

PI7C9X2G312GP PCI EXPRESS GEN 2 PACKET SWITCH 3-Port/ 12-Lane PCI Express Gen 2 Switch Green Package Family

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A Product Line of Diodes Incorporated

PERICOM

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REVISION HISTORY

| Date | Revision Number | Description |
|------------|-----------------|---|
| 04/08/2013 | 0.1 | Preliminary Datasheet |
| | | Updated Section 3 Pin Description |
| | | Updated Section 11 Package Information |
| | | Added Section 7 Register and Description |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 Port Specific Signals |
| 12/27/2013 | 0.2 | Updated Section 1 Features |
| 12/2//2010 | • | Updated Section 12 Ordering Information |
| | | Added Section 4.1 Pin List of 196-Pin LBGA |
| | | Updated Section 4.2 Pin Map of 196-Pin LBGA |
| | | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| - | | Updated Section 10.3 Power Consumption |
| | | Updated Section 1 Features |
| | | Updated Section 2 General Description |
| | | Updated Section 3.1 PCI Express Interface Signals |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 Port Specific Signals |
| | | Updated Section 3.3 EEPROM Signals |
| | | Updated Section 3.4 Miscellaneous Signals |
| 06/03/2014 | 1.0 | Updated Section 4.1 Pin List of 196-Pin LBGA |
| 00/03/2014 | 1.0 | Updated Section 4.2 Pin Map of 196-Pin LBGA Updated Section 6 EEPROM Interface And System Management Bus |
| | | Updated Section 6.1 EEPROM Interface |
| | | Updated Section 6.2 SMBus Interface (Delete) |
| | | Updated Section 7.2 Transparent Mode Configuration Registers |
| | | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | Updated Section 9 Power Management |
| | | Updated Section 10.3 Power Consumption |
| | | Added Section 6.2 SMBUS Interface |
| | | Added Section 6.3 I2C Slave Interface |
| | | Added Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | Updated Section 1 Features |
| | | Updated Section 2 General Description |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 Port Specific Signals (6 balls) |
| | | Updated Section 3.3 EEPROM and SMBus/I2C Signals (6 balls) |
| 10/21/2014 | 1.1 | Updated Section 3.4 Miscellaneous Signals (24 balls) |
| 10/21/2011 | 1.1 | Updated Section 4.1 Pin List of 196-Pin LBGA |
| | | Updated Section 6 EEPROM Interface and System Management/I2C Bus |
| | | Updated Section 6.1 EEPROM Interface |
| | | Updated Section 6.2 SMBus Interface |
| | | Updated Section 6.3 I2C Slave Interface |
| | | Updated Section 7.2 Transparent Mode Configuration Registers |
| | | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| 12/11/2014 | 1.0 | Updated Section 1 Features |
| 12/11/2014 | 1.2 | Updated Table 9.2 AC Switching Characteristics |
| | | Updated Section 3.1 PCI Express Interface Signals (82 balls) |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 Port Specific Signals (6 balls) |
| | | Updated Section 5.1 Physical Layer Circuit |
| | | Updated Section 6.1 EEProm Interface |
| 08/20/2015 | 1.3 | Updated Section 6.3 I2C Slave Interface |
| | | Updated Section 7.2 Transparent Mode Configuration Registers |
| | | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | Updated Section 10.2 DC Specifications |
| | | Deleted Section 10.5 AC Switching Characteristics of Clock Buffer |
| 09/15/2015 | 1.4 | Updated Table 10-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| | | Updated Section 3 Pin Description |
| | | Updated Table 6-5 SMBUS Block Write Portion |
| 12/23/2015 | 1.5 | Updated Figurate 6-11/ 6-13 I ² C Read Command Packet |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.48 XPIP CSR0 Register |
| | 1 | Updated Section 7.2.59 XPIP CSR5 Register |





| Date | Revision Number | Description |
|------------|------------------------|--|
| | | Updated Section 7.2.60 TL_CSR Register |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.77 PCI Express Capabilities Register |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.84 Slot Capabilities Register |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.109 Port VC Capability Register 1 |
| | | Updated Table 10-1 Absolution Maximum Ratings |
| | | Updated Table 10-2 DC Electrical Characteristics |
| 02/25/2016 | 1.6 | Added Section 10 Power Sequence |
| | | Updated Section 1 Features |
| | | Updated Section 4-1 Pin F2 |
| | | Updated Section 6.1.4 Mapping EEPROM Contents To Configuration Registers |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.17 Memory Base Address Register – OFFSET 20h |
| 08/25/2016 | 1.7 | Updated Section 7.2.59 XPIP CSR5 – OFFSET 88h |
| 00/25/2010 | 1.7 | Updated Section 7.2.63 Operation Mode – OFFSET 98h |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.83 Link Status Register – OFFSET D0h |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.140 SMBUS Control Register – OFFSET 344h (Upstream Port Only) |
| | | Updated Table 11.3 Power Consumption |
| | | Updated Section 3.3 EEPROM And Smbus/I2C Signals (6 balls) |
| | | Updated Section 6.1.4 Mapping EEPROM Contents To Configuration Registers |
| | | Updated Section 7.2 Transparent Mode Configuration Registers |
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| 00/10/2017 | 2.2 | Updated Section 11.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| 09/19/2017 | 2-2 | Updated Table 11-2 DC Electrical Characteristics |
| | | Updated Table 11.3 Power Consumption |
| | | Added Section 11.5 Operating Ambient Temperature |
| | | Added Section 12 Thermal Data |
| | | Revision numbering system changed to whole number |
| | | Updated Section 5.7 Transaction Ordering |
| | | Updated Section 6 EEPROM Interface And System Management/I2C Bus |
| 01/19/2018 | 3 | Updated Section 7.2 Transparent Mode Configuration Registers |
| 01/1//2010 | 5 | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | Updated Section 14 Ordering Information |
| | | Added Figure 13-2 Part Marking |
| | | Updated Section 1 Feature |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 PORT SPECIFIC SIGNALS (6 balls) |
| 08/16/2019 | 4 | Updated Section 6 EEPROM Interface |
| 08/10/2019 | 4 | Updated Section 8 CLOCK SCHEME |
| | | Updated Section 11.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| | | Updated Figure 13-2 Part Marking |
| | | Updated Section 3.2 Port Specific Signals (6 balls) |
| | | Updated Section 5.1 Physical Layer Circuit |
| 04/09/2020 | 5 | Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | Updated Section 14 Ordering Information |
| | | Updated Figure 13-2 Part Marking |
| 12/15/2020 | 6 | For Datasheet Status Change |
| 12/13/2020 | 0 | Updated Section 2 General Description |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.57 OPERATION MODE – OFFSET 98h |
| 08/11/2022 | 7 | Updated Section 7.2.37 OPERATION MODE – OFFSET 980 Updated Section 8 Clock Scheme |
| | | • |
| | | Updated Section 7.2.54 TL_CSR – OFFSET 8Ch |





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A Product Line of Diodes Incorporated



1 FEATURES

- 12-lane PCI Express[®] Gen 2 Switch with 3 PCI Express ports
- Supports "Cut-through" (Default) as well as "Store and Forward" mode for packet switching
- Peer-to-peer switching between any two downstream ports
- 150 ns typical latency for packet routed through Switch without blocking
- Integrated reference clock for downstream ports
- Register configurable with optional EEPROM, SMBus or I2C
- Compliant with System Management (SM) Bus Revision 2.0
- Compliant with I2C-Bus Specification Revision 2.1
- Compliant with PCI Express Base Specification Revision 2.1
- Compliant with PCI Express CEM Specification Revision 2.0
- Compliant with *PCI-to-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification Revision 1.2*
- Compliant with Advanced Configuration Power Interface (ACPI) Specification
- Reliability, Availability and Serviceability
 - Supports Data Poisoning and End-to-End CRC
 - Advanced Error Reporting and Logging
- Advanced Power Saving
 - Empty downstream ports are set to idle state to minimize power consumption
- Link Power Management
 - Supports L0, L0s, L1, L2, L2/L3_{Ready} and L3 link power states
 - Active state power management for L0s and L1 states
- Device State Power Management
 - Supports D0, D3_{Hot} and D3_{Cold} device power states
- Supports Device Specific PME Turn-Off Message for each downstream port
- Port Arbitration: Round Robin (RR), Weighted RR and Time-based Weighted RR
- Extended Virtual Channel capability
 - Two Virtual Channels (VC) and Eight Traffic Class (TC) support
 - Disabled VCs' buffer is assigned to enabled VCs for resource sharing
 - Independent TC/VC mapping for each port
 - Provides VC arbitration selections: Strict Priority, Round Robin (RR) and Programmable Weighted RR
- Supports Isochronous Traffic
 - Isochronous traffic class mapped to VC1 only
 - Strict time based credit policing
- Supports up to 512-byte maximum payload size
- Programmable driver current and de-emphasis level at each individual port
- Support Address Translation (AT) and Access Control Service (ACS)
- Support OBFF and LTR
- Support Serial Hot Plug Controller
- Low Power Dissipation: 0.9 W typical in L0 normal mode (Including clock buffer Pd)
- Industrial Temperature Range -40° to 85°C
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/104/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative. https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/
- 196-pin LBGA 15mm x 15mm package

Notes:

See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

^{1.} No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

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2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Similar to the role of PCI/PCIX Bridge in PCI/PCIX bus architecture, the function of PCI Express (PCIE) Switch is to expand the connectivity to allow more end devices to be reached by host controllers in PCIE serial interconnect architecture. The 12-lane PCIe Switch is in 3-port type configuration. It provides users the flexibility to expand or fan-out the PCI Express lanes based on their application needs.

In the PCI Express Architecture, the PCIE Switch forwards posted and non-posted requests, and completion packets in either downstream or upstream direction concurrently as if a virtual PCI Bridge is in operation on each port. By visualizing the port as a virtual Bridge, the Switch can be logically viewed as two-level cascaded multiple virtual PCI-to-PCI Bridges, where one upstream-port Bridge sits on all downstream-port Bridges. Similar to a PCI Bridge during enumeration, each port is given a unique bus number, device number, and function number by the initiating software. The bus number, device number, and function number by the initiating software enumeration is finished, the packets are routed to the dedicated port based on the embedded address or destination ID. To ensure the packet integrity during forwarding, the Switch is not allowed to split the packets to multiple small packets or merge the received packets into a large transmit packet. Also, the IDs of the requesters and completers are kept unchanged along the path between ingress and egress port.

The Switch employs the architecture of Combined Input and Output Queue (CIOQ) in implementation. The main reason for choosing CIOQ is that the required memory bandwidth of input queue equals to the bandwidth of ingress port rather than increasing proportionally with port numbers as an output queue Switch does. The CIOQ at each ingress port contains separate dedicated queues to store packets. The packets are arbitrated to the egress port based on the PCIe transaction-ordering rule. For the packets without ordering information, they are permitted to pass over each other in case that the addressed egress port is available to accept them. As to the packets required to follow the ordering rule, the Head-Of-Line (HOL) issue becomes unavoidable for packets destined to different egress ports since the operation of producer-consumer model has to be retained; otherwise the system might occur hang-up problem. On the other hand, the Switch places replay buffer at each egress port to defer the packets before sending it out. This can assure the maximum throughput being achieved and therefore the Switch works efficiently. Another advantage of implementing CIOQ in PCIe Switch is that the credit announcement to the counterpart is simplified and streamlined because of the credit-based flow control protocol. The protocol requires that each ingress port maintains the credits independently without checking other ports' credit availability, which is otherwise required by pure output queue architecture.

The Switch supports two virtual channels (VC0, VC1) and eight traffic classes (TC0 ~ TC7) at each port. The ingress port independently assigns packets into the preferred virtual channel while the egress port outputs the packet based on the predefined port and VC arbitration algorithm. For instance, the isochronous packet is given a special traffic class number other than TC0 and mapped into VC1 accordingly. By employing the strict time based credit policy for port arbitration and assigning higher priority to VC1 than VC0, the Switch can therefore guarantee the time-sensitive packet is not blocked by regular traffic to assure the quality of service. In addition, some data-centric applications only carry TC0/VC0 traffic. As a result, there are no packets that would consume VC1 bandwidth. In order to improve the efficiency of buffer usage, the unused VC1 queues can be reassigned to VC0 and enable each of the ingress ports to handle more data traffic bursts. This virtual channel resource relocation feature enhances the performance of the PCIe Switch further.

The Switch provides the advanced feature of Access Control Service (ACS). This feature regulates which components are allowed to communicate with each other within the PCIe multiple-point fabric, and allows the system to have more control over packet routing in the Switch. As a result, peer-to-peer traffic can be facilitated more accurately and efficiently. When the system also implements Address Translation Service (ATS), the peer-to-peer requests with translated address can be routed directly by enabling the corresponding option in ACS to avoid possible performance bottleneck associated with re-direction, which introduces extra latency and may increase link and RC congestion.

The built-in Integrated Reference Clock Buffer of the PCI Express Switch supports seven reference clock outputs. The clock buffer is from a single 100MHz clock input, and distributes the clock source to seven outputs, which can be used by the PCI





Express Switch and downstream PCI Express end devices. The clock buffer feature can be enabled and disabled by strapping pin setting.

The DIODESTM PI7C9X2G312GP supports various types of power management ranged from device state, link state to platform-wise power saving mechanism. For device state, the D0, D1, D2, D3-hot, and D3-cold power states represent different amount of power dissipation in PI7C9X2G312GP. As to link state, each link of the PI7C9X2G312GP supports the PCI Express Link Power Management with L0, L0s, L1, L2/L3 ready and L2/L3 power states. The PI7C9X2G312GP is also designed to facilitate platform-wise power saving by enabling the capability of Latency Tolerance Reporting (LTR) and Optimized Buffer Flush/Fill (OBFF) mechanisms to synchronize both Root Complex and Device entering or leaving power down state almost in the same time window to make power saving much efficient.

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3 PIN DESCRIPTION

3.1 PCI EXPRESS INTERFACE SIGNALS (82 balls)

| NAME | PIN | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| REFCLKP[2:0] REFCLKN[2:0] | G2, B8, N7 G1, A8, P7 | Ι | Reference Clock Input Pairs: Connect to 100MHz differential clock when integrated reference clock buffer is disabled (CLKBUF_PD=1), or connect to one of the Integrated Reference Clock Output Pairs (REFCLKO_P and REFCLKO_N) of this Switch when integrated reference clock buffer is enabled (CLKBUF_PD=0). The input clock signals must be delivered to the clock buffer cell through an AC-coupled interface so that only the AC information of the clock is received, converted, and buffered. It is recommended that a 0.1 uF be used in the AC-coupling. | | |
| PERP[3:0] PERP[7:4] PERP[11:8] | P12, P10, P5, P3 A3, A5, A10, A12 M1, K1, E1, C1 | Ι | PCI Express Data Serial Input Pairs: Differential data receive signals in three ports. | | |
| PERN[3:0] PERN[7:4] PERN[11:8] | N12, N10, N5, N3 B3, B5, B10, B12 M2, K2, E2, C2 | Ι | Port 0 is PERP[3:0] and PERN[3:0] Port 1 is PERP[7:4] and PERN[7:4] Port 2 is PERP[11:8] and PERN[11:8] | | |
| PETP[3:0] PETP[7:4] PETP[11:8] | P11, P9, P6, P4 A4, A6, A9, A11 L1, J1, F1, D1 | 0 | PCI Express Data Serial Output Pairs: Differential data transmit signals in three ports. | | |
| PETN[3:0] PETN[7:4] PETN[11:8] | N11, N9, N6, N4 B4, B6, B9, B11 L2, J2, F2, D2 | 0 | Port 0 is PETP[3:0] and PETN[3:0] Port 1 is PETP[7:4] and PETN[7:4] Port 2 is PETP[11:8] and PETN[11:8] | | |
| PERST_L | M13 | Ι | System Reset (Active LOW): When PERST_L is asserted, the internal states of whole chip are initialized. | | |
| DWNRST_L[2:1] | P13, P14 | 0 | Please refer to Table 10-2 for PERST_L Spec. Downstream Device Reset (Active LOW): DWNRST_L provides a reset signal to the devices connected to the downstream ports of the switch. The signal is active when either PERST_L is asserted or controlled by high-level program when recovering from device specific L2/L3 state. DWNRST_L [x] corresponds to Portx, where x= 1,2 | | |
| REXT[2:0] | H1, A7, P8 | Ι | device specific L2/L3 state. DWNRST_L [x] corresponds to Portx, where $x=1,2$ External Reference Resistor: Connect an external resistor (1.43K Ohm +/- 1%) to REXT_GND to provide a reference to both the bias currents and impedance calibration circuitry. | | |
| REXTGND[2:0] | H2, B7, N8 | Ι | External Reference Resistor Ground: Connect to an external resistor to REXT. | | |
| REFCLKIP, REFCLKIN | G13, G14 | Ι | Integrated Reference Clock Input Pair: Connect to external 100MHz differential clock for the integrated reference clock buffer. | | |
| REFCLKOP[7:1] | L13, K13, J13, H13, F13, E13, D13 | 0 | Integrated Reference Clock Output Pairs: 100MHz external differential HCSL clock outputs for the integrated reference clock buffer. | | |
| REFCLKON[7:1] | L14, K14, J14, H14, F14, E14, D14 | 0 | By default, REFCLKOP/N[5:1] are turn on. REFCLKOP/N[7:6] need be turn on by EEPROM. | | |
| IREF | E12 | Ι | Differential Reference Clock Output Current Resistor: External resistor (475 Ohm +/- 1%) connection to set the differential reference clock output current | | |
| CLKBUF_PD | P2 | Ι | Reference Clock Output Pairs Power Down: When CLKBUF_PD is asserted high, the integrated reference clock buffer and Reference Clock Outputs are disabled. This pin has internal pull-down resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-down resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 330-ohm pull-down resistor be used. | | |
| SWG_LVL | J12 | I | Output Swing Level: It controls the HCSL output level. When asserted, the nominal swing level is 700mV. When deasserted, the nominal swing level is 400mV. This pin has internal pull-up resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K- ohm pull-up resistor be used. | | |





3.2 PORT SPECIFIC SIGNALS (6 balls)

| NAME | PIN | ТҮРЕ | DESCRIPTION |
|------------------|---------------|------|--|
| CLKREQ_L[3:1] | B14, C13, C14 | I | Clock Request (Active Low): If want to enable related reference clock outputs, pull down these pins. If want to disable reference clock outputs, it can be done by cfg offset 98h. |
| UPS_PORTSEL[1:0] | N2, M4 | Ι | Upstream Port Selection: These signals decide which port will be the upstream port. When UPS_PORTSEL = "00", port 0 is the upstream port. When UPS_PORTSEL = "01", port 1 is the upstream port. When UPS_PORTSEL = "11", port 2 is the upstream port. When UPS_PORTSEL = "10", reserved. These pins have internal pull-down resistors. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-down resistors of these pins are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 330-ohm pull-down resistors be used. |
| PL_512B | К3 | Ι | Max. Payload Size 512B: When PL_512B is asserted high, it indicates the max. payload size capability is 512B. Otherwise, it indicates the max. Payload size is 256B. This pin has internal pull-down resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-down resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 330-ohm pull-down resistor be used. |

3.3 EEPROM AND SMBUS/I2C SIGNALS (6 balls)

| NAME | PIN | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | |
|---------|------|------|--|--|--|
| EECK | L12 | I/O | EEPROM Clock: Clock signal to 4-wire EEPROM interface. | | |
| EEDI | M11 | 0 | EEPROM Data Input: Pericom 2G312GP outputs data to the Data Input pin of Serial EEPROM. | | |
| EEDO | K12 | Ι | EEPROM Data Output: Pericom 2G312GP inputs data from the Data Output pin of Serial EEPROM. | | |
| EECS_L | *M12 | I/O | EEPROM Chip Select (Active Low): Pericom 2G312GP asserts this signal to enable Serial EEPROM. EEPROM Bypass Mode (EEPROM_BYPASS_L): During system initialization, EECS_L acts as the EEPROM_BYPASS_L pin. When tied low, eeprom function is disabled. When tied high, eeprom function is enabled. The pin has internal pull-up resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor be used. | | |
| SCL_I2C | J11 | OD | SMBUS/I2C Serial Clock: System management or I2C Bus Clock. This pin requires an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor. SMBUS/I2C Serial Data: Bi-Directional System Management or I2C Bus Data. This pin requires an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor. | | |
| SDA_12C | K11 | OD | | | |

3.4 MISCELLANEOUS SIGNALS (24 balls)

| NAME | PIN | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|-----|------|--|
| SHCL_12C | A13 | OD | I2C Clock Signal of Serial Hot Plug Controller: It is connected to SCL pin of all I2C IO expanders. |
| SHDA_I2C | A14 | OD | I2C Data Signal of Serial Hot Plug Controller: It is connected to SDA pin of all I2C IO expanders. |





| NAME | PIN | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------|---|------|---|
| SHPCINT_L | B13 | Ι | Interrupt Input (Active Low) of Serial Hot Plug Controller: It is connected to INT# output pin of all I2C IO expanders. When asserted, it notifies Hot Plug Controller to access the port registers of all I/O expanders for touching changed status to de-assert INT#. |
| GPIO[7:0] | D3, C3, C4, C5, B1, B2, A1, A2 | I/O | General Purpose Input and Output: These eight general-purpose pins are programmed as either input-only or bi-directional pins by writing the GPIO output enable control register. When SMBus is implemented, GPIO [7:5] act as the SMBus address pins, which set Bit 2 to 0 of the SMBus address. Debug Mode Selection: In debug mode, GPIO[4:0] are used for Debug Mode Selection. |
| DBO[4:0] | N1, *M4, *M3, *L3, *K3 | 0 | Debugout Pins: These signals will output internal debug status. Please connect to test pin header for debug used. Operation Mode Selection (OPMode_Sel): During system initialization, DBO[2:0] acts as the OPMode_Sel[2:0] pins. When tied low, it is in the normal mode. These pins have internal pull-down resistors. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-down resistors of these pins are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 330-ohm pull-down resistors be used. DBO[0] shares with PL_512B pin. DBO[3] shares with UPS_PORTSEL[0] pin. |
| NC | C7, C11, C12, D12, H3, M8, M14, N13, N14, P1 | | Not Connected: These pins can be just left open. |

3.5 Power Pins (78 balls)

| NAME | PIN | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|------|---|
| VDDC | D5, D6, D9, D10, E4, E11, F4, F11, G11, H11, J4, K4, L5, L6, L9, L10 | Р | VDDC Supply (1.0V): Used as digital core power pins. |
| VDDR | D4, D11, L4, L11 | Р | VDDR Supply (3.3V): Used as digital I/O power pins. |
| CVDDR | F12, G12, H12 | Р | CVDDR Supply (3.3V): Used as reference clock power pin. |
| AVDD | D7, D8, G4, H4, L7, L8 | Р | AVDD Supply (1.0V): Used as pci express analog power pins. |
| AVDDH | C8, G3, M7 | Р | AVDDH Supply (3.3V): Used as pci express analog high voltage power pins. |
| AGND | C6, C9, C10, E3, F3, J3, M5, M6, M9, M10 | Р | Analog Ground: Used as analog ground pins. |
| DGND | E5, E6, E7, E8, E9, E10, F5, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, G5, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, H5, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, J5, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, K5, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10 | р | Digital Ground: Used as digital ground pins. |





4 PIN ASSIGNMENTS

4.1 PIN LIST of 196-PIN LBGA

| PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME | PIN | NAME |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|----------------|-----|-----------------------|
| A1 | GPIO[1] | D8 | AVDD | H1 | REXT[2] | L8 | AVDD |
| A2 | GPIO[0] | D9 | VDDC | H2 | REXT_GND[2] | L9 | VDDC |
| A3 | PERP[7] | D10 | VDDC | H3 | NC | L10 | VDDC |
| A4 | PETP[7] | D11 | VDDR | H4 | AVDD | L11 | VDDR |
| A5 | PERP[6] | D12 | NC | H5 | DGND | L12 | EECK |
| A6 | PETP[6] | D13 | REFCLKOP[1] | H6 | DGND | L13 | REFCLKOP[7] |
| A7 | REXT[1] | D14 | REFCLKON[1] | H7 | DGND | L14 | REFCLKON[7] |
| A8 | REFCLKN[1] | E1 | PERP[9] | H8 | DGND | M1 | PERP[11] |
| A9 | PETP[5] | E2 | PERN[9] | H9 | DGND | M2 | PERN[11] |
| A10 | PERP[5] | E3 | AGND | H10 | DGND | M3 | DBO[2] |
| A11 | PETP[4] | E4 | VDDC | H11 | VDDC | M4 | UPS_PORTSEL[0]/DBO[3] |
| A12 | PERP[4] | E5 | DGND | H12 | CVDDR | M5 | AGND |
| A13 | SHCL_I2C | E6 | DGND | H13 | REFCLKOP[4] | M6 | AGND |
| A14 | SHDA_I2C | E7 | DGND | H14 | REFCLKON[4] | M7 | AVDDH |
| B1 | GPIO[3] | E8 | DGND | J1 | PETP[10] | M8 | NC |
| B2 | GPIO[2] | E9 | DGND | J2 | PETN[10] | M9 | AGND |
| B3 | PERN[7] | E10 | DGND | J3 | AGND | M10 | AGND |
| B4 | PETN[7] | E11 | VDDC | J4 | VDDC | M11 | EEDI |
| B5 | PERN[6] | E12 | IREF | J5 | DGND | M12 | EECS_L |
| B6 | PETN[6] | E13 | REFCLKOP[2] | J6 | DGND | M13 | PERST_L |
| B7 | REXT_GND[1] | E14 | REFCLKON[2] | J7 | DGND | M14 | NC |
| B8 | REFCLKP[1] | F1 | PETP[9] | J8 | DGND | N1 | DBO[4] |
| B9 | PETN[5] | F2 | PETN[9] | J9 | DGND | N2 | UPS_PORTSEL[1] |
| B10 | PERN[5] | F3 | AGND | J10 | DGND | N3 | PERN[0] |
| B11 | PETN[4] | F4 | VDDC | J11 | SCL_I2C | N4 | PETN[0] |
| B12 | PERN[4] | F5 | DGND | J12 | SWG_LVL | N5 | PERN[1] |
| B13 | SHPCINT_L | F6 | DGND | J13 | REFCLKOP[5] | N6 | PETN[1] |
| B14 | CLKREQ_L[3] | F7 | DGND | J14 | REFCLKON[5] | N7 | REFCLKP[0] |
| C1 | PERP[8] | F8 | DGND | K1 | PERP[10] | N8 | REXT_GND[0] |
| C2 | PERN[8] | F9 | DGND | K2 | PERN[10] | N9 | PETN[2] |
| C3 | GPIO[6] | F10 | DGND | K3 | PL_512B/DBO[0] | N10 | PERN[2] |
| C4 | GPIO[5] | F11 | VDDC | K4 | VDDC | N11 | PETN[3] |
| C5 | GPIO[4] | F12 | CVDDR | K5 | DGND | N12 | PERN[3] |
| C6 | AGND | F13 | REFCLKOP[3] | K6 | DGND | N13 | NC |
| C7 | NC | F14 | REFCLKON[3] | K7 | DGND | N14 | NC |
| C8 | AVDDH | G1 | REFCLKN[2] | K8 | DGND | P1 | NC |
| С9 | AGND | G2 | REFCLKP[2] | K9 | DGND | P2 | CLKBUF_PD |
| C10 | AGND | G3 | AVDDH | K10 | DGND | P3 | PERP[0] |
| C11 | NC | G4 | AVDD | K11 | SDA_I2C | P4 | PETP[0] |
| C12 | NC | G5 | DGND | K12 | EEDO | P5 | PERP[1] |
| C13 | CLKREQ_L[2] | G6 | DGND | K13 | REFCLKOP[6] | P6 | PETP[1] |
| C14 | CLKREQ_L[1] | G7 | DGND | K14 | REFCLKON[6] | P7 | REFCLKN[0] |
| D1 | PETP[8] | G8 | DGND | L1 | PETP[11] | P8 | REXT[0] |
| D2 | PETN[8] | G9 | DGND | L2 | PETN[11] | P9 | PETP[2] |
| D3 | GPIO[7] | G10 | DGND | L3 | DBO[1] | P10 | PERP[2] |
| D4 | VDDR | G11 | VDDC | L4 | VDDR | P11 | PETP[3] |
| D5 | VDDC | G12 | CVDDR | L5 | VDDC | P12 | PERP[3] |
| D6 | VDDC | G13 | REFCLKIP | L6 | VDDC | P13 | DWNRST_L[2] |
| D7 | AVDD | G14 | REFCLKIN | L7 | AVDD | P14 | DWNRST_L[1] |





