SO-8	1100	mW

$\textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (@T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{\text{IN}} = 5.0 \text{V}, \ V_{\text{O}} = 1.8 \text{V}, \ C_{\text{IN}} = 22 \mu\text{F}, \ C_{\text{O}} = 22 \mu\text{F}, \ L = 2.2 \mu\text{H}, \ unless otherwise specified.})$

Symbol	Parameter	Test (onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VIN	Input Voltage Range	_		2.7	_	5.5	V
Vo	Output Voltage Range	_		0.6	_	VIN	V
Vo	Regulated Output Voltage Accuracy	Io = 0A to 2A, V	IN = 2.7V to 5.5V	-2	_	+2	%
VFB	Regulated Feedback Voltage	_		0.588	0.600	0.612	V
IFB	FB Leakage Current	Vo = 1V		_	_	0.2	μΑ
LNR	Output Voltage Line Regulation	VIN = 2.7V to 5V	,	_	0.2	_	%/V
LDR	Output Voltage Load Regulation	Io = 0A to 2A		_	0.5	_	%/A
lo	Quiescent Current	No Load		_	42	90	μΑ
Isp	Shutdown Current	VEN = 0V		_	_	1	μΑ
ILIM	Peak Inductor Current	_		3	_	_	Α
fosc	Oscillator Frequency	_		_	1.5	1.8	MHz
Process	Drain-Source On-State Resistance	low - 100m Λ	High Side	_	90	_	Ω
RDS(ON)	Dialii-Source Oii-State Resistance	Isw = 100mA	Low Side	_	70	_	Ω
ts	Start-Up Time	From Enable to	Output Regulation	_	0.5	3	ms
V_{EH}	EN Threshold High	_		1.5	_	_	V
VEL	EN Threshold Low	_		_	_	0.3	V
IEN	EN Leakage Current	VIN = VEN = 0V		-1.0	_	+1.0	μΑ
OTP	Over Temperature Protection	_		_	+150		°C
OTH	OTP Hysteresis	_		_	+30	_	°C

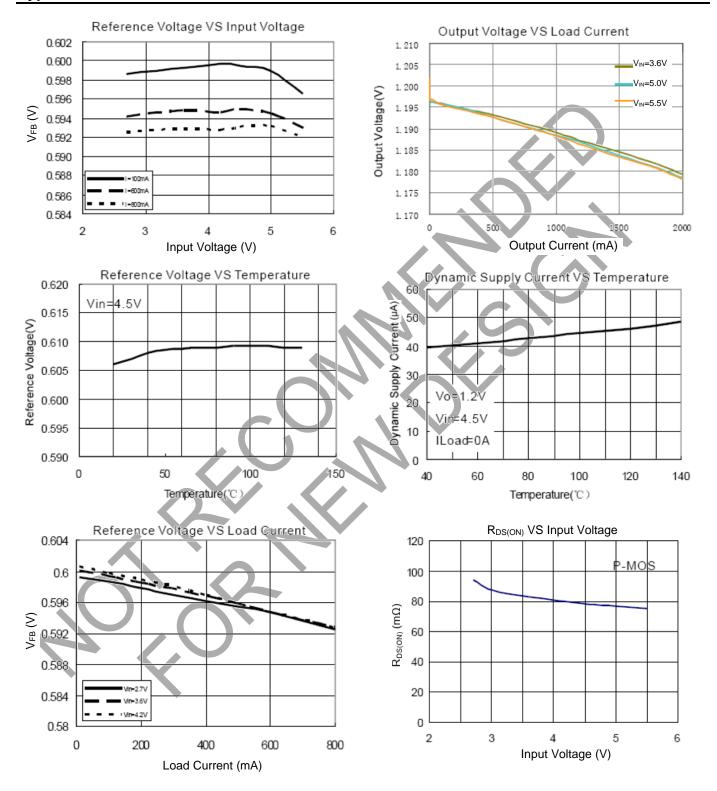


Typical Performance Characteristics (@ $T_A = +25$ °C, $C_{IN} = 22\mu F$, $C_O = 22\mu F$, unless otherwise specified.)