4.2 PIN MAP of 196-PIN LBGA

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | _ |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|
| А | GPIO [1] | GPIO [0] | PERP [7] | PETP [7] | PERP [6] | PETP [6] | REXT [1] | REFC LKN [1] | PETP [5] | PERP [5] | PETP [4] | PERP [4] | SHCL _I2C | SHDA _I2C | А |
| В | GPIO [3] | GPIO [2] | PERN [7] | PETN [7] | PERN [6] | PETN [6] | REXT GND [1] | REFC LKP [1] | PETN [5] | PERN [5] | PETN [4] | PERN [4] | SHPC INT_ L | CLKRE Q_L[3] | В |
| С | PERP [8] | PERN [8] | GPIO [6] | GPIO [5] | GPIO [4] | AGND | NC | AVDD H | AGND | AGND | NC | NC | CLKRE Q_L[2] | CLKRE Q_L[1] | с |
| D | PETP [8] | PETN [8] | GPIO [7] | VDDR | VDDC | VDDC | AVDD | AVDD | VDDC | VDDC | VDDR | NC | REFC LKOP [1] | REFC LKON [1] | D |
| Е | PERP [9] | PERN [9] | AGND | VDDC | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | VDDC | IREF | REFC LKOP [2] | REFC LKON [2] | Е |
| F | PETP [9] | PETN [9] | AGND | VDDC | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | VDDC | CVDD R | REFC LKOP [3] | REFC LKON [3] | F |
| G | REFC LKN [2] | REFC LKP [2] | AVDD H | AVDD | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | VDDC | CVDD R | REFC LKIP | REFC LKIN | G |
| Н | REXT [2] | REXT GND [2] | NC | AVDD | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | VDDC | CVDD R | REFC LKOP [4] | REFC LKON [4] | Н |
| J | PETP [10] | PETN [10] | AGND | VDDC | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | SCL_I2C | SWG_ LVL | REFC LKOP [5] | REFC LKON [5] | J |
| K | PERP [10] | PERN [10] | PL_512B /DBO[0] | VDDC | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | DGND | SDA_ I2C | EEDO | REFCLK OP[6] | REFCLK ON[6] | к |
| L | PETP [11] | PETN [11] | DBO[1] | VDDR | VDDC | VDDC | AVDD | AVDD | VDDC | VDDC | VDDR | EECK | REFCLK OP[7] | REFCLK ON[7] | L |
| М | PERP [11] | PERN [11] | DBO[2] | UPS_PO RTSEL[0]/DBO[3] | AGND | AGND | AVDD H | NC | AGND | AGND | EEDI | EECS_L | PERST_ L | NC | М |
| N | DBO[4] | UPS_PO RTSEL [1] | PERN [0] | PETN [0] | PERN [1] | PETN [1] | REFC LKP [0] | REXT GND [0] | PETN [2] | PERN [2] | PETN [3] | PERN [3] | NC | NC | N |
| Р | NC | CLK BUF _PD | PERP [0] | PETP [0] | PERP [1] | PETP [1] | REFC LKN [0] | REXT [0] | PETP [2] | PERP [2] | PETP [3] | PERP [3] | DWN RST_ L[2] | DWN RST_ L[1] | Р |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | |

Figure 4-1 PI7C9X2G312GP Ball Assignment (Transparent Top View)





5 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Multiple virtual PCI-to-PCI Bridges (VPPB), connected by a virtual PCI bus, reside in the Switch. Each VPPB contains the complete PCIe architecture layers that consist of the physical, data link, and transaction layer. The packets entering the Switch via one of VPPBs are first converted from serial bit-stream into parallel bus signals in physical layer, stripped off the link-related header by data link layer, and then relayed up to the transaction layer to extract out the transaction header. According to the address or ID embedded in the transaction header, the entire transaction packets are forwarded to the destination VPPB for formatting as a serial-type PCIe packet through the transmit circuits in the data link layer and physical layer. The following sections describe these function elements for processing PCIe packets within the Switch.

5.1 PHYSICAL LAYER CIRCUIT

The physical layer circuit design is based on the PHY Interface for PCI Express Architecture (PIPE). It contains Physical Media Attachment (PMA) and Physical Coding Sub-layer (PCS) blocks. PMA includes Serializer/ Deserializer (SERDES), PLL¹, Clock Recovery module, receiver detection circuits, beacon transmitter, electrical idle detector, and input/output buffers. PCS consists of framer, 8B/10B encoder/decoder, receiver elastic buffer, and PIPE PHY control/status circuitries. To provide the flexibility for port configuration, each lane has its own control and status signals for MAC to access individually. The main functions of physical layer circuits include the conversion between serial-link and parallel bus, provision of clock source for the Switch, resolving clock difference in receiver end, and detection of physical layer errors.

In order to meet the needs of different application, the drive amplitude, de-emphasis and equalization of each transmitting channels can be adjusted using EEPROM, SMBus or I2C individually. De-emphasis of -3.5 db is implemented by the transmitters when full swing signaling is used, while an offset can be individually applied to each channel.

5.1.1 RECEIVER DETECTION

The physical layer circuits implement receiver detection, which detects the presence of an attached 50 ohm to ground termination as per PCI Express Specification. The detect circuits determine if the voltage levels of the receiver have crossed the internal threshold after a configurable time determined by the Receiver Detection Threshold field in the Physical Parameter 2 Register (offset 7Ch, bit[6:4]) as listed in Table 5-1, which can be configured by EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

| Receiver Detection Threshold | Threshold | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 000 | 1.0 us | | | |
| 001 | 2.0 us | | | |
| 010 | 4.0 us (Recommended) | | | |
| 011 | 5.0 us | | | |
| 100 | 10 us | | | |
| 101 | 20 us | | | |
| 110 | 40 us | | | |
| 111 | 50 us | | | |

Table 5-1 Receiver Detection Threshold Settings

¹ Multiple lanes could share the PLL.





5.1.2 RECEIVER SIGNAL DETECTION

Receiver signal idling is detected with levels above a programmable threshold specified by Receiver Signal Detect field in the Physical Parameter 2 Register (Offset 7Ch, bit[21:20]) as listed in Table 5-2, which can be configured on a per-port basis via EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

Table 5-2 Receiver Signal Detect Threshold

| Receiver Signal Detect | Min (mV ppd) | Max (mV ppd) |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 00 | 50 | 80 |
| 01 (Recommended) | 65 | 175 |
| 10 | 75 | 200 |
| 11 | 120 | 240 |

5.1.3 RECEIVER EQUALIZATION

The receiver implements programmable equalizer via the Receiver Equalization field in the Physical Parameter 2 Register (Offset 7Ch, bit[25:22]) as listed in Table 5-3, which can be configured on a per-port basis via EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

Table 5-3 Receiver Equalization Settings

| Receiver Equalization | Equalization |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| 0000 | Off |
| 0010 | Low |
| 0110 (Recommended) | Medium |
| 1110 | High |

5.1.4 TRANSMITTER SWING

The PCI Express transmitters support implementations of both full voltage swing and half (low) voltage swing. In full swing signaling mode, the transmitters implement de-emphasis, while in half swing mode, the transmitters do not. The Transmitter Swing field in the Physical Parameter 2 Register (offset 7Ch, Bit[30]) is used for the selection of full swing signaling or half swing signaling, which can be configured on a per-port basis via EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

Table 5-4 Transmitter Swing Settings

| Transmitter Swing | Mode | De-emphasis | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 0 | Full Voltage Swing | Implemented | | |
| 1 | Half Voltage Swing | Not implemented | | |

5.1.5 DRIVE AMPLITUDE AND DE-EMPHASIS SETTINGS

Depending on the operation condition (voltage swing and de-emphasis condition), one of the Drive Amplitude Base Level fields in the Switch Operation Mode Register (offset 74h) and one of the Drive De-Emphasis Base Level fields in the Physical Parameter 1 Register (offset 78h) are active for configuration of the amplitude and de-emphasis.

The final drive amplitude and drive de-emphasis are the summation of the base level value and the offset value. The offset value for drive amplitude is 25 mV pd, and 6.25 mV pd for drive de-emphasis.





The driver output waveform is the synthesis of amplitude and de-emphasis as shown in Figure 5-1. The driver amplitude without de-emphasis is specified as a peak differential voltage level (mVpd), and the driver de-emphasis modifies the driver amplitude.

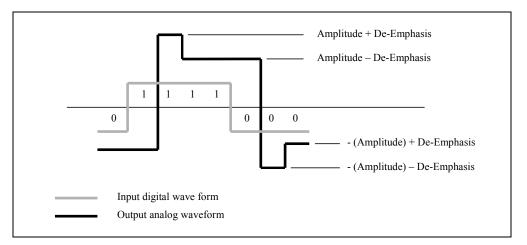


Figure 5-1 Driver Output Waveform

5.1.6 DRIVE AMPLITUDE

Only one of the Drive Amplitude Level field in the Switch Operation Mode Register (offset 74h, bit[20:16], bit[25:21] and bit[30:26]) listed in Table 5-5 is active depending on the de-emphasis and swing condition. The settings and the corresponding values of the amplitude level are listed in Table 5-6, which can be configured by EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

Table 5-5 Drive Amplitude Base Level Registers

| Active Register | De-Emphasis Condition | Swing Condition |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Drive Amplitude Level (3P5 Nom) | -3.5 db | Full |
| Drive Amplitude Level (6P0 Nom) | -6.0 db | Full |
| Drive Amplitude Level (Half) | N/A | Half |

Table 5-6 Drive Amplitude Base Level Settings

| Setting | Amplitude (mV pd) | Setting | Amplitude (mV pd) | Setting | Amplitude (mV pd) |
|---------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|
| 00000 | 0 | 00111 | 175 | 01110 | 350 |
| 00001 | 25 | 01000 | 200 | 01111 | 375 |
| 00010 | 50 | 01001 | 225 | 10000 | 400 |
| 00011 | 75 | 01010 | 250 | 10001 | 425 |
| 00100 | 100 | 01011 | 275 | 10010 | 450 |
| 00101 | 125 | 01100 | 300 | 10011 | 475 |
| 00110 | 150 | 01101 | 325 | Others | Reserved |

Note:

1. Nominal levels. Actual levels will vary with temperature, voltage and board effects.

2. The maximum nominal amplitude of the output driver is 475 mV pd. Combined values of driver amplitude and de-emphasis greater than 475 mV pd should be avoided.

3. At higher amplitudes, actual swings will be less than the theoretical value due to process variations and environment factors, such as voltage overhead compression, package losses, board losses, and other effects.





5.1.7 DRIVE DE-EMPHASIS

The Drive De-Emphasis Level field in the Physical Parameter 1 Register (Offset 78h, bit[20:16]) listed in Table 5-7 controls the de-emphasis base level. The settings and the corresponding values of the de-emphasis level are listed in Table 5-8, which can be configured by EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

Table 5-7 Drive De-Emphasis Base Level Register

| Register | De-Emphasis Condition |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| C_EMP_POST_GEN1_3P5_NOM | -3.5 db |
| C_EMP_POST_GEN2_3P5_NOM | -3.5 db |
| C_EMP_POST_GEN2_6P0_NOM | -6.0 db |

Table 5-8 Drive De-Emphasis Base Level Settings

| Setting | De-Emphasis (mV pd) | Setting | De-Emphasis (mV pd) | Setting | De-Emphasis (mV pd) |
|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| 00000 | 0.0 | 01011 | 69.0 | 10110 | 137.5 |
| 00001 | 6.0 | 01100 | 75.0 | 10111 | 144.0 |
| 00010 | 12.5 | 01101 | 81.0 | 11000 | 150.0 |
| 00011 | 19.0 | 01110 | 87.0 | 11001 | 156.0 |
| 00100 | 25.0 | 01111 | 94.0 | 11010 | 162.5 |
| 00101 | 31.0 | 10000 | 100.0 | 11011 | 169.0 |
| 00110 | 37.5 | 10001 | 106.0 | 11100 | 175.0 |
| 00111 | 44.0 | 10010 | 112.5 | 11101 | 181.0 |
| 01000 | 50.0 | 10011 | 119.0 | 11110 | 187.5 |
| 01001 | 56.0 | 10100 | 125.0 | 11111 | 194.0 |
| 01010 | 62.5 | 10101 | 131.0 | - | - |

Note:

1. Nominal levels. Actual levels will vary with temperature, voltage and board effects.

2. The maximum nominal amplitude of the output driver is 475 mV pd. Combined values of driver amplitude and de-emphasis greater than 475 mV pd should be avoided.

3. At higher amplitudes, actual swings will be less than the theoretical value due to process variations and environment factors, such as voltage overhead compression, package losses, board losses, and other effects.

5.1.8 TRANSMITTER ELECTRICAL IDLE LATENCY

After the last character of the PCI Express transmission, the output current is reduced, and a differential voltage of less than 20 mV with common mode of VTX-CM-DC is established within 20 UI. This delay time is programmable via Transmitter PHY Latency field in the Physical Parameter 2 Register (Offset 7Ch, bit[3:0]), which can be configured by EEPROM, SMBus or I2C settings.

5.2 DATA LINK LAYER (DLL)

The Data Link Layer (DLL) provides a reliable data transmission between two PCI Express points. An ACK/NACK protocol is employed to guarantee the integrity of the packets delivered. Each Transaction Layer Packet (TLP) is protected by a 32-bit LCRC for error detection. The DLL receiver performs LCRC calculation to determine if the incoming packet is corrupted in the serial link. If an LCRC error is found, the DLL transmitter would issue a NACK data link layer packet (DLLP) to the opposite end to request a re-transmission, otherwise an ACK DLLP would be sent out to acknowledge on reception of a good TLP.

In the transmitter, a retry buffer is implemented to store the transmitted TLPs whose corresponding ACK/NACK DLLP have not been received yet. When an ACK is received, the TLPs with sequence number equals to and smaller than that carried in the ACK would be flushed out from the buffer. If a NACK is received or no ACK/NACK is returned from the link partner





after the replay timer expires, then a replay mechanism built in DLL transmitter is triggered to re-transmit the corresponding packet that receives NACK or time-out and any other TLP transmitted after that packet.

Meanwhile, the DLL is also responsible for the initialization, updating, and monitoring of the flow-control credit. All of the flow control information is carried by DLLP to the other end of the link. Unlike TLP, DLLP is guarded by 16-bit CRC to detect if data corruption occurs.

In addition, the Media Access Control (MAC) block, which is consisted of LTSSM, multiple lanes de-skew, scrambler/descrambler, clock correction from inserting skip order-set, and PIPE-related control/status circuits, is implemented to interface physical layer with data link layer.

5.3 TRANSACTION LAYER RECEIVE BLOCK (TLP DECAPSULATION)

The receiving end of the transaction layer performs header information retrieval and TC/VC mapping (see section 5.5), and it validates the correctness of the transaction type and format. If the TLP is found to contain an illegal header or the indicated packet length mismatches with the actual packet length, then a Malformed TLP is reported as an error associated with the receiving port. To ensure end-to-end data integrity, a 32-bit ECRC is checked against the TLP at the receiver if the digest bit is set in header.

5.4 ROUTING

The transaction layer implements three types of routing protocols: ID-based, address-based, and implicit routing. For configuration reads, configuration writes, transaction completion, and user-defined messages, the packets are routed by their destination ID constituted of bus number, device number, and function number. Address routing is employed to forward I/O or memory transactions to the destination port, which is located within the address range indicated by the address field carried in the packet header. The packet header indicates the packet types including memory read, memory write, IO read, IO write, Message Signaling Interrupt (MSI) and user-defined message. Implicit routing is mainly used to forward system message transactions such as virtual interrupt line, power management, and so on. The message type embedded in the packet header determines the routing mechanism.

If the incoming packet cannot be forwarded to any other port due to a miss to hit the defined address range or targeted ID, this is considered as Unsupported Request (UR) packet, which is similar to a master abort event in PCI protocol.

5.5 TC/VC MAPPING

The 3-bit TC field defined in the header identifies the traffic class of the incoming packets. To enable the differential service, a TC/VC mapping table at destination port that is pre-programmed by system software or EEPROM pre-load is utilized to cast the TC labeled packets into the desired virtual channel. Note that TC0 traffic is mapped into VC0 channel by default. After the TC/VC mapping, the receive block dispatches the incoming request, completion, or data into the appropriate VC0 and VC1 queues.

5.6 QUEUE

In PCI Express, it defines six different packet types to represent request, completion, and data. They are respectively Posted Request Header (PH), Posted Request Data payload (PD), Non-Posted Request Header (NPH), Non-Posted Data Payload (NPD), Completion Header (CPLH) and Completion Data payload (CPLD). Each packet with different type would be put into a separate queue in order to facilitate the following ordering processor. Since NPD usually contains one DW, it can be merged with the corresponding NPH into a common queue named NPHD. Except NPHD, each virtual channel (VC0 or VC1)





has its own corresponding packet header and data queue. When only VC0 is needed in some applications, VC1 can be disabled and its resources assigned to VC0 by asserting VC1_EN (Virtual Channel 1 Enable) to low.

5.6.1 PH

PH queue provides TLP header spaces for posted memory writes and various message request headers. Each header space occupies sixteen bytes to accommodate 3 DW or 4 DW headers. There are two PH queues for VC0 and VC1 respectively.

5.6.2 PD

PD queue is used for storing posted request data. If the received TLP is of the posted request type and is determined to have payload coming with the header, the payload data would be put into PD queue. There are two PD queues for VC0 and VC1 respectively.

5.6.3 NPHD

NPHD queue provides TLP header spaces for non-posted request packets, which include memory read, IO read, IO write, configuration read, and configuration write. Each header space takes twenty bytes to accommodate a 3-DW header, s 4-DW header, s 3-WD header with 1-DW data, and a 4-DW header with 1-DW data. There is only one NPHD queue for VC0, since non-posted request cannot be mapped into VC1.

5.6.4 CPLH

CPLH queue provides TLP header space for completion packets. Each header space takes twelve bytes to accommodate a 3-DW header. Please note that there are no 4-DW completion headers. There are two CPLH queues for VC0 and VC1 respectively.

5.6.5 CPLD

CPLD queue is used for storing completion data. If the received TLP is of the completion type and is determined to have payload coming with the header, the payload data would be put into CPLD queue. There are two CPLD queues for VC0 and VC1 respectively.

5.7 TRANSACTION ORDERING

Within a VPPB, a set of ordering rules is defined to regulate the transactions on the PCI Express Switch including Memory, IO, Configuration and Messages, in order to avoid deadlocks and to support the Producer-Consumer model. The ordering rules defined in table 5-9 apply within a single Traffic Class (TC). There is no ordering requirement among transactions within different TC labels. Since the transactions with the same TC label are not allowed to map into different virtual channels, it implies no ordering relationship between the traffic in VC0 and VC1.

| Row Pass Column | Posted Request | Read Request | Non-posted Write Request | Read Completion | Non-posted Write Completion |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Posted Request | Yes/No ¹ | Yes ⁵ | Yes ⁵ | Yes ⁵ | Yes ⁵ |
| Read Request | No ² | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |





| Row Pass Column | Posted Request | Read Request | Non-posted Write Request | Read Completion | Non-posted Write Completion |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Non-posted Write Request | No ² | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Read Completion | Yes/No ³ | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Non-Posted Write Completion | Yes ⁴ | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

1. When the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is cleared, the Posted Request transactions including memory write and message request must complete on the egress bus of VPPB in the order in which they are received on the ingress bus of VPPB. If the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is set, the Posted Request is permitted to pass over other Posted Requests occurring before it.

2. A Read Request transmitting in the same direction as a previously queued Posted Request transaction must push the posted write data ahead of it. The Posted Request transaction must complete on the egress bus before the Read Request can be attempted on the egress bus. The Read transaction can go to the same location as the Posted data. Therefore, if the Read transaction were to pass the Posted transaction, it would return stale data.

3. When the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is cleared, a Read completion must "pull" ahead of previously queued posted data transmitting in the same direction. In this case, the read data transmits in the same direction as the posted data, and the requestor of the read transaction is on the same side of the VPPB as the completer of the posted transaction. The posted transaction must deliver to the completer before the read data is returned to the requestor. If the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is set, then a read completion is permitted to pass a previously queued Memory Write or Message Request.

4. Non-Posted Write Completions are permitted to pass a previous Memory Write or Message Request transaction. Such transactions are actually transmitting in the opposite directions and hence have no ordering relationship.

5. Posted Request transactions must be given opportunities to pass Non-posted Read and Write Requests as well as Completions. Otherwise, deadlocks may occur when some older bridges, which do not support delayed transactions are mixed with PCIe Switch in the same system. A fairness algorithm is used to arbitrate between the Posted Write queue and the Non-posted transaction queue

5.8 PORT ARBITRATION

Among multiple ingress ports, the port arbitration built in the egress port determines which incoming packets to be forwarded to the output port. The arbitration algorithm contains hardware fixed Round Robin, 128-phase Weighted Round-Robin and programmable 128-phase time-based WRR. The port arbitration is held within the same VC channel. It means that each port has two port arbitration circuitries for VC0 and VC1 respectively. At the upstream ports, in addition to the inter-port packets, the intra-port packet such as configurations completion would also join the arbitration loop to get the service from Virtual Channel 0.

5.9 VC ARBITRATION

After port arbitration, VC arbitration is executed among different VC channels within the same source. Three arbitration algorithms are provided to choose the appropriate VC: Strict Priority, Round Robin or Weighted Round Robin.

5.10 FLOW CONTROL

PCI Express employs Credit-Based Flow Control mechanism to make buffer utilization more efficient. The transaction layer transmitter ensures that it does not transmit a TLP to an opposite receiver unless the receiver has enough buffer space to accept the TLP. The transaction layer receiver has the responsibility to advertise the free buffer space to an opposite transmitter to avoid packet stale. In this Switch, each port has its own separate queues for different traffic types and the credits are sent to data link layer on the fly. The data link layer compares the current available credits with the monitored





ones and reports the updated credit to the counterpart. If no new credit is acquired, the credit reported is scheduled for every 30 us to prevent the link from entering retrain. On the other hand, the receiver at each egress port gets the usable credits from the opposite end in a link. The output port broadcasts them to all the other ingress ports to get packet transmission.

5.11 TRANSATION LAYER TRANSMIT BLOCK (TLP ENCAPSULATION)

The transmit portion of transaction layer performs the following functions. They construct the all types of forwarded TLP generated from VC arbiter, respond with the completion packets when the local resource (i.e. configuration register) is accessed, and regenerate the message that terminates at receiver to RC if acting as an upstream port.





6 EEPROM INTERFACE AND SYSTEM MANAGEMENT/I2C BUS

The EEPROM interface consists of four pins: EECK (EEPROM clock), EEDI (EEPROM serial data input), EEDO (EEPROM serial data output) and EECS (EEPROM chip select). The Switch may control a Microchip 25LC128 or compatible SPI EEPROM parts. The EEPROM is used to initialize a number of registers before enumeration. This is accomplished after PERST_L is de-asserted, at which time the data from the EEPROM is loaded. The EEPROM interface is organized into a 16-bit base, and the Switch supplies an 8-bit EEPROM word address.

6.1 EEPROM INTERFACE

6.1.1 AUTO MODE EEPROM ACCESS

The Switch may access the EEPROM in a WORD format by utilizing the auto mode through a hardware sequencer. The EEPROM start-control, address, and read/write commands can be accessed through the configuration register. Before each access, the software should check the Autoload Status bit before issuing the next start.

6.1.2 EEPROM MODE AT RESET

During a reset, the Switch will automatically load the information/data from the EEPROM if the automatic load condition is met. The first offset in the EEPROM contains a signature. If the signature is recognized, the autoload initiates right after the reset.