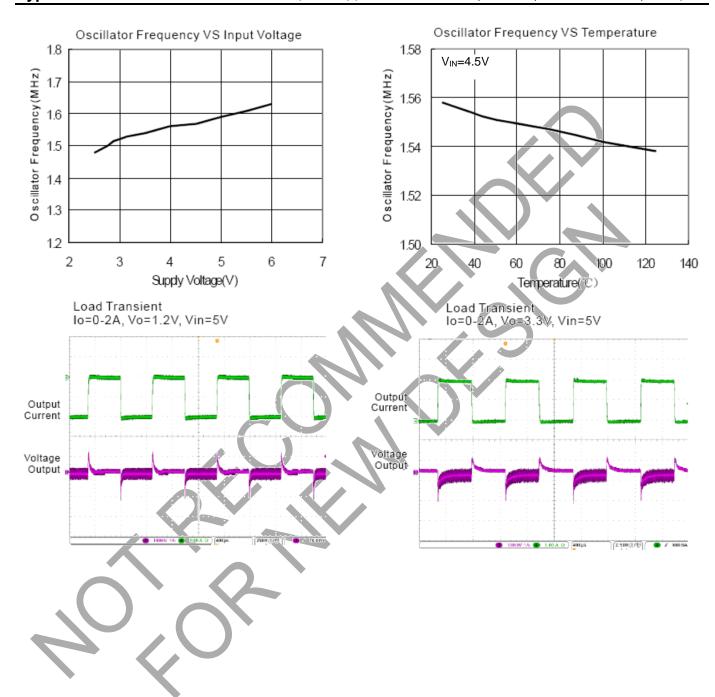


Typical Performance Characteristics (continued) (@TA = +25°C, CIN = 22*2µF, CO = 22µF, unless otherwise specified.)





Typical Performance Characteristics (continued) (@TA = +25°C, CIN = 22*2µF, CO = 22µF, unless otherwise specified.)





Application Information

The basic PAM2310 application circuit is shown in Page 1. External component selection is determined by the load requirement, selecting L first and then C_{IN} and C_{OUT}.

Inductor Selection

For most applications, the value of the inductor will fall in the range of 1μ H to 2.7μ H. Its value is chosen based on the desired ripple current and efficiency. Large value inductors lower ripple current and small value inductors result in higher ripple currents. Higher V_{IN} or V_{OUT} also increases the ripple current as shown in equation 2A reasonable starting point for setting ripple current is $\Delta I_L = 1.2A$ (40% of 2A).

$$\Delta I_{L} = \frac{1}{(f)(L)} V_{OUT} \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right)$$
 Equation (1)

The DC current rating of the inductor should be at least equal to the maximum load current plus half the ripple current to prevent core saturation. Thus, a 4.2A rated inductor should be enough for most applications (2A + 1.2A). For better efficiency, choose a low DC-resistance inductor.

Vo	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V
L	1.2µH	1.5µH	2.2µH	2.2µH	2.2µH

CIN and COUT Selection

In continuous mode, the source current of the top MOSFET is a square wave of duty cycle Vout/Vin. To prevent large voltage transients, a low ESR input capacitor sized for the maximum RMS current must be used. The maximum RMS capacitor current is given by:

$$C_{IN}$$
 required $I_{RMS} \cong I_{OMAX} \frac{\left[V_{OUT}(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})\right]^{1/2}}{V_{IN}}$

This formula has a maximum at $V_{IN} = 2V_{OUT}$, where $I_{RMS} = I_{OUT}/2$. This simple worst-case condition is commonly used for design because even significant deviations do not offer much relief. Note that the capacitor manufacturer's ripple current ratings are often based on 2000 hours of life. This makes it advisable to further derate the capacitor, or choose a capacitor rated at a higher temperature than required. Consult the manufacturer if there is any question.

The selection of C_{OUT} is driven by the required Effective Series Resistance (ESR).

Typically, once the ESR requirement for Cout has been met, the RMS current rating generally far exceeds the IRIPPLE (P-P) requirement. The output ripple Vout is determined by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} \approx \Delta I_{L} (ESR + 1/8f C_{OUT})$$

Where f = operating frequency, C_{OUT} = output capacitance and ΔI_L = ripple current in the inductor. For a fixed output voltage, the output ripple is highest at maximum input voltage since ΔI_L increases with input voltage.

Using Ceramic Input and Output Capacitors

Higher values, lower cost ceramic capacitors are now becoming available in smaller case sizes. Their high ripple current, high voltage rating and low ESR make them ideal for switching regulator applications. Using ceramic capacitors can achieve very low output ripple and small circuit size.

When choosing the input and output ceramic capacitors, choose the X5R or X7R dielectric formulations. These dielectrics have the best temperature and voltage characteristics of all the ceramics for a given value and size.

Thermal Consideration

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in the PAM2310. When the junction temperature exceeds +150°C, the OTP (Over Temperature Protection) starts the thermal shutdown and turns the pass transistor off. The pass transistor resumes operation after the junction temperature drops below +120°C.