During the autoload, the Bridge will read sequential words from the EEPROM and write to the appropriate registers. Before the Bridge registers can be accessed through the host, the autoload condition should be verified by reading bit [4] offset A0h (EEPROM Autoload Status). The host access is allowed only after the status of this bit is set to '1' which indicates that the autoload initialization sequence is complete.

| 15 - 8 | 7 – 0 | BYTE OFFSET | |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| EEPROM Sig | nature (1516h) | 00h | |
| Vend | or ID | 02h | |
| Devie | ce ID | 04h | |
| Miscellaneous Para | meter 0 for Port 0~2 | 06h | |
| Subsystem | Vender ID | 08h | |
| Subsys | tem ID | 0Ah | |
| Miscellaneous Para | meter 1 for Port 0~2 | 0Ch | |
| PHY TX Margin Pa | rameter for Port 0~2 | 0Eh | |
| PHY Parameter | r 0 for Port 0~2 | 10h | |
| PHY Parameter | r 1 for Port $0 \sim 2$ | 12h | |
| PHY parameter | PHY parameter 2/3 for Port 0~2 | | |
| XPIP_CSR4[15 | 16h | | |
| XPIP_CSR4[31 | 18h | | |
| XPIP_CSR5[15 | 1Ah | | |
| BUFFER_CTRL[7:0] for Port 0~2 | XPIP_CSR5[23:16] for Port 0~2 | 1Ch | |
| MAC_CTR/PHY Par | ameter 3 for Port 0~2 | 1Eh | |
| XPIP_CSR2[14:12][10:0]/D | XPIP CSR2[14:12][10:0]/Deskew mode select for Port 0 | | |
| XPIP_CSR2[14:12][10:0]/D | 22h | | |
| XPIP_CSR2[14:12][10:0]/D | 24h | | |
| Rese | 26h~2Eh | | |
| PHY Parameter2 | PHY Parameter2[30:16] for Port 0 | | |
| PHY Parameter2 | [30:16] for Port 1 | 32h | |

6.1.3 EEPROM SPACE ADDRESS MAP





| 15-8 | 7-0 | BYTE OFFSET | |
|--|--|----------------|--|
| PHY Parame | 34h 36h~3Eh | | |
| | Reserved | | |
| PHY Parameter 2[12:8]/PHY Parameter 3[6:0]/Se | 40h | | |
| T PHY Parameter 2[12:8]/PHY Parameter 3[6:0]/S | Port 0 Selectable De-emphasis/XPIP_CSR2[11]/TL_CSR[9:8] for Port 1 | 42h | |
| PHY Parameter 2[12:8]/PHY Parameter 3[6:0]/Se | electable De-emphasis/XPIP_CSR2[11]/TL_CSR[9:8] for Port 2 | 44h | |
| F | Reserved | 46h~4Eh | |
| PM Data for Port 0 | PM Capability for Port 0 | 50h | |
| PM Data for Port 1 | PM Capability for Port 1 | 52h | |
| PM Data for Port 2 | PM Capability for Port 2 | 54h 56h~5Eh | |
| TC/VC Map for Port 0 (VC0) | Slot Clock/LPVC Count/Port Num for Port 0 | 60h | |
| TC/VC Map for Port 1 (VC0) | Slot Implemented/Slot Clock/LPVC Count/ Port Num for Port 1 | 62h | |
| TC/VC Map for Port 2 (VC0) | Slot Implemented/Slot Clock/LPVC Count/ Port Num for Port 2 | 64h | |
| F | Reserved | 66h~6Eh | |
| Power Budgeting Ca | apability Register for Port 0 | 70h | |
| | apability Register for Port 1 | 72h | |
| | apability Register for Port 2 | 74h | |
| | Reserved | 76h~7Eh | |
| XPIP_CSR5[31:24] for Port 0 XPIP_CSR5[31:24] for Port 1 | PM Control Para/Rx Polarity/VGA Decode for Port 0 PM Control Para/Rx Polarity/VGA Decode for Port 1 | 80h 82h | |
| XPIP_CSR5[31:24] for Port 2 | PM Control Para/Rx Polarity/VGA Decode for Port 1 PM Control Para/Rx Polarity/VGA Decode for Port 2 | 82h | |
| | Reserved | 86h~90h | |
| Slot Capa | bility 0 for Port 1 | 92h | |
| | bility 0 for Port 2 | 94h | |
| | Reserved | 96h~A0h | |
| | bility 1 for Port 1 | A2h | |
| Slot Capa | A4h | | |
| | A6h~AEh B0h | | |
| | R3[15:0] for Port 0 R3[15:0] for Port 1 | B0h B2h | |
| | 3[15:0] for Port 2 | B2h B4h | |
| | Reserved | B6h~BEh | |
| XPIP_CSR | 3[31:16] for Port 0 | C0h | |
| | 3[31:16] for Port 1 | C2h | |
| | 3[31:16] for Port 2 | C4h | |
| | Reserved | C6h~CEh | |
| REV_TS_CTR/Repla REV_TS_CTR /Repla | D0h D2h | | |
| REV_IS_CTR/Repla | D2h D4h | | |
| | Reserved | D6h~DEh | |
| | atency Timer for Port 0 | E0h | |
| | atency Timer for Port 1 | E2h | |
| 0 | atency Timer for Port 2 | E4h | |
| | Reserved | E6h~EEh | |
| | /Device Specific PM Cap for Port 0 /Device Specific PM Cap for Port 1 | F0h F2h | |
| | Device Specific PM Cap for Port 2 | F2h | |
| | F6h~FEh | | |
| Reserved TC/VC Map for Port 0 (VC1) VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 0 | | 100h | |
| TC/VC Map for Port 1 (VC1) | VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 1 | 102h | |
| TC/VC Map for Port 2 (VC1) VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 2 Reserved | | 104h | |
| | 106h~10Eh 110h | | |
| LISSM_CSR for Port 0 LTSSM_CSR for Port 1 | LTSSM_CSR for Port 0 Reserved LTSSM_CSR for Port 1 L1PM for Port 1 | | |
| LTSSM_CSR for Port 2 | LIPM for Port 1 LIPM for Port 2 | 112h 114h | |
| | Reserved | 116h~11Eh | |
| | _CSR for Port 0 | 120h | |
| Hotplug | Hotplug_CSR for Port 1 | | |
| | CSR for Port 2 | 124h | |
| F | 126h~12Eh | | |





| 15 - 8 | 7 – 0 | BYTE OFFSET | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| MAC_CSR | 1 for Port 0 | 130h | |
| MAC_CSR | 1 for Port 1 | 132h | |
| MAC_CSR | 1 for Port 2 | 134h | |
| Reser | rved | 136h~13Eh | |
| CPLD Flow C | ontrol Enable | 140h | |
| X1 CPLD Flow C | ontrol Threshold | 142h | |
| X2 CPLD Flow C | ontrol Threshold | 144h | |
| X4 CPLD Flow C | 146h | | |
| Reser | rved | 148h~14Eh | |
| Power Saving D | isable for Port 0 | 150h | |
| Power Saving D | Power Saving Disable for Port 1 | | |
| Power Saving D | isable for Port 2 | 154h | |
| Rese | rved | 156h~15Eh | |

6.1.4 MAPPING EEPROM CONTENTS TO CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

| Oth Construction EEPROM signature - 1516h Oth Oth - Oth Vendor ID Oth Oth - Oth Device ID Oth 14th (Port 0-2) Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 CCh: Bit [14-12] Extended VC Count of represents the supported VC count other than the default VC CCh: Bit [14-12] Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 CCh: Bit [14-12] Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 CCh: Bit [15] Bit [0]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [15] Bit [6]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Switch Mode Operation for Port 0 Bit [0]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Tab. Bit [2]: clock pm capability for all ports Bit [0]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Switch Mode Operation for Port 0 Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Tab. Bit [2]: line and forward Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Tab. Bit [10] Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Tab. Bit [10] Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Tab. Bit [10] Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports Swite Vender UD Bit [10]: trepresents L Extil Latency for all ports | ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION | |
|--|---------|----------------------------|---|--|
| 02h 00h 02h 03h 04h 02h - 03h Device ID 06h 144h (Port 0-2) Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 06h 144h, Bit [0] Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 07h 06h 144h, Bit [0] 08h 144h, Bit [0] Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 07h Bit [17:15] Bit [31:1] trepresents L0 Exit Latency for all ports 07h Bit [17:15] Bit [4]; clock pn capability for all ports 07h Bit [17] Bit [31:1] trepresents L0 Exit Latency for all ports 07h Bit [17] Bit [17:1] clock pn capability for all ports 07h Bit [17] Bit [17:1] clock pn capability for all ports 07h Bit [17] Bit [17:1] clock pn capability for all ports 07h Bit [17] Bit [10] 17h: Bit [17] Bit [10] Bit [10] 17h: Bit [10] Bit [11] Bit [11] 17h: Bit [17] Bit [11] Bit [11] 18h Bit [14] Bit [14] Bit [14] 17h: Bit [17] Bit [14] Bit [12] 18h Bit [12] Bit [12] Bit [12] 19h Bit [12] Bit [12] Bit [12] 19h Bit [12] Bit [12] Bit [12] | | | | |
| 04h 02h - 03h Device ID 06h 14h (Port 0-2) 14h: Bit [0]: Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 14h: Bit [0]: Hah: Bit [0]: it represents the supported VC count other than the default VC CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [14:12] Entended VC Count for Port 0-2 CCh: Bit [14:12] Bit [3:1]: it represents L0 Six Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [14:12] Bit [3:1]: it represents L0 Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [15] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports CCh: Bit [16] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports CCh: Bit [16] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports CCh: Bit [16] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports CCh: Bit [16] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports The Bit [16] Bit [7]: clock pm capability for all ports The Bit [16] Bit [10] The Bit [10] Bit [10] The Bit [10] Bit [11]: cut-through threshold The Bit [14] Bit [12]: pout arbitrator mode The Bit [13] Bit [14]: cut-through threshold The Bit [13] Bit [14]: cut-through threshold The Bit [14] Bit [14]: cut-through threshold | 02h | 00h ~ 01h | | |
| 06h 144h (Port 0-2) 144h: Bit [0] Extended VC Count for Port 0-2 • Bit [0]: it represents the supported VC count other than the default VC 06h 144h: Bit [0] Bit [0]: it represents the supported VC count other than the default VC 06h CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [17:15] CCh: Bit [17:15] Bit [6:4]: it represents L0 Exit Latency for all ports 06h 74h: Bit [7] Bit [6:4]: it represents L0 Exit Latency for all ports 74h: Bit [5] Bit [8]: no ordering on packets for different egress port mode 74h: Bit [6] Bit [19]: no ordering on addifferent egress port mode 74h: Bit [7] Bit [11]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [7] Bit [12]: nut-through threshold 74h: Bit [10] Bits Subsystem ID 0Ah Bdh ~ B5h Subsystem ID Subsystem ID 0Ah Bdt ~ B5h Subsystem ID Subsystem ID 0Ah Bdt ~ B5h Subsystem ID Subsystem ID 0Ah Bdt ~ B5h | 04h | | | |
| 144h: Bit [0] • Bit [0]: it represents the supported VC count other than the default VC CCh (Port 0-2) CCh (Bort 1-2) CCh: Bit [14:12] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [3:1]: it represents L0s Exit Latency for all ports CCh: Bit [17:15] - Bit [19:1]: ordering on packets for different tage of completion mode 74h: Bit [5] - Bit [19:1]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [7] - Bit [11:1]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [3] - Bit [13: port arbitrator mode 74h: Bit [4] - Bit [15:1]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [4] - Bit [10: indicate the mode 74h: Bit [4] - Bit [10: indicate the mode 74h: Bit [10] - Subsystem ID 0Ah Boh ~ B7h Subsystem ID 0Ah Boh (-B7h Subsystem | 06h | 144h (Port 0~2) | Extended VC Count for Port 0~2 | |
| CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [17:15] CCh: Bit [18]• Bit [5:1]: it represents L0 Exit Latency for all ports Bit [6:4]: it represents L1 Exit Latency for all ports Bit [7:1]: clock pm capability for all ports Bit [7:1]: clock pm capability for all ports Switch Mode Operation for Port 074h: Bit [5] 74h: Bit [6] 74h: Bit [0] 74h: Bit [0] 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [11] 74h: Bit [13] 74h: Bit [13] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [14] | | 144h: Bit [0] | Bit [0]: it represents the supported VC count other than the default VC | |
| CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [14:12] CCh: Bit [17:15] CCh: Bit [18]• Bit [5:1]: it represents L0 Exit Latency for all ports Bit [6:4]: it represents L1 Exit Latency for all ports Bit [7:1]: clock pm capability for all ports Bit [7:1]: clock pm capability for all ports Switch Mode Operation for Port 074h: Bit [5] 74h: Bit [6] 74h: Bit [0] 74h: Bit [0] 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [10]: store and forward 74h: Bit [11] 74h: Bit [13] 74h: Bit [13] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [10]• Bit [12:11]: cut-through threshold 15] port arbitrator mode 174h: Bit [13] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [14] 74h: Bit [15]08h 0Ah 0Ah 0Ah 0Ah CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [11:10]Subsystem Uender ID Nax Payload_Size Support for Port 0-2 • Bit [12]: indicate the maximum payload size that the device can support for the TLP0Ch 0ChC4h (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [11:10]ASPM Support for Port 0-2 • Bit [3:2]: indicate the level of ASPM supported on the PCle linkC4h (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [15]Role_Base Error Reporting for Port 0-2 • Bit [3:2]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting70h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [14]MSI Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [5]: disable MSI capability74h: Bit [15]Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [5]: disable Control -2 • Bit [6]: disable compliance pattern parity70h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [6]: disable complian | | | | |
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| 74h (Port 0) 74h: Bit [5] 74h: Bit [5] 74h: Bit [5] 74h: Bit [6] 74h: Bit [6] 74h: Bit [7]• Bit [9]: no ordering on packets for different tegress port mode • Bit [9]: no ordering on packets for different tegress port mode • Bit [10]: store and forward • Bit [10]: store and forward • Bit [11]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [21] • Bit [12]: port arbitrator mode • Bit [13]: port arbitrator mode • Bit [14]: credit Update mode 74h: Bit [7]08hB4h ~ B5h 84h ~ B5hSubsystem ID Subsystem ID0ChC4h (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [10]Max Payload Size Support for Port 0-2 • Bit [10]: indicate the maximum payload size that the device can support for the TLP0ChCCh (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [15]AsPM Support for Port 0-2 • Bit [3:2]: indicate the level of ASPM supported on the PCIe linkCh (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [15]Ch (Port 0-2) • Bit [4]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting70h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [14]Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [5]: disable MSI capability74h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [6]: disable compliance pattern parity70h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [7]: disable power management capability80h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [7]: disable power management capability80h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [7]: disable power management capability80h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [7]: capability for post pac | | CCn: Bit[18] | Switch Made Oneration for Part 0 | |
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| 74b: Bit [6] 74b: Bit [0]• Bit [10]: store and froward • Bit [12:11]: cut-through threshold • Bit [12:11]: cut-through threshold • Bit [13]: rot arbitrator mode • Bit [13]: non-post store and forward only mode • 74b: Bit [7]08hB4h ~ B5hSubsystem Vender ID0AhB6h ~ B7hSubsystem ID0ChC4h (Port 0~2) C4h: Bit [10]• Bit [10]: indicate the maximum payload size that the device can support for the TLP0ChC4h (Port 0~2) C4h: Bit [10]ASPM Support for Port 0~2 • Bit [13:2]: indicate the level of ASPM supported on the PCIe linkC4h (Port 0~2) C4h: Bit [15]Role_Base Error Reporting for Port 0~2 • Bit [3:2]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting70h (Port 0~2) C4h: Bit [15]MSI Capability Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [5]: disable MSI capability70h (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [14]Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [5]: disable power management capability70h (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [6]: disable power management capability70h (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [13]ORDER RULES Enable for port 0~2 • Bit [7]: disable power management capability8Ch (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [13]ORDER RULES Enable for port 0~2 • Bit [8]: capability Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packet | | 74h (Forto) 74h Bit [5] | | |
| 74h: Bit [0] • Bit [12:11]: cut-through threshold 74h: Bit [2:1] • Bit [13]: port arbitrator mode 74h: Bit [3] • Bit [14]: redit Update mode 74h: Bit [4] • Bit [15]: non-post store and forward only mode 74h: Bit [7] • Bit [15]: non-post store and forward only mode 74h: Bit [7] • Bit [15]: non-post store and forward only mode 74h: Bit [7] • Bit [10] 08h B4h ~ B5h Subsystem Vender ID • Bit [1-0] 0Ah B6h ~ B7h 0Ch C4h (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [1:0] • Bit [1-0]: indicate the maximum payload size that the device can support for the TLP CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [1:1:10] • Bit [13:2:1:1: indicate the level of ASPM supported on the PCIe link C4h (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [15:1:10] • Bit [3:2:1: indicate implement the role-base error reporting 70h (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [15:1:11:10] • Bit [4]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting 70h (Port 0-2) C4h (Port 0-2) • Bit [5:1: disable for Port 0-2 70h: Bit [14] • Bit [5:1: disable for Port 0-2 • Bit [6]: disable for Port 0-2 70h: Bit [15] • Bit [6]: disable compliance pattern parity 70h: Bit [13] <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | |
| 74h: Bit [2:1] • Bit [13]: port arbitrator mode 74h: Bit [3] • Bit [14]: credit Update mode 74h: Bit [4] • Bit [15]: non-post store and forward only mode 08h B4h = B5h Subsystem Vender ID 0Ah B6h = B7h Subsystem ID 0Ch C4h (Port 0-2) Max Payload Size Support for Port 0-2 C4h: Bit [1:0] * Bit [1:0]: indicate the maximum payload size that the device can support for the TLP CCh (Port 0-2) CCh: Bit [1:10] * Bit [3:2]: indicate the level of ASPM supported on the PCIe link C4h (Port 0-2) C4h: Bit [15] * Bit [4]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting 70h: Bit [14] * Bit [5]: clisable for Port 0-2 * Bit [4]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting 70h (Port 0-2) C4h (Port 0-2) * Bit [4]: indicate implement the role-base error reporting 70h (Port 0-2) Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable for Port 0-2 * Bit [5]: clisable MSI capability 74h (Port 0-2) Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable for Port 0-2 * Bit [6]: disable compliance pattern parity 70h (Port 0-2) 70h: Bit [13] Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0-2 Bit [7]: disable power management capability 70h: Bit [13] 8Ch (Port 0-2) Bit | | | | |
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| 74h: Bit [15]• Bit [6]: disable compliance pattern parity70h (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [7]: disable power management capability8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[5]ORDER RULE5 Enable for port 0~2 Bit[8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packetCCh (Port 1~2)Link Bandwidth Notification Capability for port 1~2 | | 70h: Bit [14] | Bit [5] : disable MSI capability | |
| 70h (Port 0~2) 70h: Bit [13]Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0~2 • Bit [7] : disable power management capability8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[5]ORDER RULE5 Enable for port 0~2 Bit[8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packetCCh (Port 1~2)Link Bandwidth Notification Capability for port 1~2 | | | | |
| 70h: Bit [13]Bit [7]: disable power management capability8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[5]ORDER RULE5 Enable for port 0~2 Bit[8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packetCCh (Port 1~2)Link Bandwidth Notification Capability for port 1~2 | | , m. Bit [13] | Ext[v] . asuble compliance patient party | |
| 70h: Bit [13]Bit [7]: disable power management capability8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[5]ORDER RULE5 Enable for port 0~2 Bit[8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packetCCh (Port 1~2)Link Bandwidth Notification Capability for port 1~2 | | | Power Management Capability Disable for Port 0~2 | |
| 8Ch: Bit[5] Bit[8]: capability for post packet pass non-post packet CCh (Port 1~2) Link Bandwidth Notification Capability for port 1~2 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



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| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---|---|
| | 8Ch(Port 0~2) | Ordering Frozen for Port 0~2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit [6] | • Bit [10]: freeze the ordering feature |
| | 8Ch (Port 0~2) | TX SOF Latency Mode for Port 0~2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[0] | • Bit [11]: set to zero to shorten latency |
| | CCh (Port 0~2) | Surprise Down Capability Enable for Port 0~2 |
| | CCh: Bit [19] | Bit [12]: enable surprise down capability |
| | 8Ch (Port 0~2) | Power Management's Data Select Register R/W Capability for Port 0~2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[1] | • Bit [13]: enable Data Select Register R/W |
| | E4h (Port 0~2) | Flow Control Update Type LTR Capability Enable for Port 0~2 |
| | E4h: Bit[12] | • Bit [14]: LTR capability enable |
| | 8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[3] | 4KB Boundary Check Enable for Port 0~2 Bit [15]: enable 4KB boundary check |
| 0Eh | 94h (Port 0~2) | PHY TX Margin Parameter for Port 0~2 |
| | 94h: Bit[4:0] | Bit[4:0]: C_DRV_LVL_3P5_MGN2 Bit[4:0]: C_DRV_LVL_GP5_MGN2 |
| | 94h: Bit[9:5] | Bit[9:5]: C_DRV_LVL_6P0_MGN2 Bit[14:10] G_DDV_LVL_6P0_MGN2 |
| | 94h: Bit[14:10] | Bit[14:10]: C_DRV_LVL_HALF_MGN2 |
| | E4h (Port 0~2) E4h: Bit [18] | OBFF Capability Enable for Port 0~2 Bit [15]: enable OBFF capability |
| 10h | 74h (Port 0~2) | PHY Parameter 0 for Port 0~2 |
| 1011 | 74h (Port 0~2) 74h: Bit[20:16] | Bit [4:0]: C DRV LVL 3P5 NOM |
| | 74h: Bit[25:21] | • Bit $[9:5]$: C DRV LVL 6P0 NOM |
| | 74h: Bit[30:26] | Bit [14:10]: C_DRV_LVL_HALF_NOM |
| | 8Ch (Port0~2) | TL_CSR[31] for Port 0~2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[31] | • Bit [15]: P35_GEN2_MODE |
| 12h | 78h (Port 0~2) | PHY Parameter 1 for Port 0~2 |
| | 78h: Bit[20:16] | Bit [4:0]: C_EMP_POST_GEN1_3P5_NOM |
| | 78h: Bit[25:21] | Bit [9:5]: C_EMP_POST_GEN2_3P5_NOM |
| | 78h: Bit[30:26] | Bit [14:10]: C_EMP_POST_GEN2_6P0_NOM |
| | 3Ch (Port 1~2) 3Ch: Bit [8] | Interrupt pin for Port 1~2 Bit [15]: set when INTA is requested for interrupt resource |
| 14h | 7Ch (Port 0~2) | PHY Parameter 2 for Port 0~2 |
| 1411 | 7Ch: Bit[3:0] | Bit [3:0]: C TX PHY LATENCY |
| | 7Ch: Bit[6:4] | Bit [6:4]: C_REC_DETECT_USEC |
| | 90h (Port 0~2) | PHY Parameter 3 for Port 0~2 |
| | 90h: Bit[19:15] | Bit [11:7]: C_EMP_POST_HALF_DELTA |
| | 8Ch (Port 0~2) | TL_CSR[2][7] for Port 0~2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[2] | Bit [12]: request abort select |
| | 8Ch: Bit[7] | Bit [13]: grant fail to idle in port arbiter |
| | 8Ch: Bit[12] | Bit [14]: ARB_VCFLG_SEL |
| 16h | 84h (Port 0~2) | XPIP_CSR4[15:0] for Port 0~2 |
| 18h | 84h: Bit[15:0] 84h (Port 0~2) | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR4[15:0] XPIP_CSR4[31:16] for Port 0~2 |
| | 84h: Bit[31:16] | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR4[31:16] |
| 1Ah | 88h (Port 0~2) | XPIP_CSR5[15:0] for Port 0~2 |
| 1.~* | 88h: Bit[15:0] | • Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR5[15:0] |
| 1Ch | 88h (Port 0~2) 88h: Bit[23:16] | XPIP_CSR5[23:16] for Port 0~2 Bit[7:0]: XPIP_CSR5[23:16] |
| | 98h (Port 0~3) | BUFFER CTRL[7:0] for Port 0~2 |
| | 98h: Bit[23:16] | Bit[15:8]: reference clock Buffer control |
| 1Eh | 90h (Port 0~2) | PHY Parameter 3 for Port 0~2 |
| | 90h: Bit[21:20] | Bit [1:0]: C DRV LVL 3P5 DELTA |
| | 90h: Bit[23:22] | Bit [3:2]: C_DRV_LVL_6P0_DELTA |
| | 90h: Bit[25:24] | Bit [5:4]: C_DRV_LVL_HALF_DELTA |
| | 90h: Bit[27:26] | Bit [7:6]: C EMP POST GEN1 3P5 DELTA |
| | 9011. DH[27.20] | Bit[/io]: c_biti_1001_0biti_510_bbbtiti |
| | 90h: Bit[27:20] 90h: Bit[29:28] 90h: Bit[31:30] | Bit [9:8]: C_EMP_POST_GEN2_3P5_DELTA Bit [11:10]: C_EMP_POST_GEN2_6P0_DELTA |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | 9Ch (Dariel 0, 2) | MAC Control Demonstra for Devit 0, 2 |
| | 8Ch (Port 0~2) 8Ch: Bit[29:26] | MAC Control Parameter for Port 0~2 Bit[15:12]: MAC CTR |
| 20h | 78h (Port 0) | FTS Number for Port 0 |
| 2011 | 78h: Bit[7:0] | Bit [7:0]: FTS number at receiver side |
| | / on: Dit[/ .0] | |
| | 68h (Port 0) | Deskew Mode Select for Port 0 |
| | 68h: Bit [14:13] | Bit [9:8]: deskew mode select |
| | | |
| | 78h (Port 0) | XPIP_CSR2[14:8] for Port 0 |
| | 78h: Bit[9:8] | • Bit [11:10]: scrambler control |
| | 78h: Bit[10] | • Bit [12]: L0s |
| | 78h: Bit[13:12] | Bit[14:13]: change speed select |
| 22h | 78h: Bit[14] | Bit[15]: change speed enable |
| 22n | 78h (Port 1) | FTS Number for Port 1 Bit [7:0]: FTS number at receiver side |
| | 78h: Bit[7:0] | • Bit [7.0]. FIS humber at receiver side |
| | 68h (Port 1) | Deskew Mode Select for Port 1 |
| | 68h: Bit [14:13] | Bit [9:8]: deskew mode select |
| | | |
| | 78h (Port 1) | XPIP_CSR2[14:8] for Port 1 |
| | 78h: Bit[9:8] | Bit [11:10]: scrambler control |
| | 78h: Bit[10] | Bit [12]: L0s |
| | 78h: Bit[13:12] | Bit[14:13]: change speed select |
| 2.41 | 78h: Bit[14] | Bit[15]: change speed enable |
| 24h | 78h (Port 2) | FTS Number for Port 2 |
| | 78h: Bit[7:0] | Bit [7:0]: FTS number at receiver side |
| | 68h (Port 2) | Deskew Mode Select for Port 2 |
| | 68h: Bit [14:13] | Bit [9:8]: deskew mode select |
| | L 3 | |
| | 78h (Port 2) | XPIP_CSR2[14:8] for Port 2 |
| | 78h: Bit[9:8] | • Bit [11:10]: scrambler control |
| | 78h: Bit[10] | • Bit [12]: L0s |
| | 78h: Bit[13:12] | Bit[14:13]: change speed select |
| 30h | 78h: Bit[14] | Bit[15]: change speed enable PHY Parameter 2[30:16] for Port 0 |
| 300 | 7Ch (Port 0) 7Ch: Bit[30:16] | Bit [14:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| 32h | 7Ch (Port 1) | PHY Parameter 2[30:16] for Port 1 |
| 5211 | 7Ch: Bit[30:16] | Bit [14:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| 34h | 7Ch (Port 2) | PHY Parameter 2[30:16] for Port 2 |
| - | 7Ch: Bit[30:16] | Bit [14:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| 40h | 7Ch (Port 0) | PHY Parameter 2[12:8] for Port 0 |
| | 7Ch: Bit[12:8] | Bit [4:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| | | |
| | 90h (Port 0) | PHY Parameter 3[6:0] for Port 0 |
| | 90h: Bit[6:0] | • Bit [11:5]: PHY parameter 3 |
| | 78h (Port 0) | Compliance to Detect for Port 0 |
| | 78h: Bit[11] | Bit [13]: compliance to detect |
| | | |
| | 8Ch (Port 0) | TL CSR[9:8] for Port 0 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[9:8] | Bit[15:14]: DO_CHG_DATA_CNT_SEL |
| 42h | 7Ch (Port 1) | PHY Parameter 2[12:8] for Port 1 |
| | 7Ch: Bit[12:8] | Bit [4:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| | 00L (D 1) | DHV Demonster 21(-0) for Dent 1 |
| | 90h (Port 1) 90h: Bit[6:0] | PHY Parameter 3[6:0] for Port 1 Bit [11:5]: PHY parameter 3 |
| | | - $\operatorname{Dit}[11, J]$. 111 paramoto J |
| | F0h (Port 1) | Selectable De-emphasis for Port 1 |
| | F0h: Bit[6] | Bit [12]: selectable De-emphasis |
| | · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | 78h (Port 1) | Compliance to Detect for Port 1 |
| | 78h: Bit[11] | Bit [13]: compliance to detect |
| | | |
| | 8Ch (Port 1) | TL_CSR[9:8] for Port 1 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[9:8] | Bit[15:14]: DO_CHG_DATA_CNT_SEL |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---------------------|--|
| 44h | 7Ch (Port 2) | PHY Parameter 2[12:8] for Port 2 |
| 4411 | | Bit [4:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| | 7Ch: Bit[12:8] | • Bit [4:0]: PHY parameter 2 |
| | 001 (D+ 2) | DIIV Development on 21(-0) for Devel 2 |
| | 90h (Port 2) | PHY Parameter 3[6:0] for Port 2 |
| | 90h: Bit[6:0] | Bit [11:5]: PHY parameter 3 |
| | | |
| | F0h (Port 2) | Selectable De-emphasis for Port 2 |
| | F0h: Bit[6] | Bit [12]: selectable De-emphasis |
| | | |
| | 78h (Port 2) | Compliance to Detect for Port 2 |
| | 78h: Bit[11] | Bit [13]: compliance to detect |
| | | |
| | 8Ch (Port 2) | TL_CSR[9:8] for Port 2 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[9:8] | Bit[15:14]: DO_CHG_DATA_CNT_SEL |
| 50h | 44h (Port 0) | No Soft Reset for Port 0 |
| | 44h: Bit [3] | Bit [0]: No_Soft_Reset |
| | | |
| | 40h (Port 0) | Power Management Capability for Port 0 |
| | 40h: Bit [24:22] | • Bit [3:1]: AUX Current |
| | 40h: Bit [25] | Bit [4]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D1 power management |
| | | state |
| | 40h: Bit [26] | Bit [5]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D2 power management |
| | | state |
| | 40h: Bit [29:28] | Bit [7:6]: PME Support for D2 and D1 states |
| 51h | 44h (Port 0) | Power Management Data for Port 0 |
| 5111 | 44h: Bit [31:24] | Bit [15:8]: read only as Data register |
| 52h | 44h (Port 1) | No_Soft_Reset for Port 1 |
| 5211 | 44h: Bit [3] | Bit [0]: No_Soft_Reset |
| | 44II. DIL[5] | - Dit [0]. NO_SOIL_Keset |
| | 40h (Port 1) | Power Management Capability for Port 1 |
| | 40h: Bit [24:22] | Bit [3:1]: AUX Current |
| | 40h: Bit [25] | Bit [4]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D1 power management |
| | 4011. Bit [23] | state |
| | 40h: Dit [26] | |
| | 40h: Bit [26] | Bit [5]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D2 power management state |
| | 40h: Dit [20:29] | |
| 53h | 40h: Bit [29:28] | Bit [7:6]: PME Support for D2 and D1 states |
| 550 | 44h (Port 1) | Power Management Data for Port 1 |
| 54h | 44h: Bit [31:24] | Bit [15:8]: read only as Data register |
| 54n | 44h (Port 2) | No_Soft_Reset for Port 2 |
| | 44h: Bit [3] | Bit [0]: No_Soft_Reset |
| | 40h (D+ 2) | Demon Management Course life for Dent 2 |
| | 40h (Port 2) | Power Management Capability for Port 2 |
| | 40h: Bit [24:22] | Bit [3:1]: AUX Current |
| | 40h: Bit [25] | Bit [4]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D1 power management |
| | | state |
| | 40h: Bit [26] | Bit [5]: read only as 1 to indicate Bridge supports the D2 power management |
| | 401 D' [00 00] | state |
| | 40h: Bit [29:28] | Bit [7:6]: PME Support for D2 and D1 states |
| 55h | 44h (Port 2) | Power Management Data for Port 2 |
| | 44h: Bit [31:24] | Bit [15:8]: read only as Data register |
| 60h | D0h (Port 0) | Slot Clock Configuration for Port 0 |
| | D0h: Bit [28] | Bit [1]: when set, the component uses the clock provided on the connector |
| | | |
| | | Device Specific Initialization for Port 0 |
| | 40h (Port 0) | Bit [2]: when set, the DSI is required |
| | 40h: Bit[21] | |
| | | LPVC Count for Port 0 |
| | 144h (Port 0) | Bit [3]: when set, the VC1 is allocated to LPVC of Egress Port 0 |
| | 144h: Bit [4] | |
| | | Port Number for Port 0 |
| | CCh (Port 0) | Bit [6:4]: it represents the logic port numbering for physical Port 0 |
| | CCh: Bit [26:24] | |
| | 154h (Port 0) | VC0 TC/VC Map for Port 0 |
| | 154h: Bit [7:1] | Bit [15:9]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC0 |
| | | Legisland, second secon |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---|---|
| 62h | C0h (Port1) | PCIe Capability Slot Implemented for Port 1 |
| | C0h: Bit [24] | • Bit [0]: when set, the slot is implemented for Port 1 |
| | D0h (Port 1) | Slot Clock Configuration for Port 1 |
| | D0h: Bit [28] | Bit [1]: when set, the component uses the clock provided on the |
| | | connector |
| | 40h (Port 1) | Device Specific Initialization for Port 1 |
| | 40h: Bit[21] | Bit [2]: when set, the DSI is required |
| | 144h (Port 1) | LPVC Count for Port 1 |
| | 144h: Bit [4] | Bit [3]: when set, the VC1 is allocated to LPVC of Egress Port 1 |
| | CCh (Port 1) | Port Number for Port 1 |
| | CCh: Bit [26:24] 154h (Port 1) | Bit [6:4]: it represents the logic port numbering for physical Port 1 VC0 TC/VC Map for Port 1 |
| | 154h: Bit [7:1] | Bit [15:9]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC0 |
| 64h | C0h (Port 2) | PCIe Capability Slot Implemented for Port 2 |
| | C0h: Bit [24] | Bit [0]: when set, the slot is implemented for Port 2 |
| | D0h (Port 2) | Slot Clock Configuration for Port 2 |
| | D0h: Bit [28] | Bit [1]: when set, the component uses the clock provided on the connector |
| | | Device Specific Initialization for Port 2 |
| | 40h (Port 2) | Bit [2]: when set, the DSI is required |
| | 40h: Bit[21] | |
| | 144h (Dout 2) | LPVC Count for Port 2 Bit [3]: when set, the VC1 is allocated to LPVC of Egress Port 2 |
| | 144h (Port 2) 144h: Bit [4] | • Bit [5]. when set, the VCT is anocated to LPVC of Egress Port 2 |
| | | Port Number for Port 2 |
| | CCh (Port 2) CCh: Bit [26:24] | Bit [6:4]: it represents the logic port numbering for physical Port 2 |
| | 154h (Port 2) | VC0 TC/VC Map for Port 2 |
| | 154h: Bit [7:1] | Bit [15:9]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC0 |
| 70h | 214h (Port 0) | Power Budgeting Data Register for Port 0 Bit [7:0]: base power |
| | 214h: Bit [7:0] | Bit [7:0]: base power Bit [9:8]: data scale |
| | 214h: Bit [9:8] 214h: Bit [14:13] | Bit [11:10]: PM state |
| | | |
| | 218h (Port 0) 218h: Bit [0] | Power Budget Capability Register for Port 0 Bit [15]: system allocated |
| 72h | 214h (Port 1) | Power Budgeting Data Register for Port 1 |
| | 214h: Bit [7:0] | Bit [7:0]: base power |
| | 214h: Bit [9:8] | Bit [9:8]: data scale |
| | 214h: Bit [14:13] | • Bit [11:10]: PM state |
| | 218h (Port 1) | Power Budget Capability Register for Port 1 |
| 7 41- | 218h: Bit [0] | Bit [15]: system allocated |
| 74h | 214h (Port 2) 214h: Bit [7:0] | Power Budgeting Data Register for Port 2 Bit [7:0]: base power |
| | 214h. Bit [7.0] 214h: Bit [9:8] | Bit [9:8]: data scale |
| | 214h: Bit [14:13] | Bit [11:10]: PM state |
| | 218h (Port 2) | Power Budget Capability Register for Port 2 |
| | 218h: Bit [0] | Bit [15]: system allocated |
| 80h | 74h (Port 0) | PM Control Parameter for Port 0 |
| | 74h: Bit [14] | Bit [6] : disable Rx polarity capability |
| | 74h: Bit [13:8] | Bit [5:4]: L0s enable Dit [3:2]: L1 dalay count solant |
| | | Bit [3:2] : L1 delay count select Bit [1:0] : D3 enters L1 |
| | 70h (D+ 0) | |
| | 70h (Port 0) 70h: Bit[31] | VGA Decode Enable for Port 0 Bit [7] : enable VGA decode |
| | , on. Dato 1 | |
| | 88h (Port 0) | XPIP_CSR5[31:24] for Port 0 |
| | 88h: Bit[31:24] | Bit[15:8]: XPIP_CSR5[31:24] |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---|--|
| 82h | 74h (Port 1) | PM Control Parameter for Port 1 |
| 0211 | 74h: Bit [14] | Bit [6] : disable Rx polarity capability |
| | 74h: Bit [13:8] | Bit [5:4] : L0s enable |
| | /4II. Dit [15.8] | Bit [3:2] : L1 delay count select |
| | | Bit [1:0]: D3 enters L1 |
| | | - $\operatorname{Bit}[1.0]$. D5 cities E1 |
| | 70h (Port 1) | VGA Decode Enable for Port 1 |
| | 70h: Bit[31] | Bit [7] : enable VGA decode |
| | 7011. Bit[51] | - Dit [/] . chable VOA decode |
| | 88h (Port 1) | XPIP_CSR5[31:24] for Port 1 |
| | 88h: Bit[31:24] | Bit[15:8]: XPIP_CSR5[31:24] |
| 84h | 74h (Port 2) | PM Control Parameter for Port 2 |
| 0411 | 74h: Bit [14] | Bit [6] : disable Rx polarity capability |
| | 74h: Bit [13:8] | Bit [5:4] : L0s enable |
| | / 411. Dit [15.0] | Bit [3:2] : L1 delay count select |
| | | Bit [1:0] : D3 enters L1 |
| | | |
| | 70h (Port 2) | VGA Decode Enable for Port 2 |
| | 70h: Bit[31] | Bit [7] : enable VGA decode |
| | , one Brite rj | |
| | 88h (Port 2) | XPIP CSR5[31:24] for Port 2 |
| | 88h: Bit[31:24] | Bit[15:8]: XPIP_CSR5[31:24] |
| 92h | D4h (Port 1) | Slot Capability 0 of Port 1 |
| - | D4h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: Mapping to the low word of slot capability register |
| 94h | D4h (Port 2) | Slot Capability 0 of Port 2 |
| | D4h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: Mapping to the low word of slot capability register |
| A2h | D4h (Port 1) | Slot Capability 1 of Port 1 |
| | D4h: Bit [31:16] | Bit [15:0]: Mapping to the high word of slot capability register |
| A4h | D4h (Port 2) | Slot Capability 1 of Port 2 |
| | D4h: Bit [31:16] | Bit [15:0]: Mapping to the high word of slot capability register |
| B0h | 80h (Port 0) | XPIP_CSR3[15:0] for Port 0 |
| | 80h: Bit[15:0] | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[15:0] |
| B2h | 80h (Port 1) | XPIP_CSR3[15:0] for Port 1 |
| | 80h: Bit[15:0] | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[15:0] |
| B4h | 80h (Port 2) | XPIP_CSR3[15:0] for Port 2 |
| | 80h: Bit[15:0] | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[15:0] |
| C0h | 80h (Port 0) | XPIP_CSR3[31:16] for Port 0 |
| | 80h: Bit[31:16] | • Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[31:16] |
| C2h | 80h (Port 1) | XPIP_CSR3[31:16] for Port 1 |
| 0.41 | 80h: Bit[31:16] | • Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[31:16] |
| C4h | 80h (Port 2) | XPIP_CSR3[31:16] for Port 2 |
| DOL | 80h: Bit[31:16] | Bit[15:0]: XPIP_CSR3[31:16] Replay Time-out Counter for Port 0 |
| D0h | 70h (Port 0) | |
| | 70h: Bit [11:0] 70h: Bit [12] | Bit [11:0]: replay time-out counter Bit [12]: enable user replay time-out timer |
| | / 011. Dit [12] | Dit [12]. Giaole aser replay time-out timer |
| | 8Ch (Port 0) | REV_TS_CTR for Port 0 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[25:24] | Bit[14:13] REV_TS_CTR |
| D2h | 70h (Port 1) | Replay Time-out Counter for Port 1 |
| | 70h: Bit [11:0] | Bit [11:0]: relay time-out counter |
| | 70h: Bit[12] | Bit [12]: enable user replay time-out timer |
| | | |
| | 8Ch (Port 1) | REV_TS_CTR for Port 1 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[25:24] | Bit[14:13] REV_TS_CTR |
| D4h | 70h (Port 2) | Replay Time-out Counter for Port 2 |
| | 70h: Bit [11:0] | Bit [11:0]: relay time-out counter |
| | 70h: Bit[12] | Bit [12]: enable user replay time-out timer |
| | | |
| | 8Ch (Port 2) | REV_TS_CTR for Port 2 |
| 501 | 8Ch: Bit[25:24] | Bit[14:13] REV_TS_CTR |
| E0h | 70h (Port 0) | Acknowledge Latency Timer for Port 0 |
| | 70h: Bit [29:16] | Bit [13:0]: acknowledge latency timer Bit [14]: enable user acknowledge latency timer |
| Eat | 70h: Bit [30] | Dit [14]: Chable user deknowledge latency timer |
| E2h | 70h (Port 1) 70h: Bit [20:16] | Acknowledge Latency Timer for Port 1 Bit [13:0]: acknowledge latency timer |
| | 70h: Bit [29:16] 70h: Bit [30] | Bit [13:0]: acknowledge latency timer Bit [14]: enable user acknowledge latency timer |
| 1 | /011. Dit [30] | - Bit [14]. Chable user acknowledge latency tiller |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---|--|
| E4h | 70h (Port 2) | Acknowledge Latency Timer for Port 2 |
| 2 | 70h: Bit [29:16] | Bit [13:0]: acknowledge latency timer |
| | 70h: Bit [30] | Bit [14]: enable user acknowledge latency timer |
| F0h | 8Ch (Port 0) | XPIP_CSR6[23:16][10] for Port 0 |
| 1 011 | 8Ch: Bit[23:16] | Bit[3:0]: XPIP_CSR6[7:0] |
| | 8Ch: Bit[10] | Bit[12]: port disable |
| | sen. Biq10j | - Bit[12], poir disable |
| | 8Ch (Port 0) | XPIP CSR[11] for Port 0 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[11] | Bit[14]: reset sel |
| F2h | | XPIP CSR6[23:16][10] for Port 1 |
| 1211 | 8Ch (Port 1) 8Ch: Bit[23:16] | • Bit[7:0]: XPIP CSR6[7:0] |
| | 8Ch: Bit[10] | Bit[12]: port disable |
| | seli. Biq10j | - Dit[12]. poir disable |
| | 9Ch (Port 1) | Device Specific PM Capability for Port 1 |
| | 9Ch: Bit[0] | Bit[13]: device specific PM capability |
| | 9Cli: Biq0] | - Diq 15], device specific 1 in capability |
| | 8Ch (Port 1) | XPIP_CSR[11] Port 1 |
| | 8Ch: Bit[11] | • Bit[14]: reset sel |
| F4h | | |
| ſ411 | 8Ch (Port 2) 8Ch: Bit[23:16] | XPIP_CSR6[23:16][10] for Port 2 Bit[7:0]: XPIP_CSR6[7:0] |
| | 8Ch: Bit[23:16] 8Ch: Bit[10] | Bit[12]: port disable |
| | 8Сп. Bių 10j | • Bit[12], poit disable |
| | 9Ch (Port 2) | Davias Specific PM Canability for Port 2 |
| | 9Ch (Fort 2) 9Ch: Bit[0] | Device Specific PM Capability for Port 2 Bit[13]: device specific PM capability |
| | 9Ch: Bit[0] | • Bit[15]: device specific PM capability |
| | 9Ch (Bart 2) | VDID CSD[11] for Dout 2 |
| | 8Ch (Port 2) | XPIP_CSR[11] for Port 2 |
| 100h | 8Ch: Bit[11] | Bit[14]: reset sel |
| 10011 | 15Ch (Port 0) | VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 0 Bit [6:0]: the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 15Ch: Bit [22:16] | • Bit [6:0]: the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 160h (Dout 0) | TC/VC Mon for Port 0 |
| | 160h (Port 0) 160h: Bit [7:0] | TC/VC Map for Port 0 Bit [15:8]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC1 |
| 102h | | VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 1 |
| 10211 | 15Ch (Port 1) 15Ch: Bit [22:16] | Bit [6:0]: the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 13Cll. Bit [22.16] | • Bit [0.0], the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 160h (Port 1) | TC/VC Map for Port 1 |
| | 160h: Bit [7:0] | Bit [15:8]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC1 |
| 104h | 15Ch (Port 2) | VC1 MAX Time Slot for Port 2 |
| 10411 | 15Ch: Bit [22:16] | Bit [6:0]: the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 15Ch. Bit [22.10] | - Dit [0.0], the maximum time slot supported by VC1 |
| | 160h (Port 2) | TC/VC Map for Port 2 |
| | 160h: Bit [7:0] | Bit [15:8]: when set, it indicates the corresponding TC is mapped into VC1 |
| 110h | 98h (Port 0) | L1 PM CSR for Port 0 |
| 11011 | 98h: Bit[27:24] | Bit[3:0]: L1 PM option[3:0] |
| | 7011. Drt[27.24] | Dit[5.0]. Di i in option[5.0] |
| | 244h (Port 0) | L1 PM Substates Capability for Port 0 |
| | 244h: Bit[1] | Bit[4]: pci_pm_L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[3] | Bit[5]: aspm pm L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[4] | Bit[6]: L1pm_substate_sup |
| | | |
| | 33Ch (Port 0) | LTSSM CSR for Port 0 |
| | 33Ch: Bit[7:0] | Bit[15:8]: Itssm csr |
| 112h | 98h (Port 1) | L1 PM CSR for Port 1 |
| | 98h: Bit[27:24] | Bit[3:0]: L1 PM option[3:0] |
| | | and a second |
| | 244h (Port 1) | L1 PM Substates Capability for Port 1 |
| | 244h: Bit[1] | Bit[4]: pci pm L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[3] | Bit[5]: aspm pm L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[4] | Bit[6]: L1pm substate sup |
| | 5 5.n[·] | _n[0]rhu_ouoome_oup |
| | 33Ch (Port 1) | LTSSM CSR for Port 1 |
| | 33Ch: Bit[7:0] | • Bit[15:8]: ltssm_csr |
| L | 555cm Bn[7.0] | |





| ADDRESS | PCI CFG OFFSET | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|--|--|
| 114h | 98h (Port 2) | L1 PM CSR for Port 2 |
| | 98h: Bit[27:24] | Bit[3:0]: L1 PM option[3:0] |
| | | |
| | 244h (Port 2) | L1 PM Substates Capability for Port 2 |
| | 244h: Bit[1] | Bit[4]: pci_pm_L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[3] | Bit[5]: aspm_pm_L1.1 sup |
| | 244h: Bit[4] | Bit[6]: L1pm_substate_sup |
| | 22Ch (D+ 2) | LTSSM CSD for Devt 2 |
| | 33Ch (Port 2) 33Ch: Bit[7:0] | LTSSM_CSR for Port 2 Bit[15:8]: Itssm csr |
| 120h | 340h (Port 0) | Hotplug CSR for Port 0 |
| 12011 | 340h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: hotplug csr |
| 122h | 340h (Port 1) | Hotplug_CSR for Port 1 |
| 12211 | 340h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: hotplug csr |
| 124h | 340h (Port 2) | Hotplug CSR for Port 2 |
| 12 111 | 340h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: hotplug csr |
| 130h | 340h (Port 0) | MAC CSR1 for Port 0 |
| 10011 | 340h: Bit [31:16] | • Bit [15:0]: mac csr1 |
| 132h | 340h (Port 1) | MAC CSR1 for Port 1 |
| | 340h: Bit [31:16] | Bit [15:0]: mac csr1 |
| 134h | 340h (Port 2) | MAC_CSR1 for Port 2 |
| | 340h: Bit [31:16] | • Bit [15:0]: mac csr1 |
| 140h | 350h (Port 1~2) | CPLD Flow Control Enable for Port 1~2 |
| | 350h: Bit [2:1] | Bit [1]: Port 1 CPLD flow control enable |
| | | Bit [2]: Port 2 CPLD flow control enable |
| 142h | 354h (Port 1~2) | X1 CPLD Flow Control Threshold for Port 1~2 |
| | 354h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: x1 CPLD flow control threshold |
| 144h | 354h (Port 1~2) | X2 CPLD Flow Control Threshold for Port 1~2 |
| | 354h: Bit [31:16] | Bit [15:0]: x2 CPLD flow control threshold |
| 146h | 358h (Port 1~2) | X4 CPLD Flow Control Threshold for Port 1~2 |
| | 358h: Bit [15:0] | Bit [15:0]: x4 CPLD flow control threshold |
| 150h | 360h (Port 0) | PWR_SAVING Disable for Port 0 |
| 1.501 | 360h: Bit [0] | Bit [0]: pwr_saving disable for Port 0 |
| 152h | 360h (Port 1) | PWR_SAVING Disable for Port 1 |
| 1.5.41 | 360h: Bit [0] | Bit [0]: pwr_saving disable for Port 1 |
| 154h | 360h (Port 2) | PWR_SAVING Disable for Port 2 |
| | 360h: Bit [0] | Bit [0]: pwr_saving disable for Port 2 |

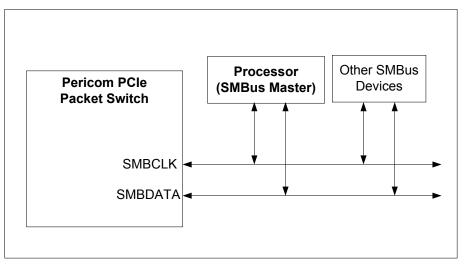




6.2 SMBUS INTERFACE

The Packet Switch provides the System Management Bus (SMBus), a two-wire interface through which a simple device can communicate with the rest of the system. The SMBus interface on the Packet Switch is a bi-directional slave interface. It can receive data from the SMBus master or send data to the master. The interface allows full access to the configuration registers. A SMBus master, such as the processor or other SMBus devices, can read or write to every RW configuration register (read/write register). In addition, the RO and HwInt registers (read-only and hardware initialized registers) that can be auto-loaded by the EEPROM interface can also be read and written by the SMBus interface. This feature allows increases in the system expandability and flexibility in system implementation.

Figure 6-1 SMBus Architecture Implementation



The SMBus interface on the Packet Switch consists of one SMBus clock pin (SCL_I2C), a SMBus data pin (SDA_I2C), and 3 SMBus address pins (GPIO[7:5]). The SMBus clock pin provides or receives the clock signal. The SMBus data pin facilitates the data transmission and reception. Both of the clock and data pins are bi-directional. The SMBus address pins determine the address to which the Packet Switch responds to. The SMBus address pins generate addresses according to the following table:

Table 6-1 SMBus Address Pin Configuration

| BIT | SMBus Address |
|-----|---------------|
| 0 | GPIO[5] |
| 1 | GPIO[6] |
| 2 | GPIO[7] |
| 3 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 |
| 5 | 1 |
| 6 | 1 |

Software can change the SMBus Slave address, by programming the SMBus/I2C Control Register SMBus/I2C Device Address field (Upstream Port, offset 344h [7:1]).

The PI7C9X2G312GP SMBus Slave interface supports three command protocols for register access:

- Block Write
- Block Read
- Block Read Block Write Process Call





The PI7C9X2G312GP also supports Packet Error Checking and Packet Error Code (PEC) generation, as explained in the SMBus v2.0.

PI7C9X2G312GP supports three commands:

- Block Write (command BEh) is used to write CFG registers
- Block Write (command BAh), followed by Block Read (command BDh), are used to read CFG registers
- Block Read Block Write Process Call (commands BAh, CDh) can also be used to read CFG registers

6.2.1 SMBUS BLOCK WRITE

The Block Write command is used to write to the PI7C9X2G312GP registers. General SMBus Block Writes are illustrated in Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3. Table 6-2 explains the elements used in Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3.

Figure 6-2 SMBus Block Write Command Format, to Write to a PI7C9X2G312GP Register without PEC

| S | Slave Addr | Wr | А | Cmd Code = BEh | А | Byte Count = 8 | А | Cmd Byte1 | А | Cmd Byte 2 | А | Cmd Byte 3 | А |
|------|--|----|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|---|------------|---|
| | Cmd Byte 4 | | ^ | Data Byte 1 | ^ | Data Byte 2 | • | Data Byte 3 | ^ | Data Byte 4 | | P | |
| | Cillu Dyle 4 | | A | Data Byte 1 | A | Dala Dyle 2 | A | Data Byte 3 | A | Dala Dyle 4 | A | Р | |
| | Master to Sl Slave to Ma | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Figu | Figure 6-3 SMBus Block Write Command Format, to Write to a PI7C9X2G312GP Register with PEC | | | | | | | | | | | | |

S Wr Slave Addr Cmd Code = BEh А Byte Count = 8 Cmd Byte1 Cmd Byte 2 Cmd Byte 3 А А А А A Cmd Byte 4 Data Byte 2 А Data Byte 1 А Α Data Byte 3 А Data Byte 4 А PEC A Ρ

: Master to Slave : Slave to Master

Block Write transactions that are received with incorrect Cmd Code are NACKed, starting from the wrong byte setting, and including subsequent bytes in the packet. For example, if the Byte Count value is not 8, the PI7C9X2G312GP NACKs the byte corresponding to the Byte Count value, as well as any Data bytes following within the same packet.