For continuous operation, the junction temperature should be maintained below +125°C. The power dissipation is defined as:

$$P_{D} = I_{O}^{2} \frac{V_{O} R_{DS(ON)H} + (V_{IN} - V_{O}) R_{DS(ON)L}}{V_{IN}} + (t_{SW} F_{S} I_{O} + I_{Q}) V_{IN}$$

Iq is the step-down converter quiescent current. The term tsw is used to estimate the full load step-down converter switching losses.



Application Information (continued)

For the condition where the step-down converter is in dropout at 100% duty cycle, the total device dissipation reduces to: $P_D = I_O^2 R_{DS(ON)H} + I_Q V_{IN}$

Since R_{DS(ON)}, quiescent current, and switching losses all vary with input voltage, the total losses should be investigated over the complete input voltage range. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surrounding airflow and temperature difference between junction and ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$$

Where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature +125°C. T_A is the ambient temperature and θ_{JA} is the thermal resistance from the junction to the ambient. Based on the standard JEDEC for a two layers thermal test board, the thermal resistance θ_{JA} of SO-8 is 90°C/W. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A = +25$ °C can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_D = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / 90^{\circ}C/W = 1.11W$$

Setting the Output Voltage

The internal reference is 0.6V (Typical). The output voltage is calculated as below

The output voltage is given by Table 1.

$$V_O = 0.6x \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Table 1: Resistor selection for output voltage setting.

Vo	R1	R2
1.2V	150k	150k
1.5V	225k	150k
1.8V	300k	150k
2.5V	475k	150k
3.3V	680k	150k

100% Duty Cycle Operation

As the input voltage approaches the output voltage, the converter turns the P-Channel transistor continuously on. In this mode the output voltage is equal to the input voltage minus the voltage drop across the P-Channel transistor:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{IN} - I_{LOAD} (R_{DSON} + R_L)$$

where RDS(ON) = P-Channel switch ON resistance, ILOAD = Output Current, RL = Inductor DC Resistance

UVLO and Soft-Start

The reference and the circuit remain reset until the V_{IN} crosses its UVLO threshold.

The PAM2310 has an internal soft-start circuit that limits the in-rush current during start-up. This prevents possible voltage drops of the input voltage and eliminates the output voltage overshoot. The soft-start acts as a digital circuit to increase the switch current in several steps to the p-channel current limit (3000mA).

Short Circuit Protection

The switch peak current is limited cycle-by-cycle to a typical value of 3000mA. In the event of an output voltage short circuit, the device operates with a frequency of 500kHz and minimum duty cycle, therefore the average input current is typically 500mA.

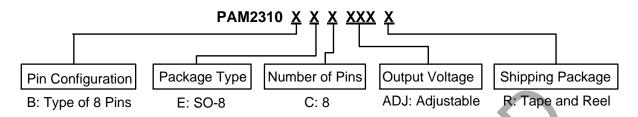
Thermal Shutdown

When the die temperature exceeds +150°C, a reset occurs and the reset remains until the temperature decrease to +120°C, at which time the circuit can be restarted.

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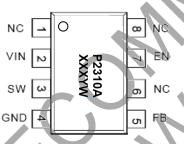


Ordering Information



Part Number	Output Voltage	Package	Pacl	king
Fait Number	Output voltage	Package	Qty.	Carrier
PAM2310BECADJR	ADJ	SO-8	2500 Units	Tape & Reel

Marking Information



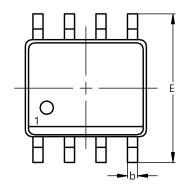
Top View

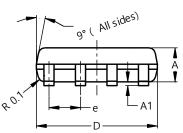
P2310:PAM2310
A: Pin configuration
XXX: Internal Code
Y: Year
W: Week

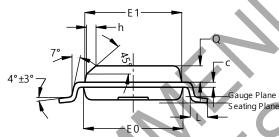


Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.





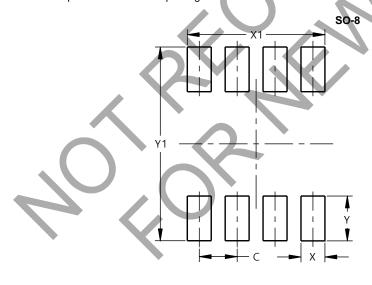


SO-8

SO-8					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур		
Þ	1.40	1.50	1.45		
A1	0.10	0.20	0.15		
þ	0.30	0.50	0.40		
C	0.15	0.25	0.20		
D	4.85	4.95	4.90		
Ħ	5.90	6.10	6.00		
E1	3.80	3.90	3.85		
E0	3.85	3.95	3.90		
Ð			1.27		
7	ŀ) !	0.35		
٦	0.62	0.82	0.72		
Ø	0.60	0.70	0.65		
All Dimensions in mm					

Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	1.27
Х	0.802
X1	4.612
Υ	1.505
V1	6 50



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