The byte after Data Byte 4, if present, is taken as the PEC byte, and if present, the PEC is checked. If a packet fails Packet Error Checking, the PI7C9X2G312GP drops the packet (ignores the Write), and returns NACK for the PEC byte, to the SMBus Master. Packet Error Checking can be disabled, by Setting the SMBus/I²C Control Register PEC Check Disable bit (Upstream Port, offset 344h[9]). The Byte Count value, by definition, does not include the PEC byte.

| Table 6-2 Bytes for | r SMBus Block Write |
|---------------------|---------------------|
|---------------------|---------------------|

| Field (Byte) On Bus | Bit(s) | Value / Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| S | 1 | START condition |
| Р | 1 | STOP condition |
| Α | 1 | Acknowledge (this bit position may be 0 for an ACK or 1 for a NACK) |
| Command Code | 7:0 | BEh for Block Write |
| Byte Count | 7:0 | 08h = 8 bytes to follow (4 Command and 4 Data bytes). The PEC byte is not counted. |
| Command Byte 1 | 7:3 | Reserved |
| | 2:0 | Command |
| | | 011b = Write register |
| | | 100b = Read register |





| Field (Byte) On Bus | Bit(s) | Value / Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| Command Byte 2 | 7:4 | Reserved |
| | 3:0 | Port Select[4:1] |
| | | 2 nd Command byte, bits [3:0], and 3 rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port |
| | | Select. |
| Command Byte 3 | 7 | Port Select[0] |
| | | 2nd Command byte, bits [3:0], and 3rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port |
| | | Select. |
| | | Port Select[4:0] is used to select Port to access. |
| | | 1 Port 1 |
| | | 2 Port 2 |
| | 6 | Reserved |
| | 5:2 | Byte Enable |
| | 5.2 | byte Enable |
| | | Bit Description |
| | | 2 Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [7:0]) |
| | | 3 Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [15:8]) |
| | | 4 Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [23:16]) |
| | | 5 Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [31:24]) |
| | | 0 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will not be modified |
| | | 1 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will be modified |
| | 1:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [11:10] |
| Command Byte 4 | 7:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [9:2] |
| - | | Note: Address bits[1:0] are fixed to 0. |
| Data Byte 1 | 7:0 | Data write to register bits [31:24] |
| Data Byte 2 | 7:0 | Data write to register bits [23:16] |
| Data Byte 3 | 7:0 | Data write to register bits [15:8] |
| Data Byte 4 | 7:0 | Data write to register bits [7:0] |
| PEC | 7:0 | Packet Error Code |

Table 6-3 is a sample to write SSID/SSVID register (offset F8h) in Port 1. The register value is 1234_5678h, with all bytes enabled, and without PEC. The default SMBus Address is 1101000b.

| Byte Number | Byte Type | Value | Description |
|-------------|----------------|-------|---|
| 1 | Address | D0h | Bits [7:1] for the PI7C9X2G312GP default Slave address of 68h, with bit |
| | | | 0 Cleared to indicate a Write. |
| 2 | Command Code | BEh | Command Code for register Write, using a Block Write |
| 3 | Byte Count | 08h | Byte Count. Four Command Bytes and Four Data Bytes |
| 4 | Command Byte 1 | 03h | For Write command |
| 5 | Command Byte 2 | 00h | Bits [3:0] - Port Select [4:1] (for Port 1) |
| 6 | Command Byte 3 | BCh | Bit 7 is Port Select[0] |
| | | | Bit 6 is reserved |
| | | | Bits [5:2] are the for Byte Enables; all are active |
| | | | Bits [1:0] are register Address bits [11:10] |
| 7 | Command Byte 4 | 3Eh | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address bits [9:2] (for offset F8h) |
| 8 | Data Byte 1 | 12h | Data Byte for register bits [31:24] |
| 9 | Data Byte 2 | 34h | Data Byte for register bits [23:16] |
| 10 | Data Byte 3 | 56h | Data Byte for register bits [15:8] |
| 11 | Data Byte 4 | 78h | Data Byte for register bits[7:0] |

Table 6-3 Sample SMBus Block Write Byte Sequence

6.2.2 SMBUS BLOCK READ

A Block Read command is used to read PI7C9X2G312GP CFG registers. Similar to CFG register Reads using I²C, a SMBus Write sequence must first be performed to select the register to read, followed by a SMBus Read of the corresponding register. There are two ways a PI7C9X2G312GP register can be read:

• Use a Block Write, followed by a Block Read. The Block Write sets up the parameters including Port Number, register address and Byte Enables, and the Block Read performs the actual Read operation.





• Use a Block Read - Block Write Process Call. This command is defined by the SMBus v2.0, and performs a Block Write and Block Read, using a single command. The Block Write portion of the message sets up the register to be read, and then a repeated START followed by the Block Read portion of the message returns the register data specified by the Block Write

The PI7C9X2G312GP always NACKs any incorrect command sequences, starting with the wrong Byte. Upon receiving the Block Read command, the PI7C9X2G312GP returns a PEC to the Master, if after the 4th byte of register data, the Master still requests one more Byte. As a Slave, the PI7C9X2G312GP recognizes the end of the Master's Read cycle, by observing the Master's NACK response for the last Data Byte transmitted by the PI7C9X2G312GP.

Incorrect command sequences are always NACK, starting with the byte that is incorrect. (Refer to Table 6-4.) On the Block Read command, a PEC is returned to the Master, if after the 4th byte of CSR data, the return Master still requests for one additional byte. As a Slave, the PI7C9X2G312GP will know the end of the Master Read cycle, by observing the NACK for the last byte read from the Master.

Figure 6-4 SMBus Block Write to Set up Read, and Resulting Read that Returns CFG Register Value

| S | Slave Addr | Wr | А | Cmd Code = BAh | А | A Byte Count = 4 | | А | С | Cmd Byte1 | | А | Cm | Cmd Byte 2 | | A | Cmo | d Byte 3 | А |
|----------|---|-------|------|----------------|--|------------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|------------|--------|------|--------|----------|---|
| | Cmd Byte 4 A P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A Block Write to set up Read | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S | Slave Addr | Wr | А | Cmd code = BDh | A S Slave Adress Rd A Byte Count = 4 A Data Byte 1 | | | | | | | A | | | | | | | |
| | Data Byte 2 A Data Byte 3 A Data Byte 4 A P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | Master to Cl | _ | | A Blo | ck Re | ead v | which retu | rns (| CFG | Reg | gister V | alue | e | | | | | | |
| | Master to Sl Slave to Ma | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Slave to Ma | ster | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tabl | e 6-4 Bytes | for S | SMB1 | us Block Read | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Field | (Byte) On E | Bus | | Bit(s) Va | lue/ E |)escr | iption | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S | | | | 1 ST | 'ART | condi | tion | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Р | | | | | OP co | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| А | | | | 1 Ac | know | ledge | (this bit po | sition | may | be (|) for an | ACK | or 1 f | òr a N | IACK |) | | | |
| Comn | nand Code | | | 7:0 BA | h, to s | et up F | Read, using B | Block V | Vrites | | | | | | | | | | |
| Byte (| Count | | | 7:0 04 | h, 4 Co | mman | d bytes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comn | nand Byte 1 | | | 7:3 Re | served | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | | 2:0 Co | Command | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 01 | 011b = Write register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | b = Re | | gister | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comn | nand Byte 2 | | | | served | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3:0 Po | rt Sele | ct[4:1] | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | and b | yte, bits [3:0 |], and | 3 rd Co | omm | and byte | , bit 7 | , com | oine to | form | a 5- | bit Pc | ort | |
| | | | | | ect. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comn | nand Byte 3 | | | | rt Sele | | | | | | | | _ | | | - | | | |
| | | | | | | nand I | byte, bits [3:0 |)], and | 3rd C | omi | nand byt | e, bit | 7, com | bine to | o form | a 5- | bit Pc | ort | |
| | | | | | ect. | +[1.0] | is used to sel | laat Da | rt to o | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Port Select[4:0] is used to select Port to access. 0 Port 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 0 Port 0 1 Port 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 2 Port 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Reserved | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Byte Enable | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Dy Dy | -, | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Bit | Bit Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | | | Enable for D | Data By | rte 4 (1 | PI7C | 9X2G31 | 2GP r | egister | bits [7 | 7:0]) | | | | |
| | | | | | | - | | | ```` | | | | | | | | | | |





| Field (Byte) On Bus | Bit(s) | Value/Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| | | 3 Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [15:8]) |
| | | 4 Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [23:16]) |
| | | 5 Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [31:24]) |
| | | 0 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will not be modified |
| | | 1 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will be modified |
| | 1:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [11:10] |
| Command Byte 4 | 7:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [9:2] |
| | | Note: Address bits[1:0] are fixed to 0. |
| Command Code | 7:0 | BDh for Block Read |
| Data Byte 1 | 7:0 | Return value for CFG register bits [31:24] |
| Data Byte 2 | 7:0 | Return value for CFG register bits [23:16] |
| Data Byte 3 | 7:0 | Return value for CFG register bits [15:8] |
| Data Byte 4 | 7:0 | Return value for CFG register bits [7:0] |

Table 6-5, Table 6-6, Table 6-7 and Table 6-8 are a sample to Read SSID/SSVID register (offset F8h) in Port 1. The register value is 0000_0000h, with all bytes enabled, and without PEC. The default SMBus Address is 1101000b.

Table 6-5 SMBus Block Write Portion

| Byte Number | Byte Type | Value | Description |
|-------------|----------------|-------|---|
| 1 | Address | D0h | Bits [7:1] for the PI7C9X2G312GP default Slave address of 68h, with bit |
| | | | 0 Cleared to indicate a Write. |
| 2 | Command Code | BAh | Command Code for register Write, using a Block Write |
| 3 | Byte Count | 04h | Byte Count. Four Command Bytes |
| 4 | Command Byte 1 | 04h | For Read command |
| 5 | Command Byte 2 | 00h | Bits [3:0] - Port Select [4:1] (for Port 1) |
| 6 | Command Byte 3 | BCh | Bit 7 is Port Select[0] |
| | | | Bit 6 is reserved |
| | | | Bits [5:2] are the for Byte Enables; all are active |
| | | | Bits [1:0] are register Address bits [11:10] |
| 7 | Command Byte 4 | 3Eh | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address bits [9:2] (for offset F8h) |

Table 6-6 SMBus Block Read Portion

| Byte Number | Byte Type | Value | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|---|
| 1 | Address | D0h | Bits [7:1] value for the PI7C9X2G312GP Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 |
| | | | Cleared to indicate to indicate a Write. |
| 2 | Block Read Command Code | BDh | Command code for Block Read of PI7C9X2G312GP registers. |

Table 6-7 SMBus Read Command following Repeat START from Master

| Byte Number | Byte Type | Value | Description |
|-------------|-----------|-------|---|
| 1 | Address | D1h | Bits [7:1] value for the PI7C9X2G312GP Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 Set |
| | | | to indicate a Read. |

Table 6-8 SMBus Return Bytes

| Byte Number | Byte Type | Value | Description |
|-------------|-------------|-------|------------------------|
| 1 | Byte Count | 04h | Four Bytes in register |
| 2 | Data Byte 1 | 00h | Register data [31:24] |
| 3 | Data Byte 2 | 00h | Register data [23:16] |
| 4 | Data Byte 3 | 00h | Register data [15:8] |
| 5 | Data Byte 4 | 00h | Register data [7:0] |





6.2.3 CSR READ, USING SMBUS BLOCK READ – BLOCK WRITE PROCESS CALL

A general SMBus Block Read - Block Write Process Call sequence is illustrated in Figure 6-5. Alternatively, a general SMBus Block Read - Block Write Process Call with PEC sequence is illustrated in Figure 6-6.

Using this command, the register to be read can be set up and read back with one SMBus cycle (a transaction with a START and ending in STOP). There is no STOP condition before the repeated START condition. The command format for the Block Write part of this command has the same sequence as in Table 6-5, except that the Command Code changes to CDh, as illustrated below. Other Bytes remain the same as used in the sequence for SMBus Block Write followed by Block Read. Table 6-9 lists the Command format for Block Read.

Figure 6-5 CSR Read Operation Using SMBus Block Read – Block Write Process Call

| , | s | Slave Add | dr | Wr | А | Cmd code = CDh | А | Byte Count = 4 | А | Cmd Byte1 | А | Cmd Byte 2 | А | Cmd Byte 3 | А |
|-----|---|------------|----|----|-----|----------------|---|----------------|---|-------------|---|------------|---|------------|---|
| | Cmo | d Byte 4 | А | S | Sla | ve address Rd | А | Byte Count = 4 | A | Data Byte 1 | | А | | | |
| | Da | ata Byte 2 | | А | | Data Byte 3 | 4 | Data Byte 4 | А | Р | | | | | |
| | : Master to Slave : Slave to Master | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiş | igure 6-6 CSR Read Operation Using SMBus Block Read – Block Write Process Call with PEC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | s | Slave Add | dr | Wr | А | Cmd code = CDh | A | Byte Count = 4 | А | Cmd Byte1 | А | Cmd Byte 2 | А | Cmd Byte 3 | А |

| Cmd Byte 4 | А | s | Slave address | Rd | А | Byte Count = 4 | A | Data By | te 1 | |
|-------------|---|---|---------------|----|---|----------------|---|---------|------|---|
| Data Byte 2 | | А | Data Byte 3 | | Α | Data Byte 4 | А | PEC | A | Ρ |

Master to Slave Slave to Master

Table 6-9 Command Format for SMBus Block Read

| Field (Byte) On Bus | Bit(s) | Value/Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| Command Code | 7:0 | CDh for Block Read (Process Call Read) |





6.3 I²C SLAVE INTERFACE

Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) is a bus used to connect Integrated Circuits (ICs). Multiple ICs can be connected to an I²C Bus, and I²C devices that have I²C mastering capability can initiate a Data transfer. I²C is used for Data transfers between ICs at relatively low rates (100 Kbps), and is used in a variety of applications. For further details regarding I²C Buses, refer to the I^2C Bus v2.1.

The PI7C9X2G312GP is an I²C Slave. Slave operations allow the PI7C9X2G312GP Configuration registers to be read from or written to by an I²C Master, external from the device. I²C is a sideband mechanism that allows the device Configuration registers to be programmed, read from, or written to, independent of the PCI Express upstream Link.

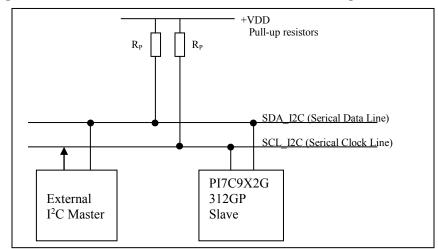


Figure 6-7 Standard Devices to I²C Bus Connection Block Diagram

The I²C interface on the Packet Switch consists of a I²C clock pin (SCL_I2C), a I²C data pin (SDA_I2C), and 3 I²C address pins (GPIO[7:5]). The I²C clock pin provides or receives the clock signal. The I²C data pin facilitates the data transmission and reception. Both of the clock and data pins are bi-directional. The I²C address pins determine the address to which the Packet Switch responds to. The I²C address pins generate addresses according to the following table:

Table 6-10 I²C Address Pin Configuration

| BIT | I2C Address |
|-----|-------------|
| 0 | GPIO[5] |
| 1 | GPIO[6] |
| 2 | GPIO[7] |
| 3 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 |
| 5 | 1 |
| 6 | 1 |

Software can change the I²C Slave address, by programming the SMBus/I²C Control Register SMBus/I²C Device Address field (Upstream Port, offset 344h [7:1]).





6.3.1 I²C REGISTER WRITE ACCESS

The PI7C9X2G312GP Configuration registers can be read from and written to, based upon I²C register Read and Write operations, respectively. An I²C Write packet consists of Address Phase bytes and Command Phase bytes, followed by one to four additional I²C Data bytes. Table 6-11 defines mapping of the I²C Data bytes to the Configuration register Data bytes.

The I²C packet starts with the S (START condition) bit. Data bytes are separated by the A (Acknowledge Control Packet (ACK)) or N (Negative Acknowledge (NAK)) bit. The packet ends with the P (STOP condition) bit.

If the Master generates an invalid command, the targeted PI7C9X2G312GP register is not modified.

The PI7C9X2G312GP considers the 1st Data byte of the 4-byte Data phase, following the four Command bytes in the Command phase, as register Byte 3 (bits [31:24]). The next three Data bytes access register Bytes 2 through 0, respectively. Four Data bytes are required, regardless of the Byte Enable Settings in the Command phase. The Master can then generate either a STOP condition (to finish the transfer) or a repeated START condition (to start a new transfer). If the I²C Master sends more than the four Data bytes (violating PI7C9X2G312GP protocol), further details regarding I2C protocol, the PI7C9X2G312GP returns a NAK for the extra Data byte(s).

Table 6-12 describes each I²C Command byte for Write access. In the packet described in Figure 6-8, Command Bytes 0 through 3 for Writes follow the format specified in Table 6-12.

Table 6-11 I²C Register Write Access

| I2C Data Byte Order | PCI Express Configuration Register Byte |
|---------------------|---|
| 0 | Written to register Byte 3 |
| 1 | Written to register Byte 2 |
| 2 | Written to register Byte 1 |
| 3 | Written to register Byte 0 |

Table 6-12 I²C Command Format for Write Access

| Byte | Bit(s) | Description | |
|---------------------|--------|---|--|
| $1^{st}(0)$ | 7:3 | Reserved | |
| | 2:0 | Command | |
| | | 011b = Write register | |
| $2^{nd}(1)$ | 7:4 | Reserved | |
| | 3:0 | Port Select[4:1] | |
| | | 2 nd Command byte, bits [3:0], and 3 rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. | |
| 3 rd (2) | 7 | Port Select[0] | |
| | | 2nd Command byte, bits [3:0], and 3rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. | |
| | | Port Select[4:0] is used to select Port to access. | |
| | | 0 Port 0 | |
| | | 1 Port 1 | |
| | | 2 Port 2 | |
| | 6 | Reserved | |
| | 5:2 | Byte Enable | |
| | | Bit Description | |
| | | | |
| | | Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [7:0]) Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [15:8]) | |
| | | 4 Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [13.8]) | |
| | | 5 Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [31:24]) | |
| | | 5 Byte Enable for Data Byte I (F1/C5A2G512OF register bits [51.24]) | |
| | | 0 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will not be modified | |
| | | 1 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will be modified | |
| | 1:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [11:10] | |
| 4 th (3) | 7:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [9:2] | |
| . (3) | 7.0 | Note: Address bits[1:0] are fixed to 0. | |





Figure 6-8 I²C Write Packet

I²C Write Packet Address Phase Byte

| Address Cycle | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | | |
| S | Slave Address [7:1] | Read/Write Bit 0 = Write | А | | | | |

I2C Write Packet Command Phase Byte

| | Command Cycle | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|--|--|--|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| Command | А | Command | А | Command | А | Command | А | | | |
| Byte 0 | | Byte 1 | | Byte 2 | | Byte 3 | | | | |

I²C Write Packet Data Phase Byte

| | Write Cycle | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|------|--|--|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | STOP | | |
| Register Byte 3 | А | Register Byte 2 | А | Register Byte 1 | А | Register Byte 0 | А | Р | | |

The following tables illustrate a sample I2C packet for writing the PI7C9X2G312GP SSID/SSVID register (offset F8h) for Port 0, with data 1234_5678h.

Note: The PI7C9X2G312GP has a default I^2C Slave address [6:0] value of 68h, with the GPIO[7:5] input having a value of 000. The byte sequence on the I^2C Bus, as listed in the following tables, occurs after the START and before the STOP bits, by which the I^2C Master frames the transfer.

Figure 6-9 I²C Register Write Access Example

I²C Register Write Access Example – Address Cycle

| Phase | Value | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| Address | D0h | Bits [7:1] for PI7C9X2G312GP I ² C Slave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for Write = 0 |

I²C Register Write Access Example – Command Cycle

| Byte | Value | Description |
|------|----------------|--|
| 0 | 03h | [7:3] Reserved |
| | | [2:0] Command, 011b = Write register |
| 1 | 00h for Port 0 | [7:4] Reserved |
| | | [3:0] Port Select[4:1] |
| 2 | 3Ch for Port 0 | [7] Port Select[0] |
| | | [6] Reserved |
| | | [5:2] Byte Enable, all active. |
| | | [1:0] PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address, Bits [11:10] |
| 3 | 3Eh | [7:0] PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address, Bits [9:2] |

I²C Register Write Access Example – Data Cycle

| Byte | Value | Description |
|------|-------|--------------------------|
| 0 | 12h | Data to Write for Byte 3 |
| 1 | 34h | Data to Write for Byte 2 |
| 2 | 56h | Data to Write for Byte 1 |
| 3 | 78h | Data to Write for Byte 0 |





Figure 6-10 I²C Write Command Packet Example

I²C Write Packet Address Phase Bytes

| 1 st Cycle | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| S | Slave Address 1101_000b | Read/Write Bit | А | | | |
| | _ | 0 = Write | | | | |

I²C Write Packet Command Phase Bytes

| | Command Cycle | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK |
| Command | А | Command | А | Command | А | Command | А |
| Byte 0 | | Byte 1 | | Byte 2 | | Byte 3 | |
| 0000_0011b | | 0000_0000b | | 0011_1100b | | 0011_1110b | |

I²C Write Packet Data Phase Bytes

| Write Cycle | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | STOP |
| Register Byte 3 | Α | Register Byte 2 | А | Register Byte 1 | А | Register Byte 0 | Α | Р |

6.3.2 I²C REGISTER READ ACCESS

When the I²C Master attempts to read a PI7C9X2G312GP register, two packets are transmitted. The 1st packet consists of Address and Command Phase bytes to the Slave. The 2nd packet consists of Address and Data Phase bytes.

According to the I^2C Bus, v2.1, a Read cycle is triggered when the Read/Write bit (bit 0) of the 1^{st} cycle is Set. The Command phase reads the requested register content into the internal buffer. When the I^2C Read access occurs, the internal buffer value is transferred on to the I^2C Bus, starting from Byte 3 (bits [31: 24]), followed by the subsequent bytes, with Byte 0 (bits [7:0]) being transferred last. If the I^2C Master requests more than four bytes, the PI7C9X2G312GP re-transmits the same byte sequence, starting from Byte 3 of the internal buffer.

The 1st and 2nd I²C Read packets perform the following functions:

- 1st packet Selects the register to read
- 2nd packet Reads the register (sample 2nd packet provided is for a 7-bit PI7C9X2G312GP I²C Slave address)

Although two packets are shown for the I²C Read, the I²C Master can merge the two packets together into a single packet, by not generating the STOP at the end of the first packet (Master does not relinquish the bus) and generating REPEAT START.

Table 6-13 describes each I²C Command byte for Read access. In the packet described in Figure 6-11, Command Bytes 0 through 3 for Reads follow the format specified in Table 6-13.

| Byte | Bit(s) | Description |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| $1^{st}(0)$ | 7:3 | Reserved |
| | 2:0 | Command |
| | | 100b = Read register |
| $2^{nd}(1)$ | 7:4 | Reserved |
| | 3:0 | Port Select, Bits [4:1] |
| | | 2 nd Command byte, bit [3:0], and 3 rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. |
| 3 rd (2) | 7 | Port Select[0] |
| | | 2nd Command byte, bits [3:0], and 3rd Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. |
| | | Port Select[4:0] is used to select Port to access. |
| | | 0 Port 0 |
| | | 1 Port 1 |
| | | 2 Port 2 |

Table 6-13 I²C Command Format for Read Access





| Byte | Bit(s) | Description |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| | 6 | Reserved |
| | 5:2 | Byte Enable |
| | | BitDescription2Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [7:0])3Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [15:8])4Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [23:16])5Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (PI7C9X2G312GP register bits [31:24]) |
| | | 0 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will not be modified 1 = Corresponding PI7C9X2G312GP register byte will be modified |
| | 1:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [11:10] |
| 4 th (3) | 7:0 | PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address [9:2] Note: Address bits[1:0] are fixed to 0. |

Figure 6-11 I²C Read Command Packet

I²C Read Command Packet Address Phase Byte (1st Packet)

| | 1 st Cycle | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| Ŝ | Slave Address[7:1] | Read/Write Bit 0 = Write | А | | | |

I²C Read Command Packet Command Phase Byte (1st Packet)

| | Write Cycle | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK |
| Command | Α | Command | А | Command | А | Command | А |
| Byte 0 | | Byte 1 | | Byte 2 | | Byte 3 | |

I²C Read Data Packet Address Phase Byte (2nd Packet)

| | 1 st Cycle | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| S | Slave Address[7:1] | Read/Write Bit 1 = Read | А | | | |

I²C Read Data Packet Data Phase Byte (2nd Packet)

| | Write Cycle | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | STOP |
| Register | Α | Register | А | Register | Α | Register | Α | Р |
| Byte 3 | | Byte 2 | | Byte 1 | | Byte 0 | | |

The following tables illustrate a sample I2C packet for reading the PI7C9X2G312GP SSID/SSVID register (offset F8h) for Port 0. The default value for SSID/SSVID register is 0000_0000h.

Note: The P17C9X2G312GP has a default I^2C Slave address [6:0] value of 68h, with the GPIO[7:5] inputs having a value of 000. The byte sequence on the I^2C Bus, as listed in the following tables, occurs after the START and before the STOP bits, by which the I^2C Master frames the transfer.





Figure 6-12 I²C Register Read Access Example

I²C Register Read Access Example – Address Cycle (1st Packet)

| Address D0h Dits [7:1] for DI7C0V2C212CD I ² C Slove Address (69h) with last hit (hit 0) for Write = 0 | Phase | Value | Description |
|---|---------|-------|---|
| Address Don Bits [7.1] for $P1/C9A205120P1C$ shave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for write $= 0$ | Address | D0h | Bits $[7,1]$ for $P[7(9x)(33)(43)(4P)]$ ("Slave Address (6Xh) with last bit (bit ()) for Write = () |

I²C Register Read Access Example – Command Cycle (1st Packet)

| Byte | Value | Description |
|------|----------------|--|
| 0 | 04h | [7:3] Reserved |
| | | [2:0] Command , 100b = Read register |
| 1 | 00h for Port 0 | [7:4] Reserved |
| | | [3:0] Port Select[4:1] |
| 2 | 3Ch for Port 0 | [7] Port Select[0] |
| | | [6] Reserved |
| | | [5:2] Byte Enable, All active. |
| | | [1:0] PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address, Bits [11:10] |
| 3 | 3Eh | [7:0] PI7C9X2G312GP Register Address, Bits [9:2] |

I²C Register Read Access Example – 2nd Packet

| Phase | Value | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| Address | D1h | Bits [7:1] for PI7C9X2G312GP I2C Slave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for Read = 1 |
| Read | 00h | Byte 3 of Register Read |
| | 00h | Byte 2 of Register Read |
| | 00h | Byte 1 of Register Read |
| | 00h | Byte 0 of Register Read |

Figure 6-13 I²C Read Command Packet

I²C Read Command Packet Address Phase Bytes (1st Packet)

| 1 st Cycle | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| S | Slave Address 1101_000b | Read/Write Bit | А | | | |
| | _ | 0 = Write | | | | |

I²C Read Command Packet Command Phase Bytes (1st Packet)

| | | | Command Cycle | | | |
|------------|---------|------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 |
| Command | А | Command | А | Command | А | Command |
| Byte 0 | | Byte 1 | | Byte 2 | | Byte 3 |
| 0000_0100b | | 0000_0000b | | 0011_1100b | | 0011_1110b |

I²C Read Data Packet Address Phase Bytes (2nd Packet)

| 1 st Cycle | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|
| START | 7654321 | 0 | ACK/NAK | | | |
| S | Slave Address [7:1] 1101_000b | Read/Write Bit | А | | | |
| | | 1 = Read | | | | |

I²C Read Data Packet Data Phase Bytes (2nd Packet)

| | Command Cycle | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|------|
| 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | ACK/NAK | 76543210 | Stop |
| Register Byte3 | А | Register Byte2 | А | Register Byte1 | А | Register Byte0 | Р |
| 0000_0000b | | 0000_0000b | | 0000_0000b | | 0000_00000b | |





7 **REGISTER DESCRIPTION**

7.1 REGISTER TYPES

| REGISTER TYPE | DEFINITION |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| HwInt | Hardware Initialization |
| RO | Read Only |
| RW | Read / Write |
| RWC | Read / Write 1 to Clear |
| RWCS | Sticky – Read Only / Write 1 to Clear |
| RWS | Sticky – Read / Write |

7.2 TRANSPARENT MODE CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

When the port of the Switch is set to operate at the transparent mode, it is represented by a logical PCI-to-PCI Bridge that implements type 1 configuration space header. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of the PCI 2.3 compatible type 1 configuration space header.

| 31 –24 | 23 - 16 | 15 - 8 | 7 –0 | BYTE OFFSET | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Dev | Device ID | | or ID | 00h | |
| Primai | y Status | Com | mand | 04h | |
| | Class Code | | Revision ID | 08h | |
| Reserved | Header Type | Primary Latency Timer | Cache Line Size | 0Ch | |
| | | erved | | 10h – 17h | |
| Secondary Latency | Subordinate Bus | Secondary Bus | Primary Bus Number | 18h | |
| Timer | Number | Number | | | |
| | ary Status | I/O Limit Address | I/O Base Address | 1Ch | |
| 5 | imit Address | | ase Address | 20h | |
| Prefetchable Men | nory Limit Address | Prefetchable Men | nory Base Address | 24h | |
| | | ase Address Upper 32-bit | | 28h | |
| | | imit Address Upper 32-bit | | 2Ch | |
| I/O Limit Addı | ess Upper 16-bit | I/O Base Addre | | 30h | |
| | Reserved | | Capability Pointer | 34h | |
| | Res | erved | | 38h | |
| | Control | Interrupt Pin | Interrupt Line | 3Ch | |
| Power Manager | Power Management Capabilities | | Capability ID=01 | 40h | |
| PM Data | PM Data PPB Support Extensions | | gement Data | 44h | |
| Messag | e Control | Next Item Pointer | Capability ID=05 | 4Ch | |
| 0 | | e Address | | 50h | |
| | Message U | pper Address | | 54h | |
| Res | erved | | ge Data | 58h | |
| VPD | Register | Next Item Pointer | Capability ID=03 | 5Ch | |
| | | ta Register | | 60h | |
| Length in | Bytes (34h) | Next Item Pointer= | Capability ID=09 | 64h | |
| 0 | XPIP | CSR0 | | 68h | |
| | | CSR1 | | 6Ch | |
| ACK Lat | ency Timer | Replay Time | e-out Counter | 70h | |
| | rameter 0 | | Modes | 74h | |
| | rameter 1 | XPIP | CSR2 | 78h | |
| | PHY Pa | arameter 2 | | 7Ch | |
| | XPIP | CSR3 | | 80h | |
| | XPIP_CSR4 | | | | |
| | | CSR5 | | 84h 88h | |
| XPIP CSR7 | XPIP CSR6 | Port Misc | TL CSR | 8Ch | |
| _ | PHY Pa | arameter 3 | | 90h | |
| Res | served | | rgin Parameter | 94h | |
| L1PM | Buffer Ctrl | | Mode | 98h | |
| | Device st | ecific PME | | 9Ch | |





| 31 –24 | 23 - 16 | 15 - 8 | 7 –0 | BYTE OFFSET |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Re | eserved | EEPROM status | EPPROM Control | A0h |
| EEPF | ROM Data | EEPRO | M Address | A4h |
| | Reserved | | DebugOut Control | A8h |
| | Debug | Out Data | | ACh |
| Re | served | Next Item Pointer | SSID/SSVID Capability ID=0D | B0h |
| S | SSID | SS | VID | B4h |
| | GPIO Data | and Control | | B8h |
| | Res | erved | | BCh |
| PCI Express Ca | apabilities Register | Next Item Pointer | Capability ID=10 | C0h |
| | Device C | apabilities | | C4h |
| Devi | ce Status | Device Control | | C8h |
| | Link Ca | | CCh | |
| Lin | k Status | Link | Control | D0h |
| | Slot Ca | | D4h | |
| Slo | t Status | Slot C | Control | D8h |
| | Res | erved | | DCh |
| | Res | erved | | E0h |
| | Device Ca | apabilities 2 | | E4h |
| Devic | e Status 2 | Device | Control 2 | E8h |
| | Link Cap | pabilities 2 | | ECh |
| Link | Status 2 | Link Control 2 | | F0h |
| | Slot Cap | abilities 2 | | F4h |
| Slot | Status 2 | Slot Control 2 | | F8h |
| | Res | erved | | FCh |

Other than the PCI 2.3 compatible configuration space header, the Switch also implements PCI express extended configuration space header, which includes advanced error reporting, virtual channel, and power budgeting capability registers. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of PCI express extended capability space header. The first extended capability always begins at offset 100h with a PCI Express Enhanced Capability header and the rest of capabilities are located at an offset greater than 0FFh relative to the beginning of PCI compatible configuration space.

| 31 –24 | 23 | - 16 | 15 - 8 | 7 –0 | BYTE OFFSET | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| Next Capability (| Next Capability Offset Cap. Version | | PCI Express Extende | d Capability ID=0001h | 100h | |
| | Uncorrectable Error Status Register | | | | | |
| | Un | correctable Err | ror Mask Register | | 108h | |
| | Unco | orrectable Erro | or Severity Register | | 10Ch | |
| | Co | orrectable Erro | r Status Register | | 110h | |
| | | | or Mask Register | | 114h | |
| | Advanced | Error Capabili | ities and Control Register | | 118h | |
| | | Header Lo | og Register | | 11Ch-12Bh | |
| | | Rese | erved | | 12Ch-13Fh | |
| Next Capability (| Next Capability Offset Cap. Version | | PCI Express Extende | d Capability ID=0002h | 140h | |
| | Port VC Capability Register 1 | | | | | |
| VC Arbitration Table Offset=3 | VC Arbitration Table Poi | | | r 2 | 148h | |
| Port VC St | atus Register | | Port VC Co | ntrol Register | 14Ch | |
| Port Arbitration Table Offset=4 | | VC R | esource Capability Regist | ter (0) | 150h | |
| | VC | C Resource Co | ntrol Register (0) | | 154h | |
| VC Resource S | | | | erved | 158h | |
| Port Arbitration Table Offset=6 | Port Arbitration Table VC Resource Capability R | | | ter (1) | 15Ch | |
| | VC Resource Control Register (1) | | | | | |
| VC Resource S | VC Resource Status Register (1) Reserved | | | | 164h | |
| | Reserved | | | | | |
| | VC | Arbitration Ta | ble with 32 Phases | | 170h – 17Fh | |
| | Port Arbi | tration Table w | vith 128 Phases for VC0 | | 180h – 1BFh | |
| | Port Arbi | tration Table w | vith 128 Phases for VC1 | | 1C0h – 1FFh | |
| | | Rese | erved | | 200h-20Bh | |





PI7C9X2G312GP

| 31 - | -24 | 2 | 3 – 16 | 15 | - 8 | 7 –0 | BYTE OFFSET |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Next | Next Capability Offset Cap. | | PCI Exp | ress Extended | l Capability ID=0004h | 20Ch | |
| | Reserved | | | | | Data Select Register | 210h |
| | | | | Register | | Data Scient Register | 214h |
| | | Re | eserved | | | Power Budget Capability Register | 218h |
| | | Re | served | | | Cupucinty Register | 21Ch |
| Next | Capability C | Offset | Cap version | PCI Expr | ess Extended | Capability ID=000Dh | 220h |
| | ACS (| Control | | | ACS C | apability | 224h |
| | | R | eserved | • | | Egress Control Vector | 228h |
| | | | Rese | erved | | | 22Ch |
| Next | Capability C | Offset | Cap version | PCI Exp | ress Extended | l Capability ID=0018h | 230h |
| Reserved | Max No- Snoop Latency Scale | Max No-Snoop Latency Value | | Reserved | Max Snoop Latency Scale | Max Snoop Latency Value | 234h |
| | | | Rese | erved | | 1 | 238h -23Fh |
| Next Capa | bility Offset | =000h | Cap version | PCI Expi | ress Extended | l Capability ID=001Eh | 240h |
| | | | L1 PM Substa | ates Capability | у | | 244h |
| | | | L1 PM Subst | | | | 248h |
| | | | L1 PM Subst | ates Control 2 | 2 | | 24Ch |
| | | | Rese | erved | | | 250h - 33Bh |
| | | | LTSSI | M CSR | | | 33Ch |
| | MAC | CSR1 | | | Hotplu | g_CSR | 340h |
| | | | SMBUS | S Control | | | 344h |
| Reserved | | | | | | 348h - 34Fh | |
| Reserved CPLD Flow Control Enable | | | | | 350h | | |
| X2 | X2 CPLD Flow Control Threshold X1 CPLD Flow Control | | | | | Control Threshold | 354h |
| | Rese | erved | | X4 (| CPLD Flow (| Control Threshold | 358h |
| | | | Rese | erved | | | 35Ch |
| | | | Power Sav | ing Disable | | | 360h |
| | | | LED Dis | play CSR | | | 364h |

7.2.1 VENDOR ID REGISTER - OFFSET 00h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|------|---|
| 15:0 | Vendor ID | RO | Identifies Pericom as the vendor of this device. The default value may be changed by auto- loading from EEPROM. Reset to 12D8h. |

7.2.2 DEVICE ID REGISTER - OFFSET 00h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------|------|--|
| 31:16 | Device ID | RO | Identifies this device as the PI7C9X2G312GP. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Resets to 2312h. |

7.2.3 COMMAND REGISTER - OFFSET 04h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------------|------|---|
| 0 | I/O Space Enable | RW | 0b: Ignores I/O transactions on the primary interface 1b: Enables responses to I/O transactions on the primary interface |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|
| | | | Resets to 0b. |
| 1 | Memory Space Enable | RW | 0b: Ignores memory transactions on the primary interface 1b: Enables responses to memory transactions on the primary interface |
| 2 | Bus Master Enable | RW | Reset to 0b. 0b: Does not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the upstream port and handles as an Unsupported Request (UR) to memory and I/O transactions on the downstream port. For Non-Posted Requests, a completion with UR completion status must be returned 1b: Enables the Switch Port to forward memory and I/O Read/Write transactions in the upstream direction Reset to 0b. |
| 3 | Special Cycle Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 4 | Memory Write And Invalidate Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 5 | VGA Palette Snoop Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 6 | Parity Error Response Enable | RW | 0b: Switch may ignore any parity errors that it detects and continue normal operation 1b: Switch must take its normal action when a parity error is detected Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | Wait Cycle Control | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 8 | SERR# enable | RW | Ob: Disables the reporting of Non-fatal and Fatal errors detected by the Switch to the Root Complex 1b: Enables the Non-fatal and Fatal error reporting to Root Complex Reset to 0b. |
| 9 | Fast Back-to-Back Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 10 | Interrupt Disable | RW | Controls the ability of a PCI Express device to generate INTx Interrupt Messages. In the Switch, this bit does not affect the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream ports. Reset to 0b. |
| 15:11 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 04h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| 18:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 19 | Interrupt Status | RO | Indicates that an INTx Interrupt Message is pending internally to the device. In the Switch, the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream device of the Switch port is not reflected in this bit. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 20 | Capabilities List | RO | Set to 1b to enable support for the capability list (offset 34h is the pointer to the data structure). Reset to 1b. |
| 21 | 66MHz Capable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 22 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 23 | Fast Back-to-Back Capable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 24 | Master Data Parity Error | RWC | Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the primary side of the port in a Switch. If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set. Reset to 0b. |
| 26:25 | DEVSEL# timing | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 27 | Signaled Target Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a completer) whenever completing a request on the primary side using the Completer Abort Completion Status. Reset to 0b. |
| 28 | Received Target Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a requestor) whenever receiving a Completion with Completer Abort Completion Status on the primary side. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|--|
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 29 | Received Master Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a requestor) whenever receiving a Completion with Unsupported Request Completion Status on primary side. Reset to 0b. |
| 30 | Signaled System Error | RWC | Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Command register is 1b. Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | Detected Parity Error | RWC | Set to 1b whenever the primary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP. Reset to 0b. |

7.2.5 REVISION ID REGISTER - OFFSET 08h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------|------|--|
| 7:0 | Revision | RO | Indicates revision number of device. Hardwired to 00h. |

7.2.6 CLASS CODE REGISTER - OFFSET 08h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------|------|--|
| 15:8 | Programming | RO | Read as 00h to indicate no programming interfaces have been defined for PCI-to-PCI |
| | Interface | | Bridges. |
| 23:16 | Sub-Class Code | RO | Read as 04h to indicate device is a PCI-to-PCI Bridge. |
| 31:24 | Base Class Code | RO | Read as 06h to indicate device is a Bridge device. |

7.2.7 CACHE LINE REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------|------|--|
| 7:0 | Cache Line Size | RW | The cache line size register is set by the system firmware and the operating system cache line size. This field is implemented by PCI Express devices as a RW field for legacy compatibility, but it has no impact on any PCI Express device functionality. Reset to 00h. |

7.2.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------|------|--|
| 15:8 | Primary Latency timer | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 00h. |

7.2.9 HEADER TYPE REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------|------|---|
| 23:16 | Header Type | RO | Read as 01h to indicate that the register layout conforms to the standard PCI-to-PCI Bridge layout. |

7.2.10 PRIMARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------|------|---|
| 7:0 | Primary Bus Number | RW | Indicates the number of the PCI bus to which the primary interface is connected. The value is |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------|------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | set in software during configuration. |
| | | | Depart to 00h |
| | | | Reset to 00h. |

7.2.11 SECONDARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------|------|--|
| 15:8 | Secondary Bus Number | RW | Indicates the number of the PCI bus to which the secondary interface is connected. The value is set in software during configuration. Reset to 00h. |

7.2.12 SUBORDINATE BUS NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET 18h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------|------|--|
| 23:16 | Subordinate Bus Number | RW | Indicates the number of the PCI bus with the highest number that is subordinate to the Bridge. The value is set in software during configuration. Reset to 00h. |

7.2.13 SECONDARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------|------|--|
| 31:24 | Secondary Latency Timer | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 00h. |

7.2.14 I/O BASE ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 3:0 | 32-bit Indicator | RO | Read as 1h to indicate 32-bit I/O addressing. |
| 7:4 | I/O Base Address [15:12] | RW | Defines the bottom address of the I/O address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 4 bits correspond to address bits [15:12] and are writable. The lower 12 bits corresponding to address bits [11:0] are assumed to be 0. The upper 16 bits corresponding to address bits [31:16] are defined in the I/O base address upper 16 bits address register. Reset to 0h. |

7.2.15 I/O LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------|------|--|
| 11:8 | 32-bit Indicator | RO | Read as 1h to indicate 32-bit I/O addressing. |
| 15:12 | I/O Limit Address [15:12] | RW | Defines the top address of the I/O address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 4 bits correspond to address bits [15:12] and are writable. The lower 12 bits corresponding to address bits [11:0] are assumed to be FFFh. The upper 16 bits corresponding to address bits [31:16] are defined in the I/O limit address upper 16 bits address register. Reset to 0h. |





7.2.16 SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| 20:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 21 | 66MHz Capable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 22 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 23 | Fast Back-to-Back Capable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 24 | Master Data Parity Error | RWC | Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the secondary side of the port in a Switch. If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set. Reset to 0b. |
| 26:25 | DEVSEL L timing | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 27 | Signaled Target Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a completer) whenever completing a request in the secondary side using Completer Abort Completion Status. Reset to 0b. |
| 28 | Received Target Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a requestor) whenever receiving a Completion with Completer Abort Completion Status in the secondary side. Reset to 0b. |
| 29 | Received Master Abort | RO | Set to 1b (by a requestor) whenever receiving a Completion with Unsupported Request Completion Status in secondary side. Reset to 0b. |
| 30 | Received System Error | RWC | Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Bridge Control register is 1. Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | Detected Parity Error | RWC | Set to 1b whenever the secondary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP. Reset to 0b. |

7.2.17 MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET 20h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------|------|---|
| 3:0 | Reserved | RO | Reset to 0h. |
| 15:4 | Memory Base Address [31:20] | RW | Defines the bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bits [31:20] and are able to be written to. The lower 20 bits corresponding to address bits [19:0] are assumed to be 0. Reset to 000h. |

7.2.18 MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET 20h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------|------|--|
| 19:16 | Reserved | RO | Reset to 0h. |
| 31:20 | Memory Limit Address [31:20] | RW | Defines the top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bits [31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits corresponding to address bits [19:0] are assumed to be FFFFFh. Reset to 000h. |





7.2.19 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET 24h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|------|--|
| 3:0 | 64-bit addressing | RO | Read as 1h to indicate 64-bit addressing. |
| 15:4 | Prefetchable Memory Base Address [31:20] | RW | Defines the bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bits [31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits are assumed to be 0. The memory base register upper 32 bits contain the upper half of the base address. Reset to 000h. |

7.2.20 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 24h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|------|---|
| 19:16 | 64-bit addressing | RO | Read as 1h to indicate 64-bit addressing. |
| 31:20 | Prefetchable Memory Limit Address [31:20] | RW | Defines the top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bits [31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits are assumed to be FFFFFh. The memory limit upper 32 bits register contains the upper half of the limit address. Reset to 000h. |

7.2.21 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 28h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|------|--|
| 31:0 | Prefetchable Memory Base Address, Upper 32-bits [63:32] | RW | Defines the upper 32-bits of a 64-bit bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other. Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.22 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|------|---|
| 31:0 | Prefetchable Memory Limit Address, Upper 32-bits [63:32] | RW | Defines the upper 32-bits of a 64-bit top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other. Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.23 I/O BASE ADDRESS UPPER 16-BITS REGISTER - OFFSET 30h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|------|---|
| 15:0 | I/O Base Address, Upper 16-bits [31:16] | RW | Defines the upper 16-bits of a 32-bit bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. Reset to 0000h. |





7.2.24 I/O LIMIT ADDRESS UPPER 16-BITS REGISTER - OFFSET 30h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 31:16 | I/O Limit Address, Upper 16-bits [31:16] | RW | Defines the upper 16-bits of a 32-bit top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.25 CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET 34h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------------------|------|---|
| 7:0 | Capability Pointer | RO | Pointer points to the PCI power management registers (40h). |
| 7.0 | Capability I biller | ĸo | Reset to 40h. |

7.2.26 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------------|------|---------------|
| 7:0 | Interrupt Line | RW | Reset to 00h. |

7.2.27 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------|------|--|
| 15:8 | Interrupt Pin | RO | The Switch implements INTA virtual wire interrupt signals to represent hot-plug events at downstream ports. The default value on the downstream ports may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00h. |

7.2.28 BRIDGE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|---|
| 16 | Parity Error Response | RW | 0b: Ignore Poisoned TLPs on the secondary interface 1b: Enable the Poisoned TLPs reporting and detection on the secondary interface Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | S_SERR# enable | RW | 0b: Disables the forwarding of EER_COR, ERR_NONFATAL and ERR_FATAL from secondary to primary interface 1b: Enables the forwarding of EER_COR, ERR_NONFATAL and ERR_FATAL from secondary to primary interface Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | ISA Enable | RW | 0b: Forwards downstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base, I/O Base, and Limit registers 1b: Forwards upstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base and Limit registers that are in the first 64KB of PCI I/O address space (top 768 bytes of each 1KB block) Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | VGA Enable | RW | 0b: Ignores access to the VGA memory or IO address range 1b: Forwards transactions targeted at the VGA memory or IO address range VGA memory range starts from 000A 0000h to 000B FFFFh VGA IO addresses are in the first 64KB of IO address space. AD [9:0] is in the ranges 3B0 to 3BBh and 3C0h to 3DFh. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | VGA 16-bit decode | RW | 0b: Executes 10-bit address decoding on VGA I/O accesses 1b: Executes 16-bit address decoding on VGA I/O accesses Reset to 0b. |
| 21 | Master Abort Mode | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 22 | Secondary Bus Reset | RW | 0b: Does not trigger a hot reset on the corresponding PCI Express Port 1b: Triggers a hot reset on the corresponding PCI Express Port At the downstream port, it asserts PORT_RST# to the attached downstream device. At the upstream port, it asserts the PORT_RST# at all the downstream ports. Reset to 0b. |
| 23 | Fast Back-to-Back Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 24 | Primary Master Timeout | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 25 | Secondary Master Timeout | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 26 | Master Timeout Status | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 27 | Discard Timer SERR# enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 31:28 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.29 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET 40h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|
| 7:0 | Enhanced Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 01h to indicate that these are power management enhanced capability registers. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | The pointer points to the Vital Protocol Data (VPD) capability register / Message capability register. Reset to 5Ch (Upstream Port). Reset to 4Ch (Downstream Ports). |
| 18:16 | Power Management Revision | RO | Read as 011b to indicate the device is compliant to Revision 1.2 of <i>PCI Power Management</i> Interface Specifications. |
| 19 | PME# Clock | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 20 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 21 | Device Specific Initialization | RO | Read as 0b to indicate Switch does not have device specific initialization requirements. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 24:22 | AUX Current | RO | Reset as 111b to indicate the Switch needs 375 mA in D3 state. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, 12C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 25 | D1 Power State Support | RO | Read as 1b to indicate Switch supports the D1 power management state. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, 12C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 26 | D2 Power State Support | RO | Read as 1b to indicate Switch supports the D2 power management state. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 31:27 | PME# Support | RO | Read as 1_111b to indicate Switch supports the forwarding of PME# message in all power states. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |

7.2.30 POWER MANAGEMENT DATA REGISTER - OFFSET 44h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|------|---|
| 1:0 | Power State | RW | Indicates the current power state of the Switch. Writing a value of D0 when the previous state was D3 cause a hot reset without asserting DWNRST_L. 00b: D0 state 01b: D1 state 10b: D2 state 11b: D3 hot state Reset to 00b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------|-------|--|
| 2 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 3 | No_Soft_Reset | RO | When set, this bit indicates that device transitioning from D3hot to D0 does not perform an internal reset. When clear, an internal reset is performed when power state transits from D3hot to D0. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 7:4 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 8 | PME# Enable | RW | When asserted, the Switch will generate the PME# message. Reset to 1'b0. |
| 12:9 | Data Select | RW | Select data registers. Reset to 0h. |
| 14:13 | Data Scale | RO | Reset to 00b. |
| 15 | PME Status | RO | Read as 0b as the PME# message is not implemented. |

7.2.31 PPB SUPPORT EXTENSIONS - OFFSET 44h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|---|
| 21:16 | Reserved | RO | Reset to 00_0000b. |
| 22 | B2_B3 Support for D3 _{HOT} | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |
| 23 | Bus Power / Clock Control Enable | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0b. |

7.2.32 DATA REGISTER - OFFSET 44h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------|------|--|
| 31:24 | Data Register | RO | Data Register. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 00h. |

7.2.33 MSI CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------------------|------|--|
| 7:0 | Enhanced Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 05h to indicate that this is message signal interrupt capability register. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | Pointer points to the Vendor specific capability register. Reset to 64h. |

7.2.34 MESSAGE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 16 | MSI Enable | RW | 0b: The function is prohibited from using MSI to request service 1b: The function is permitted to use MSI to request service and is prohibited from using its INTx # pin Reset to 0b. |
| 19:17 | Multiple Message Capable | RO | Read as 000b. |
| 22:20 | Multiple Message Enable | RW | Reset to 000b. |
| 23 | 64-bit address capable | RO | 0b: The function is not capable of generating a 64-bit message address 1b: The function is capable of generating a 64-bit message address |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------|-------|--------------|
| | | | Reset to 1b. |
| 31:24 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.35 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 50h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------|-------|---|
| 1:0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| | Message Address | RW | If the message enable bit is set, the contents of this register specify the DWORD aligned address for MSI memory write transaction. |
| 51.2 | mossuge multips | 1 | Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.36 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 54h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------|------|---|
| 31:0 | Message Upper | RW | This register is only effective if the device supports a 64-bit message address is set. |
| | Address | | Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.37 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 58h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------|-------|-----------------|
| 15:0 | Message Data | RW | Reset to 0000h. |
| 31:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.38 VPD CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 7:0 | Enhanced Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 03h to indicate that these are VPD enhanced capability registers. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | Pointer points to the Vendor specific capability register. Reset to 64h. |

7.2.39 VPD REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------|-------|--|
| 17:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 23:18 | VPD Address | RW | Contains DWORD address that is used to generate read or write cycle to the VPD table stored in EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 00_0000b. |
| 29:24 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 30 | VPD Write Enable | RW | Enable the write operation. Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | VPD operation | RW | 0b: Performs VPD read command to VPD table at the location as specified in VPD address. This bit is kept '0' and then set to '1' automatically after EEPROM cycle is finished 1b: Performs VPD write command to VPD table at the location as specified in VPD address. This bit is kept '1' and then set to '0' automatically after EEPROM cycle is finished. Reset to 0b. |





7.2.40 VPD DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 60h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------|------|--|
| 31:0 | VPD Data | RW | When read, it returns the last data read from VPD table at the location as specified in VPD Address. When written, it places the current data into VPD table at the location as specified in VPD |
| | | | Address. Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.41 VENDOR SPECIFIC CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET 64h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 7:0 | Enhanced Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 09h to indicate that these are vendor specific capability registers. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | Pointer points to the SSID/SSVID capability register. Reset to B0h. |
| 31:16 | Length Information | RO | The length field provides the information for number of bytes in the capability structure (including the ID and Next pointer bytes). Reset to 34h. |

7.2.42 XPIP_CSR0 – OFFSET 68h (Test Purpose Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|------|--|
| 31:0 | XPIP_CSR0 | RW | The default value for bit [14:13] may be changed by auto-loading from EEPROM. Bit[1]: Enable to change LTSSM Role 1b: enable to change LTSSM role 0b: disable to change LTSSM role Bit[2]: Disable hot reset (Upstream Port Only) 1b: do not fire hot reset to downstream ports if upstream port link is down 0b: do fire hot reset to downstream ports if upstream port link is down 0b: do fire hot reset to downstream ports if upstream port link is down Bit[3]: LTSSM CFG_DN_Port Select 1b: set LTSSM role to packet switch downstream port 0b: set LTSSM role to packet switch upstream port Reset to 0400_1060h. |

7.2.43 XPIP_CSR1 – OFFSET 6Ch (Test Purpose Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|------|----------------------|
| 31:0 | XPIP_CSR1 | RW | Reset to 0400_0800h. |

7.2.44 REPLAY TIME-OUT COUNTER – OFFSET 70h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------|------|--|
| 11:0 | User Replay Timer | RW | A 12-bit register contains a user-defined value. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 000h. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--|-------|---|
| 12 | Enable User Replay Timer | RW | When asserted, the user-defined replay time-out value is be employed. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 13 | Power Management Capability Disable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | Cupuolinty Disuble | | Reset to 0b. |
| 14 | MSI Capability Disable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 15 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.45 ACKNOWLEDGE LATENCY TIMER - OFFSET 70h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------|------|---|
| 29:16 | User ACK Latency Timer | RW | A 14-bit register contains a user-defined value. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0000h. |
| 30 | Enable User ACK Latency | RW | When asserted, the user-defined ACK latency value is be employed. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | VGA Decode Enable | RO | Enable the VGA range decode. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto- loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |

7.2.46 SWITCH OPERATION MODE - OFFSET 74h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|---|
| 0 | Store-Forward | RW | When set, a store-forward mode is used. Otherwise, the chip is working under cut-through mode. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 2:1 | Cut-through Threshold | RW | Cut-through Threshold. When forwarding a packet from low-speed port to high-speed mode, the chip provides the capability to adjust the forwarding threshold. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. 00b: the threshold is set at the middle of forwarding packet 01b: the threshold is set ahead 1-cycle of middle point 10b: the threshold is set ahead 2-cycle of middle point. 11b: the threshold is set ahead 3-cycle of middle point. |
| | | | Reset to 01b. |
| 3 | Port Arbitration Mode | RW | When set, the round-robin arbitration will stay in the arbitrated port even if the credit is not enough but request is pending. When clear, the round-robin arbitration will always go to the requesting port, which the outgoing credit is enough for the packet queued in the port. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 4 | Credit Update Mode | RW | When set, the frequency of releasing new credit to the link partner will be all types per update.When clear, the frequency of releasing new credit to the link partner will be type oriented per update.The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| 5 | Ordering on Different Egress Port Mode | RW | When set, there has ordering rule on packets for different egress port. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 6 | Ordering on Different Tag of Completion Mode | RW | When set, there has ordering rule between completion packet with different tag. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | NonPost TLP Store- Forward | RO | When set, for Non-port TLP store-forward mode is used . Otherwise, Non-post TLP is working under cut-through mode. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 13:8 | Power Management Control Parameter | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00 0001b. |
| 14 | RX Polarity Inversion Disable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 15 | Compliance Pattern Parity Control Disable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 20:16 | C_DRV_LVL_3P5_ NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1_0011b. |
| 25:21 | C_DRV_LVL_6P0_ NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1_0011b. |
| 30:26 | C_DRV_LVL_HALF _NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0_0010b. |
| 31 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.47 SWITCH OPERATION MODE - OFFSET 74h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 13:8 | Power Management Control Parameter | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00_0001b. |
| 14 | RX Polarity Inversion Disable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 15:31 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.48 XPIP_CSR2 – OFFSET 78h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------|------|--|
| 7:0 | FTS Number | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 80h. |
| 9:8 | Scrambler Control | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| 10 | LOs | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | Compliance to Detect | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 13:12 | Change_Speed_Sel | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------|-------|---|
| 14 | Change_Speed_En | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, 12C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 15 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.49 PHY PARAMETER 1 – OFFSET 78h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|--|
| 20:16 | C_EMP_POST_ GEN1_3P5_NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1_0101b. |
| 25:21 | C_EMP_POST_ GEN2_3P5_NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1_0101b. |
| 30:26 | C_EMP_POST_ GEN2_6P0_NOM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1_1101b. |
| 31 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.50 PHY PARAMETER 2 - OFFSET 7Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| 3:0 | C_TX_PHY_ LATENACY | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0111b. |
| 6:4 | C_REC_DETEC_ USEC | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 010b. |
| 7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 8 | P_CDR_FREQLOOP _EN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 10:9 | P_CDR_ THRESHOLD | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 10b. |
| 12:11 | P_CDR_FREQLOOP _GAIN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 11b. |
| 15:13 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 16 | P_DRV_LVL_MGN _DELATA_EN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | P_DRV_LVL_NOM _DELATA_EN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | P_EMP_POST_MGN _DELATA_EN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | P_EMP_POST_NOM _DELATA_EN | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 21:20 | P_RX_SIGDET_ LVL | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 01b. |
| 25:22 | P_RX_EQ_1 | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0110b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| 20.26 | D DY FO 2 | DO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 29:26 | P_RX_EQ_2 | RO | D |
| | | | Reset to 1000b. |
| | | | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 30 | P_TXSWING | RO | |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.51 XPIP_CSR3 – OFFSET 80h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|------|---|
| 31:0 | XPIP CSR3 | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | — | | Reset to 000F_0000h. |

7.2.52 XPIP_CSR4 – OFFSET 84h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|------|---|
| 31:0 | XPIP CSR4 | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | - | | Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.53 XPIP_CSR5 – OFFSET 88h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------------|------|---|
| 29:0 | XPIP_CSR5[29:0] | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Bit[11]: UP_CFG_Reset Select 0b: cfg data will be reset upon the link down of upstream port 1b: cfg data is not affected when link down of upstream port |
| | | | Reset to 3308_3333h. |
| 30 | DO_CHG_DATA_ RATE_CTRL | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b (Upstream Port). |
| | KAIL_CIKL | | Reset to 0b (Downstream Ports). |
| 31 | Gen1_Cap_Only | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |

7.2.54 TL_CSR – OFFSET 8Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--|------|---|
| 0 | TX_SOF_FORM | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 1 | PM Data Select Register R/W Capability | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | ARBITER_ABORT_ SEL | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 1b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|---|
| 3 | 4K Boundary Check Enable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. |
| 4 | FIFOERR_FIX_SEL | RO | Reset to 0b. Reset to 1b. |
| 5 | MW Overpass Disable | RW | The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0b. |
| 6 | Ordering Frozen Disable | RW | Disable the RO ordering rule. The default value may be changed by auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | GNT_FAIL2IDLE | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 1b. |
| 8:9 | DO_CHG_DATA_ CNT_SEL | RO | The trying number for doing change data rate. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| 10 | Port Disable | RO | Disable this port. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | Reset Select | RO | Reset to 00. Reset select (upstream port only). The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is valid for up port only. Reset to 1b for up port. Reset to 0b for down port. |
| 12 | ARB_VCFLG_SEL | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 1b. |
| 15:13 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 23:16 | XPIP_CSR6[7:0] | RO | XPIP_CSR6 Value. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Bit[0]: Disable phy error retrain 1b: disable phy error retrain function 0b: enable phy error retrain function Reset to 79h. |
| 25:24 | REV_TS_CTR | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| 29:26 | MAC Control Parameter | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0h. |
| 30 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 31 | P35_GEN2_MODE | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |

7.2.55 PHY PARAMETER 3 - OFFSET 90h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|---|
| 6:0 | PHY Parameter 3 (Per Lane) | RO | PHY's Lane mode. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, 12C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00h. |
| 14:7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|--|
| 31:15 | PHY Parameter 3 (Global) | RO | PHY's delta value setting. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto- loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Reset to 0_0001h. |

7.2.56 PHY PARAMETER 4 - OFFSET 94h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| 15:0 | PHY TX Margin Parameter | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 116Bh. |
| 31:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.57 OPERATION MODE - OFFSET 98h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------|-------|--|
| 15:0 | Operation Mode | RO | Bit[0]: SROM_BYPASS Bit[1]: IDDQB Bit[2]: FAST_MODE Bit[3]: DEBUG_MODE Bit[4]: PHY_MODE Bit[6:5]: PKG_SEL[1:0] Bit[8:7]: PLC_SEL[1:0] Bit[15:9]: Reserved Reset to 0122h. |
| 23:16 | Clock Buffer Control | RO | For reference clock buffer control. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is set by Upstream Port Only. Bit[23]: Reset to the status of CLKBUF_PD strapped pin. Bit[22:16]: Reset to 1Fh. Bit[23]: enable or disable reference clock outputs 0b: enable reference clock outputs 1b: disable reference clock outputs Bit[22:16]: enable or disable REFCLKO_P/N[7:1] 0b: disable 1b: enable |
| 27:24 | L1PM Option | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0h. |
| 31:28 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.58 DEVICE SPECIFIC POWER MANAGEMENT EVENT– OFFSET 9Ch (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------------------|------|---|
| 0 | Device Specific PME Capability | RO | 1b indicate enable device specific PME. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 1b. |
| 1 | PME Turnoff Message Request | R/W | Request to send PME turnoff message. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | Port Power | R/W | Control GPIO[4:0] pins when Device Specific PME Capability is enabled. Downstream port 1 controls GPIO[0], Downstream port 2 controls GPIO[1], and so on. |
| | | | Reset to 1b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------|-------|---|
| 3 | Port Reset | R/W | This bit when reset asserts an active low reset signal to the attached device. When set, the reset signal is de-asserted. |
| | | | Reset to 1b. |
| 15:4 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 17:16 | Link Status | RO | These two bits represent the link status of device connected to the downstream port. 00b: L0 01b: L0s 10b: L1 11b: L2/L3 Reset to 00b. |
| 31:18 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.59 EEPROM CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET A0h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|------|---|
| | | | Starts the EEPROM read or write cycle. |
| 0 | EEPROM Start | RW | |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 3:1 | EEPROM Command | RW | Sends the command to the EEPROM. 001b: write STATUS register 010b: EEPROM write 011b: EEPROM read 100b: disable write operation 101b: read STATUS register |
| | | | 110b: enable the write operation Reset to 000b. |
| 4 | EEPROM Autoload Status | RO | 0b: EEPROM autoload was unsuccessful or is disabled 1b: EEPROM autoload occurred successfully after PREST. Configuration registers were loaded with values stored in the EEPROM |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 5 | EEPROM Autoload Disable | RW | 0b: EEPROM autoload enabled 1b: EEPROM autoload disabled |
| | | | Reset to 1b. |
| 7:6 | EEPROM Clock Rate | RW | Determines the frequency of the EEPROM clock, which is derived from the primary clock. 00b: Reserved 01b: PEXCLK / 64 (PEXCLK is 250MHz) 10b: Reserved 11b: Test Mode |
| | | | Reset to 01b. |
| 8 | EEPROM Status[0]: Write In Process | RO | Indicate whether the eeprom is busy with write a operation. Reset to 0b. |
| 9 | EEPROM Status[1]: Write Enable Latch | RO | Indicate the status of the write enable latch. Reset to 0b. |
| 10 | EEPROM Status[2]: Block Protection 0 | R/W | Indicate the block is currently write protected. Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | EEPROM Status[3]: Block Protection 1 | R/W | Reset to 00. Indicate the block is currently write protected. Reset to 0b. |
| 14:12 | EEPROM Status[6:4]]: | RO | Reset to 000b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------------------|------|---------------------------|
| 1.5 | EEPROM Status[7] | DAV | Write enable Protect bit. |
| 15 | Write Protect Enable | R/W | Reset to 0b. |

7.2.60 EEPROM ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET A4h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | Contains the EEPROM address. |
| 15:0 | EEPROM Address | RW | |
| | | | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.61 EEPROM DATA REGISTER – OFFSET A4h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------|------|---------------------------|
| 21.16 | | DW | Contains the EEPROM data. |
| 31:16 | EEPROM Data | RW | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.62 DEBUGOUT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET A8h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| | | | Debug mode select. |
| 4:0 | Debug Mode Select | RW | |
| | | | Reset to 0_0000b. |
| | | | Debug port select. |
| 7:5 | Debug Port Select | RW | |
| | _ | | Reset to 000b. |
| | | | Start to select debug output data. |
| 8 | Debug Output Start | RW | |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 23:9 | Reserved | RsvdP | Support. |
| 31:24 | LED Debug | WO | Reset to 00h. |

7.2.63 DEBUGOUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET ACh (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------|------|---|
| 31:0 | Debug Output Data | RO | Contains the debug output data. When Debug Mode Select is set to 0Ch (A8h.bit[4:0]), this register will show LTSSM state machine. bit[0]=1 the port is in Detect state bit[1]=1 the port is in Polling state bit[2]=1 the port is in Config state bit[3]=1 the port is in L0 state (link up) bit[4]=1 the port is in L0 state bit[5]=1 the port is in L1 state bit[6]=1 the port is in L2 state bit[7]=1 the port is in Disabled state bit[8]=1 the port is in Hot_Reset state bit[9]=1 the port is in Recovery state Reset to 0000_0000h. |





7.2.64 SSID/SSVID CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET B0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------------|------|---|
| 7:0 | SSID/SSVID Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 0Dh to indicate that these are SSID/SSVID capability registers. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express capability register. Reset to C0h. |

7.2.65 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET B4h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------|------|--|
| 15:0 | SSVID | RO | It indicates the sub-system vendor id. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.66 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET B4h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------|------|--|
| 31:16 | SSID | RO | It indicates the sub-system device id. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.67 GPIO CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET B8h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| 0 | GPIO [0] Input | HwInt RO | State of GPIO [0] pin. Reset to 1b. |
| 1 | GPIO [0] Output Enable | RW | Ob: GPIO [0] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [0] is an output pin Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | GPIO [0] Output Register | RW | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [0] pin if GPIO [0] is configured as an output pin. This register is valid when Device Specific PME Capability of downstream port 1 is disabled. Reset to 0b |
| 3 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 4 | GPIO [1] Input | HwInt RO | State of GPIO [1] pin. Reset to 1b. |
| 5 | GPIO [1] Output Enable | RW | 0b: GPIO [1] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [1] is an output pin Reset to 0b. |
| 6 | GPIO [1] Output Register | RW | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [1] pin if GPIO [1] is configured as an output pin. This register is valid when Device Specific PME Capability of downstream port 2 is disabled. Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 8 | GPIO [2] Input | HwInt RO | State of GPIO [2] pin. Reset to 1b. |





| 9 GPIO [2] Output Eable RW Reset to 0b. Ib GPIO [2] is an output pin Reset to 0b. 10 GPIO [2] Output Register RW Reset to 0b. Reset to 0b. 11 Reserved Reset PAUP Not Support. 12 GPIO [3] Input IIWInit RO State of GPIO [3] pin. 13 GPIO [3] Output Eable RW Reserved Reset to 1b. 14 GPIO [3] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [3] pin if GPIO [3] is configured as an output Register 15 Reserved Reset to 1b. Reset to 1b. 16 GPIO [4] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [3] pin if GPIO [3] is configured as an output Reset to 1b. 17 GPIO [4] Output Eable Reset to 1b. Reset to 1b. 18 GPIO [4] Output Eable RW Nate of GPIO [4] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [4] is an output pin 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Input Register RW Nate of GPIO [5] pin 21 GPIO [5] Input Register RW Nate of GPIO [5] pin 22 <t< th=""><th></th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>TYPE</th><th>FUNCTION</th><th>BIT</th></t<> | | DESCRIPTION | TYPE | FUNCTION | BIT |
|---|-------------|---|-------|----------------|-----|
| 10GPIO [2] Output RegisterRW RW Reset to 0b.Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [2] in if GPIO [2] is configured as an output Reset to 0b.11ReservedRsvdPNort Support.12GPIO [3] Ioput EnableRW RWState of GPIO [3] is an ioput pin 1b: GPIO [3] is an ioput pin 1b: GPIO [3] is an output pin13GPIO [3] Output EnableRW RWReset to 1b. Reset to 0b.14GPIO [3] Output EnableRW Reset to 0b.Reset to 0b.15ReservedRsvdPNot Support.16GPIO [4] Output EnableRW RWNot Support.17GPIO [4] Output RegisterRW RWNot GPIO [4] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] in if GPIO [4] is configured as an output pin Reset to 0b.18GPIO [5] Output EnableRW RWNot Support.20GPIO [5] Output EnableRW RWReset to 0b.21GPIO [5] Output Reset on EnableRW RWNot Support.22GPIO [6] Output RegisterRW RWNot GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b.23ReservedRsvdP Not Support.Not Support.24GPIO [6] Output EnableRW RWNot GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b.25GPIO [6] Ou | | 0b: GPIO [2] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [2] is an output pin | RW | | 9 |
| 11ReservedRswPReset to 0b.12GPIO [3] InputHWInit RVNor Support.13GPIO [3] Output EaableRWNor GPIO [3] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [3] is an input pin | output pin. | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [2] pin if GPIO [2] is configured as an outp | RW | | 10 |
| 12GPIO [3] InputHWInt ROState of GPIO [3] pin. Reset to 1b.13GPIO [3] Output EnableRWReset to 1b. | | | RsvdP | | 11 |
| 12 GPIO [3] Input INVIII RO Reset to 1b. 13 GPIO [3] Output Enable RW Reset to 1b. 14 GPIO [3] Output Register RW 0b: CPIO [3] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [3] is an output pin 15 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 16 GPIO [4] Output Enable RW Nate of GPIO [4] pin. 17 GPIO [4] Output Enable RW State of GPIO [4] is an output pin 1b: GPIO [4] is an output pin 18 GPIO [4] Output Enable RW Reset to 0b. 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW Nate of GPIO [4] is an output pin 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW Nate of GPIO [5] pin. 21 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW Nate of GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an output pin 1b: GPIO [6] pin. 23 Reserved RsvdP 24 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW 26 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW 27 Reserved RsvdP 28 GPIO [7] Input | | | | Reserved | 11 |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | Reset to 1b. | | GPIO [3] Input | 12 |
| 14 $GPI0 [3] OutputRegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPI0 [3] pin if GPI0 [3] is configured as an outputReset to 0b.15ReservedRsvdPNot Support.16GPI0 [4] InputRvMState of GPI0 [4] pin.RVReset to 1b.17GPI0 [4] OutputEnableRWReset to 1b.18GPI0 [4] OutputRegisterRWReset to 0b.19ReservedRsvdPNot Support.20GPI0 [5] InputHwIntROReset to 0b.21GPI0 [5] OutputEnableRWState of GPI0 [5] pin.RO22GPI0 [5] OutputRegisterRWNot Support.23ReservedRswPNate of this bit will be output to GPI0 [5] pin if GPI0 [5] is configured as an outputReset to 0b.23ReservedRswPNot Support.24GPI0 [6] OutputEnableRWState of GPI0 [6] pin.Reset to 1b.25GPI0 [6] OutputEnableRWState of GPI0 [6] pin.Reset to 1b.26GPI0 [6] OutputEnableRWNot Support.27ReservedRsvdPNot Support.26GPI0 [6] OutputEnableRWState of GPI0 [6] pin.Reset to 0b.27ReservedRsvdPNot Support.28GPI0 [7] InputRWState of GPI0 [6] is an input pin1b: GPI0 [6] is an output pinReset to 0b.29GPI0 [7] OutputEnableRWState of GPI0 [7] pin.Reset to 1b.29GPI0 [7] OutputEnableRWState of GP$ | | 1b: GPIO [3] is an output pin | RW | | 13 |
| 15ReservedRsvdPNot Support.16GPI0 [4] InputHwint ROState of GPI0 [4] pin. Reset to 1b.State of GPI0 [4] pin. Reset to 1b.17GPI0 [4] Output EnableRWRWNot Support. OFIO [4] is an output pin Ib. GPI0 [4] is an output pin Reset to 0b.18GPI0 [4] Output RegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPI0 [4] pin if GPI0 [4] is configured as an output Reset to 0b.19ReservedRsvdPNot Support.20GPI0 [5] InputHwint ROState of GPI0 [5] pin. Reset to 1b.21GPI0 [5] Output EnableRWNot Support. State of GPI0 [5] is an input pin Ib. GPI0 [5] is an input pin Ib. GPI0 [5] is an output pin Reset to 1b.22GPI0 [5] Output RegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPI0 [5] pin if GPI0 [5] is configured as an output pin ib. GPI0 [5] is an output pin Reset to 0b.23ReservedRsvdPNot Support.24GPI0 [6] InputRWState of GPI0 [6] pin. Reset to 1b.25GPI0 [6] Output EnableRWNot Support.26GPI0 [6] Output RegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPI0 [6] pin if GPI0 [6] is configured as an output pin Reset to 0b.27ReservedRsvdPNot Support.28GPI0 [7] InputRWValue of this bit will be output to GPI0 [6] pin if GPI0 [6] is configured as an output pin Reset to 0b.29GPI0 [7] Output EnableRvdPNot Support.29GPI0 [7] Output Enable </td <td>output pin.</td> <td>Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [3] pin if GPIO [3] is configured as an outp</td> <td>RW</td> <td></td> <td>14</td> | output pin. | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [3] pin if GPIO [3] is configured as an outp | RW | | 14 |
| 16GPIO [4] InputINVIII ROReset to 1b.17 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [4] Output \\ Enable \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 1b. \\ Ob: GPIO [4] is an input pin \\ Reset to 0b \end{array}$ 18 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [4] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0b \end{array}$ 19ReservedRsvdPNot Support. \end{array}20 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [5] Input \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0b \end{array}$ 21 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [5] Output \\ Reset ro 0b. \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 1b. \end{array}$ 22 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [5] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 1b. \end{array}$ 23ReservedRsvdPNot Support. \end{array}24 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Input \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0b. \end{array}$ 25 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0b. \end{array}$ 26 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0B. \end{array}$ 27 $\begin{array}{c} Reserved \\ Reset vo 0b. \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0b. \end{array}$ 28 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0B. \end{array}$ 26 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0B. \end{array}$ 27Reserved \\ Reset vo 0b. \end{array} $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Reset to 0B. \end{array}$ 28 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [6] Output \\ Register \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} State of GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output pin \\ RW \end{array}$ 29 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [7] nput \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} RW \\ RW \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} State of GPIO [7] pin. \\ Reset to 0B. \end{array}$ 29 $\begin{array}{c} GPIO [7] nput \\ RW \end{array}$ <td></td> <td>Not Support.</td> <td>RsvdP</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>15</td> | | Not Support. | RsvdP | Reserved | 15 |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | | GPIO [4] Input | 16 |
| 17 GPIO [4] Output Enable RW 1b: GPIO [4] is an output pin 18 GPIO [4] Output Register RW RW Reset to 0b 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [5] pin. 21 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW RW 22 GPIO [5] Output Register RW Not Support. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW Not Support. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW RW 26 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW RW 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 26 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW RW 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO Reset to 0b. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW State of GPIO [7] is an input pin 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW Not Support. | | Che GPIO [4] is an input nin | | | |
| 18 GPIO [4] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [4] pin if GPIO [4] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [5] pin. 21 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW Reserved 0b: GPIO [5] is an input pin Ib: GPIO [5] is an output pin Reset to 0b. 22 GPIO [5] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [5] pin if GPIO [5] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW State of GPIO [6] is an input pin Ib: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b. 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Reset to 0b. 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. Reset to 1b. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW Ob: GPIO [7] is an input pin Ib: GPIO [7] is an output pin Ib: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | 1b: GPIO [4] is an output pin | RW | | 17 |
| 18 GPI0 [4] Output Register RW Reset to 0b. 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPI0 [5] Input HwInt RO State of GPI0 [5] pin. 21 GPI0 [5] Output Enable RW Reset to 1b. 22 GPI0 [5] Output Register RW Not Support. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPI0 [6] Input RW Reset to 0b. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPI0 [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPI0 [6] pin. 25 GPI0 [6] Output Enable RW State of GPI0 [6] pin. 26 GPI0 [6] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output pin 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPI0 [7] Input RW Reset to 0b. 29 GPI0 [7] Output Enable RW State of GPI0 [7] is an input pin 29 GPI0 [7] Output Enable RW Ob: GPI0 [7] is an output pin | autaut nin | | | | |
| 19 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 20 GPIO [5] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [5] pin. State of GPIO [5] pin. 21 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW 0b: GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an output pin Reset to 1b. 22 GPIO [5] Output Register RW W Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [5] pin if GPIO [5] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW State of GPIO [6] pin. 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Not Support. 27 Reserved RsvdP Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output pin Reset to 0b. 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW State of GPIO [7] is an input pin Ib: GPIO [7] is an output pin | buiput pin. | | RW | | 18 |
| 20 GPIO [5] Input Hwint RO Reset to 1b. 21 GPIO [5] Output Enable RW 0b: GPIO [5] is an output pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an output pin 22 GPIO [5] Output Register RW Reset to 0b. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input Hwint RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW Ob: GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output bit GPIO [6] output Reset to 0b. 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input Hwint RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW Ob: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | | RsvdP | Reserved | 19 |
| 21GPIO [5] Output EnableRW0b: GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an output pin Reset to 0b.22GPIO [5] Output RegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPIO [5] pin if GPIO [5] is configured as an output Reset to 0b.23ReservedRsvdPNot Support.24GPIO [6] InputHwInt ROState of GPIO [6] pin.25GPIO [6] Output EnableRWW26GPIO [6] Output RegisterRW27ReservedRsvdP28GPIO [7] InputHwInt RO29GPIO [7] Output EnableRW29GPIO [7] Output EnableRW | | | | GPIO [5] Input | 20 |
| 22 GPIO [5] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [5] pin if GPIO [5] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW Ob: GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW RW 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW RW | | 0b: GPIO [5] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [5] is an output pin | RW | | 21 |
| 23 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 24 GPIO [6] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [6] pin. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable HwInt RO Reset to 1b. 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW 0b: GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW Ob: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | output pin. | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [5] pin if GPIO [5] is configured as an outp | RW | | 22 |
| 24GPIO [6] InputHwInt ROState of GPIO [6] pin. Reset to 1b.25GPIO [6] Output EnableRW0b: GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b.26GPIO [6] Output RegisterRWValue of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b.27ReservedRsvdPNot Support.28GPIO [7] InputHwInt ROState of GPIO [7] pin. Reset to 1b.29GPIO [7] Output EnableRW0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | | RsvdP | Reserved | 23 |
| 25GPIO [6] Output EnableRW0b: GPIO [6] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b.26GPIO [6] Output RegisterRWRWValue of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b.27ReservedRsvdPNot Support.28GPIO [7] InputHwInt ROState of GPIO [7] pin. Reset to 1b.29GPIO [7] Output EnableRW0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | State of GPIO [6] pin. | HwInt | | |
| 25 GPIO [6] Output Enable RW 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin Reset to 0b. 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW RW 27 Reserved RsvdP 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW | | | _ | | |
| 26 GPIO [6] Output Register RW Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW 0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | 1b: GPIO [6] is an output pin | RW | | 25 |
| 27 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable RW 0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin | output pin. | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [6] pin if GPIO [6] is configured as an outp | RW | | 26 |
| 28 GPIO [7] Input HwInt RO State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable HwInt RW State of GPIO [7] pin. 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable 0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | | D ID | 8 | 27 |
| 28 GPIO [7] Input HWIM RO Ro 29 GPIO [7] Output Enable 0b: GPIO [7] is an input pin 1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | | | Keservea | 21 |
| 29GPIO [7] Output EnableRW1b: GPIO [7] is an output pin | | Reset to 1b. | | GPIO [7] Input | 28 |
| Keset to Ub. | | | RW | | 29 |
| 30 GPIO [7] Output Register RW Reset to 0b. Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [7] pin if GPIO [7] is configured as an output Reset to 0b. | output pin. | Value of this bit will be output to GPIO [7] pin if GPIO [7] is configured as an outp | RW | | 30 |
| 31 Reserved RsvdP Not Support. | | | RsvdP | Reserved | 31 |





7.2.68 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET C0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | Enhanced Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 10h to indicate that these are PCI express enhanced capability registers. |
| 15:8 | Next Item Pointer | RO | Read as 00h. No other ECP registers. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Read as 2h to indicate the device is compliant to Revision .2.0 of <i>PCI Express Base Specifications</i> . |
| 23:20 | Device/Port Type | RO | Indicates the type of PCI Express logical device. Reset to 0101b (Upstream port). Reset to 0110b (Downstream ports). |
| 24 | Slot Implemented | RO | When set, indicates that the PCIe Link associated with this Port is connected to a slot. This field is valid for downstream ports of the Switch. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b (Upstream port). Reset to 1b (Downstream ports). |
| 29:25 | Interrupt Message Number | RO | Read as 0b. No MSI messages are generated in the transparent mode. |
| 31:30 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.69 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER - OFFSET C4h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 2:0 | Max_Payload_Size Supported | HwInt RO | Indicates the maximum payload size that the device can support for TLPs. Each port of the Switch supports 512 bytes max payload size. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. 000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes |
| | | | Others: Reserved Reset to 001b when PL_512B strapped pin is set to 0. Reset to 010b when PL_512B strapped pin is set to 1. |
| 4:3 | Phantom Functions Supported | RO | Indicates the support for use of unclaimed function numbers as Phantom functions. Read as 00b, since the Switch does not act as a requester. Reset to 00b. |
| 5 | Extended Tag Field Supported | RO | Indicates the maximum supported size of Tag field as a Requester. Read as 0, since the Switch does not act as a requester. Reset to 0b. |
| 8:6 | Endpoint L0s Acceptable Latency | RO | Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L0s state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value. Reset to 000b. |
| 11:9 | Endpoint L1 Acceptable Latency | RO | Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L1 state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value. Reset to 000b. |
| 14:12 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 15 | Role_Based Error Reporting | RO | When set, indicates that the device implements the functionality originally defined in the Error Reporting ECN. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 17.16 | D 1 | D ID | Reset to 1b. |
| 17:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 25:18 | Captured Slot Power Limit Value | RO | It applies to Upstream Port only. In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot. This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00h. Reset to 00h. |
| 27:26 | Captured Slot Power Limit Scale | RO | It applies to Upstream Port only. Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value. This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00b. Reset to 00b. |
| 31:28 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.70 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET C8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|--------|--|
| 0 | Correctable Error Reporting Enable | RW | 0b: Disable Correctable Error Reporting 1b: Enable Correctable Error Reporting Reset to 0b. |
| 1 | Non-Fatal Error Reporting Enable | RW | 0b: Disable Non-Fatal Error Reporting 1b: Enable Non-Fatal Error Reporting Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | Fatal Error Reporting Enable | RW | 0b: Disable Fatal Error Reporting 1b: Enable Fatal Error Reporting Reset to 0b. |
| 3 | Unsupported Request Reporting Enable | RW | 0b: Disable Unsupported Request Reporting 1b: Enable Unsupported Request Reporting Reset to 0b. |
| 4 | Enable Relaxed Ordering | RO | When set, it permits the device to set the Relaxed Ordering bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 7:5 | Max_Payload_Size | RW | This field sets maximum TLP payload size for the device. Permissible values that can be programmed are indicated by the Max_Payload_Size Supported in the Device Capabilities register. Any value exceeding the Max_Payload_Size Supported written to this register results into clamping to the Max_Payload_Size Supported value. |
| 8 | Extended Tag Field Enable | RW | Reset to 000b. Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 9 | Phantom Function Enable | RW | Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 10 | Auxiliary (AUX) Power PM Enable | RW | When set, indicates that a device is enabled to draw AUX power independent of PME AUX power. Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | Enable No Snoop | RO | When set, it permits to set the No Snoop bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 14:12 | Max_Read_ Request_Size | RO | This field sets the maximum Read Request size for the device as a Requester. Since the Switch does not generate read request by itself, these bits are hardwired to 000b. Reset to 000b. |
| 15 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| | | itovui | The subbern |





7.2.71 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET C8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| 16 | Correctable Error Detected | RW1C | Asserted when correctable error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register. Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | Non-Fatal Error Detected | RW1C | Asserted when non-fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register. Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | Fatal Error Detected | RW1C | Asserted when fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register. Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | Unsupported Request Detected | RW1C | Asserted when unsupported request is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register. Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | AUX Power Detected | RO | Asserted when the AUX power is detected by the Switch Reset to 1b. |
| 21 | Transactions Pending | RO | Each port of Switch does not issue Non-posted Requests on its own behalf, so this bit is hardwired to 0b. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:22 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.72 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER - OFFSET CCh

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|---|
| 3:0 | Maximum Link Speed | RO | Indicates the maximum speed of the Express link. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s |
| | Speed | | Reset to 0010b. |
| 9:4 | Maximum Link Width | RO | Indicates the maximum width of the given PCIe Link. Reset to 00 0100b (x4). |
| 11:10 | Active State Power Management (ASPM) Support | RO | Indicates the level of ASPM supported on the given PCIe Link. Each port of Switch supports L0s and L1 entry. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| 14:12 | L0s Exit Latency | RO | Indicates the L0s exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L0s to L0 is in the range of 256ns to less than 512ns. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 17:15 | L1 Exit Latency | RO | Reset to 011b. Indicates the L1 exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L1 to L0 is in the range of 16us to less than 32us. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 000b. |
| 18 | Clock Power Management | RO | For upstream port, a value of 1b indicates that component tolerates the removal of any reference clock via CLKREQ#. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. For downstream ports, this bit must be hardwired to 0b. Reset to 1b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|-------|---|
| 19 | Surprise Down Capability Enable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | Data Link Layer Active Reporting Capable | RO | For downstream ports, this bit must be set to 1b if the component supports the optional capability of reporting the DL_Active state of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine. For a hot-plug capable downstream port, this bit must be set to 1b. For upstream port, this bit must be hardwired to 0b. Reset to 0b (Upstream Port). Reset to 1b (Downstream Ports). |
| 21 | Link BW Notify Cap. | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b (Upstream Port). Reset to 0b (Downstream Ports). |
| 23:21 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 31:24 | Port Number | RO | Indicates the PCIe Port Number for the given PCIe Link. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 8'h00 for Port 0. Reset to 8'h01 for Port 1. Reset to 8'h02 for Port 2. |

7.2.73 LINK CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET D0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--|-------|---|
| 1:0 | Active State Power Management (ASPM) Control | RW | 00b: ASPM is Disabled 01b: L0s Entry Enabled 10b: L1 Entry Enabled 11b: L0s and L1 Entry Enabled Note that the receiver must be capable of entering L0s even when the field is disabled. Reset to 00b. |
| 2 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 3 | Read Completion Boundary (RCB) | RO | Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 4 | Link Disable | RW | At upstream port, it is not allowed to disable the link, so this bit is hardwired to '0'. For downstream ports, it disables the link when this bit is set. Reset to 0b. |
| 5 | Retrain Link | RW | At upstream port, it is not allowed to retrain the link, so this bit is hardwired to 1'b0. For downstream ports, it initiates Link Retraining when this bit is set. This bit always returns 0b when read. |
| 6 | Common Clock Configuration | RW | 0b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with asynchronous reference clock 1b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with a distributed common reference clock Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | Extended Synch | RW | When set, it transmits 4096 FTS ordered sets in the L0s state for entering L0 state and transmits 1024 TS1 ordered sets in the L1 state for entering L0 state. Reset to 0b. |
| 8 | Enable Clock Power Management | RW | 0b: clock power management is disable and must hold CLKREQ# low. 1b: device is permitted to use CLKREQ# to power manage Link clock. Reset to 0b. For downstream ports must hardwire this bit to 0b. |
| 9 | HW Autonomous Width Disable | RW | Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|-----------|--|
| 10 | Link Bandwidth Management Interrupt Enable | RO/R W | For upstream port is RO. For downstream port is RW. Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | Link Autonomous Bandwidth Interrupt Enable | RO/R W | For upstream port is RO. For downstream port is RW. Reset to 0b. |
| 15:12 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.74 LINK STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET D0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| 19:16 | Link Speed | RO | Indicate the negotiated speed of the Express link. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s Reset to 0010b. |
| 25:20 | Negotiated Link Width | RO | Indicates the negotiated width of the given PCIe link. Reset to 00 0100b (x4). |
| 26 | Training Error | RO | When set, indicates a Link training error occurred. This bit is cleared by hardware upon successful training of the link to the L0 link state. Reset to 0b. |
| 27 | Link Training | RO | When set, indicates the link training is in progress. Hardware clears this bit once link training is complete. Reset to 1b. |
| 28 | Slot Clock Configuration | RO | Ob: the Switch uses an independent clock irrespective of the presence of a reference on the connector 1b: the Switch uses the same reference clock that the platform provides on the connector The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 29 | Data Link Layer Link Active | RO | Indicates the status of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine. 1b: indicate the DL_Active state 0b: otherwise Reset to 0b. |
| 30 | Link Bandwidth Management Status | RW1C | Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | Link Autonomous Bandwidth Status | RW1C | Reset 0b. |

7.2.75 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER - OFFSET D4h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------------|------|--|
| 0 | Attention Button Present | RO | When set, it indicates that an Attention Button is implemented on the chassis for this slot. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 1 | Power Controller Present | RO | When set, it indicates that a Power Controller is implemented for this slot. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |





| FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| MRL Sensor Present | RO | When set, this bit indicates that an MRL Sensor is implemented on the chassis for this slot. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| Attention Indicator Present | RO | When set, it indicates that an Attention Indicator is implemented on the chassis for this slot. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| Power Indicator Present | RO | When set, it indicates that a Power Indicator is implemented on the chassis for this slot. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| Hot-Plug Surprise | RO | When set, it indicates that a device present in this slot might be removed from the system without any prior notification. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| Hot-Plug Capable | RO | When set, it indicates that this slot is capable of supporting Hot-Plug operation. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| Slot Power Limit Value | RW | It applies to downstream ports only. In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| Slot Power Limit Scale | RW | Reset to 19h. It applies to downstream ports only. Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value. Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| Physical Slot Number | RO | It indicates the physical slot number attached to this Port. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0000h. |
| | MRL Sensor Present Attention Indicator Present Power Indicator Present Hot-Plug Surprise Hot-Plug Capable Slot Power Limit Value Slot Power Limit Scale Reserved Physical Slot | MRL Sensor PresentROAttention Indicator PresentROPower Indicator PresentROHot-Plug SurpriseROHot-Plug CapableROSlot Power Limit ValueRWSlot Power Limit ScaleRWReservedRsvdPPhysical SlotRO |

7.2.76 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET D8h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--|------|---|
| 0 | Attention Button Pressed Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on an attention button pressed event. Reset to 0b. |
| 1 | Power Fault Detected Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on a power fault event. Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | MRL Sensor Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup even Reset to 0b. |
| 3 | Presence Detect Changed Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on a presence detect changed event. Reset to 0b. |
| 4 | Command Completed Interrupt Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt when the Hot-Plug Controller completes a command. Reset to 0b. |
| 5 | Hot-Plug Interrupt Enable | RW | When set, it enables generation of Hot-Plug interrupt on enabled Hot-Plug events. Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|-------|---|
| 7:6 | Attention Indicator Control | RW | Controls the display of Attention Indicator. 00b: Reserved 01b: On 10b: Blink 11b: Off Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the ATTENTION_INDICATOR_* Messages. Reset to 11b. |
| 9:8 | Power Indicator Control | RW | Controls the display of Power Indicator. 00b: Reserved 01b: On 10b: Blink 11b: Off Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the POWER_INDICATOR_* Messages. Reset to 01b. |
| 10 | Power Controller Control | RW | 0b: reset the power state of the slot (Power On) 1b: set the power state of the slot (Power Off) Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | EM_INTRELOCK Control | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 12 | Data Link Layer State Changed Enable | RW | If the Data Link Layer Link Active capability is implemented, when set to 1b, this field enables software notification when Data Link Layer Link Active field is changed. Reset to 0b. |
| 15:13 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.77 SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET D8h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 16 | Attention Button Pressed | RW1C | When set, it indicates the Attention Button is pressed. Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | Power Fault Detected | RW1C | When set, it indicates a Power Fault is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | MRL Sensor Changed | RO | When set, it indicates a MRL Sensor Changed is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | Presence Detect Changed | RW1C | When set, it indicates a Presence Detect Changed is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | Command Completed | RW1C | When set, it indicates the Hot-Plug Controller completes an issued command. Reset to 0b. |
| 21 | MRL Sensor State | RO | Reflects the status of MRL Sensor. 0b: MRL Closed 1b: MRL Opened Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|
| 22 | Presence Detect State | RO | Indicates the presence of a card in the slot. 0b: Slot Empty 1b: Card Present in slot This register is implemented on all downstream ports that implement slots. For downstream ports not connected to slots (where the Slot Implemented bit of the PCI Express Capabilities register is 0b), this bit returns 1b. Reset to 0b. |
| 23 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 24 | Data Link Layer State Changed | RW1C | This bit is set when the value reported in the Data Link Layer Link Active field of the Link Status register is changed. |
| 31:25 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.78 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 - OFFSET E4h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|---|
| 10:0 | Device Capabilities 2 | RO | Reset to 000h. |
| 11 | LTR Mechanism Supported | RO | A value of 1b indicates support for the optional Latency Tolerance Reporting (LTR) mechanism. Reset to 1b. |
| 12 | Flow Control Update Type LTR Capability Enable | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 17:13 | Device Capabilities 2 | RO | Reset to 00h. |
| 19:18 | OBFF Supported | RO | This field indicates if OBFF is supported. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00b. |
| 31:20 | Device Capabilities 2 | RO | Reset to 000h. |

7.2.79 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET E8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------|------|---|
| 9:0 | Device Control 2 | RO | Reset to 000h. |
| 10 | LTR Mechanism Enable | RW | Enable LTR Mechanism. Reset to 0b. |
| 12:11 | Device Control 2 | RO | Reset to 00b. |
| 14:13 | OBFF Enable | RW | Enable OBFF Mechanism and select the signaling method. Reset to 00b. |
| 15 | Device Control 2 | RO | Reset to 0b. |

7.2.80 DEVIDE STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET E8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| 31:16 | Device Status 2 | RO | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.81 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET ECh

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|------|----------------------|
| 31:0 | Link Capabilities 2 | RO | Reset to 0000_0000h. |





7.2.82 LINK CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET F0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| 3:0 | Target Link Speed | RW | Reset to 0010b. |
| 4 | Enter Compliance | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 5 | HW_AutoSpeed_Dis | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 6 | Select_Deemp | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. It is valid for downstream port only. Reset to 0b (Upstream Port). Reset to 1b (Downstream Ports). |
| 9:7 | Tran_Margin | RW | Reset to 000b. |
| 10 | Enter Modify Compliance | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 11 | Compliance SOS | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 12 | Compliance_Deemp | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 15:13 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.83 LINK STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET F0h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| 16 | Current De-emphasis | RO | Reset to 0b (Upstream Port). |
| 10 | Level | | Reset to 1b (Downstream Ports). |
| 31:17 | Link Status 2 | RO | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.84 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET F4h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|------|----------------------|
| 31:0 | Slot Capabilities 2 | RO | Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.85 SLOT CONTORL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET F8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|------|-----------------|
| 15:0 | Slot Control 2 | RO | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.86 SLOT STATUS REGISTER 2 - OFFSET F8h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| 31:16 | Slot Status 2 | RO | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.87 PCI EXPRESS ADVANCED ERROR REPORTING CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 100h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------|------|--|
| 15:0 | Extended | RO | Read as 0001h to indicate that these are PCI express extended capability registers for advance |
| 15.0 | Capabilities ID | KÜ | error reporting. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Read as 1h. Indicates PCI-SIG defined PCI Express capability structure version number. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability Offset | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express Extended VC capability register. |
| | Oliset | | Reset to 140h. |





7.2.88 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 104h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 0 | Training Error Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 3:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 4 | Data Link Protocol Error Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 11:5 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 12 | Poisoned TLP Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated. Reset to 0b. |
| 13 | Flow Control Protocol Error Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 14 | Completion Timeout Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 15 | Completer Abort Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 16 | Unexpected Completion Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | Receiver Overflow Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | Malformed TLP Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received. Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | ECRC Error Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | Unsupported Request Error Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 21 | ACS Violation Status | RW1C | When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:21 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.89 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 108h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Training Error Mask | RW | When set, the Training Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 3:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 4 | Data Link Protocol Error Mask | RW | When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 11:5 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 12 | Poisoned TLP Mask | RW | When set, an event of Poisoned TLP has been received or generated is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 13 | Flow Control Protocol Error Mask | RW | When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|---|
| 14 | Completion Timeout Mask | RW | When set, the Completion Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 15 | Completer Abort Mask | RW | When set, the Completer Abort event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 16 | Unexpected Completion Mask | RW | When set, the Unexpected Completion event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | 1 | | Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | Receiver Overflow Mask | RW | When set, the Receiver Overflow event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 18 | Malformed TLP Mask | RW | When set, an event of Malformed TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 19 | ECRC Error Mask | RW | When set, an event of ECRC Error has been detected is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | Unsupported Request Error Mask | RW | When set, the Unsupported Request event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 21 | ACS Violation Mask | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 31:22 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.90 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER - OFFSET 10Ch

| FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|--|--|---|
| Training Error Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal |
| D 1 | D ID | Reset to 1b. |
| Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| Data Link Protocol Error Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal |
| | | Reset to 1b. |
| Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| Poisoned TLP Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| | | |
| Flow Control Protocol Error Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 1b. |
| - | | Ob: Non-Fatal |
| Completion Timeout Error Severity | RW | 00: Non-ratal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| | | |
| Completer Abort Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal |
| | | Reset to 0b. |
| Unexpected Completion Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| | Training Error Severity Reserved Data Link Protocol Error Severity Reserved Poisoned TLP Severity Flow Control Protocol Error Severity Completion Timeout Error Severity Completer Abort Severity Unexpected | Training Error SeverityRWReservedRsvdPData Link Protocol Error SeverityRWReservedRsvdPPoisoned TLP SeverityRWFlow Control Protocol Error SeverityRWCompletion Timeout Error SeverityRWCompleter Abort SeverityRW |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 17 | Receiver Overflow Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 1b. |
| 18 | Malformed TLP Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 1b. |
| 19 | ECRC Error Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| 20 | Unsupported Request Error Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| 21 | ACS Violation Severity | RW | 0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal Reset to 0b. |
| 31:21 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.91 CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 110 h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 0 | Receiver Error Status | RW1C | When set, the Receiver Error event is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 5:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 6 | Bad TLP Status | RW1C | When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | Bad DLLP Status | RW1C | When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 8 | REPLAY_NUM Rollover Status | RW1C | When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 11:9 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 12 | Replay Timer Timeout Status | RW1C | When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 13 | Advisory Non-Fatal Error Status | RW1C | When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is detected. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:14 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.92 CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 114 h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Receiver Error Mask | RW | When set, the Receiver Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. Reset to 0b. |
| <i></i> | D 1 | | |
| 5:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 6 | Bad TLP Mask | RW | When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|--|
| 7 | Bad DLLP Mask | RW | When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 8 | REPLAY_NUM Rollover Mask | RW | When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 11:9 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 12 | Replay Timer Timeout Mask | RW | When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 13 | Advisory Non-Fatal Error Mask | RW | When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is not logged in the Header Long register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. |
| | | | Reset to 1b. |
| 31:14 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.93 ADVANCE ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 118h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| 4:0 | First Error Pointer | RO | It indicates the bit position of the first error reported in the Uncorrectable Error Status register. Reset to 0_0000b. |
| 5 | ECRC Generation Capable | RO | When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to generate ECRC. Reset to 1b. |
| 6 | ECRC Generation Enable | RW | When set, it enables the generation of ECRC when needed. Reset to 0b. |
| 7 | ECRC Check Capable | RO | When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to check ECRC. Reset to 1b. |
| 8 | ECRC Check Enable | RW | When set, the function of checking ECRC is enabled. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:9 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.94 HEADER LOG REGISTER – OFFSET From 11Ch to 128h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|--------|-----------------------|------|---|
| 31:0 | 1 st DWORD | RO | Hold the 1st DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian. |
| 63:32 | 2 nd DWORD | RO | Hold the 2nd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian. |
| 95:64 | 3 rd DWORD | RO | Hold the 3rd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian. |
| 127:96 | 4 th DWORD | RO | Hold the 4th DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian. |

7.2.95 PCI EXPRESS VIRTUAL CHANNEL CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 140h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 15:0 | Extended Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 0002h to indicate that these are PCI express extended capability registers for virtual channel. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Read as 1h. Indicates PCI-SIG defined PCI Express capability structure version number. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability Offset | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express Power Budgeting Capability register. Reset to 20Ch. |





7.2.96 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 144h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 2:0 | Extended VC Count | RO | It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC supported by the Switch. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 000b. |
| 3 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 6:4 | Low Priority Extended VC Count | RO | It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC belonging to the low-priority VC (LPVC) group. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 000b. |
| 7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 9:8 | Reference Clock | RO | It indicates the reference clock for Virtual Channels that support time-based WRR Port Arbitration. Defined encoding is 00b for 100 ns reference clock. Reset to 00b. |
| 11:10 | Port Arbitration Table Entry Size | RO | Read as 2'b10 to indicate the size of Port Arbitration table entry in the device is 4 bits. Reset to 10b. |
| 31:12 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.97 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 - OFFSET 148h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | VC Arbitration Capability | RO | It indicates the types of VC Arbitration supported by the device for the LPVC group. This field is valid when LPVC is greater than 0. The Switch supports Hardware fixed arbitration scheme, e.g., Round Robin and Weight Round Robin arbitration with 32 phases in LPVC. Reset to 00h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 03h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. |
| 23:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 31:24 | VC Arbitration Table Offset | RO | It indicates the location of the VC Arbitration Table as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes). Reset to 00h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 03h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. |

7.2.98 PORT VC CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 14Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Load VC Arbitration Table | RW | When set, the programmed VC Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read. Reset to 0b. |
| 3:1 | VC Arbitration Select | RW | This field is used to configure the VC Arbitration by selecting one of the supported VC Arbitration schemes. The valid values for the schemes supported by Switch are 0b and 1b. Other value than these written into this register will be treated as default. Reset to 000b. |
| 15:4 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |





7.2.99 PORT VC STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 14Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| 16 | VC Arbitration Table Status | RO | When set, it indicates that any entry of the VC Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the VC Arbitration Table after the bit of "Load VC Arbitration Table" is set. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:17 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.100 VC RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER (0) - OFFSET 150h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 7:0 | Port Arbitration Capability | RO | It indicates the types of Port Arbitration supported by the VC resource. The Switch supports Hardware fixed arbitration scheme, e.g., Round Robin, Weight Round Robin (WRR) arbitration with 128 phases (3~4 enabled ports) and Time-based WRR with 128 phases (3~4 enabled ports). Note that the Time-based WRR is only valid in VC1. Reset to 09h. | | | | |
| 13:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | | |
| 14 | Advanced Packet Switching | RO | When set, it indicates the VC resource only supports transaction optimized for Advanced Packet Switching (AS). Reset to 0b | | | | |
| 15 | Reject Snoop Transactions | RO | This bit is not applied to PCIe Switch. Reset to 0b. | | | | |
| 22:16 | Maximum Time Slots | RO | It indicates the maximum numbers of time slots (minus one) are allocated for Isochronous traffic. Reset to 7Fh. | | | | |
| 23 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | | |
| 31:24 | Port Arbitration Table Offset | RO | It indicates the location of the Port Arbitration Table (n) as an offset from the base addre the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes). Reset to 04h for Port Arbitration Table (0). | | | | |

7.2.101 VC RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER (0) - OFFSET 154h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7:0 | TC/VC Map | RW | This field indicates the TCs that are mapped to the VC resource. Bit locations within this field correspond to TC values. When the bits in this field are set, it means that the corresponding TCs are mapped to the VC resource. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to FFh. | | | | |
| 15:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | | |
| 16 | Load Port Arbitration Table | RW | When set, the programmed Port Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read. Reset to 0b | | | | |
| 19:17 | Port Arbitration Select | RW | This field is used to configure the Port Arbitration by selecting one of the supported Port Arbitration schemes. The permissible values for the schemes supported by Switch are 000b and 011b at VC0, other value than these written into this register will be treated as default. Reset to 000b. | | | | |
| 23:20 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | | |
| 26:24 | VC ID | RO | This field assigns a VC ID to the VC resource. Reset to 000b. | | | | |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| 30:27 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 31 | VC Enable | RW | 0b: disables this Virtual Channel 1b: enables this Virtual Channel Reset to 1b. |

7.2.102 VC RESOURCE STATUS REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 158h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|
| 15:0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 16 | Port Arbitration Table Status | RO | When set, it indicates that any entry of the Port Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the Port Arbitration Table after the bit of "Load Port Arbitration Table" is set. Reset to 0b. |
| 17 | VC Negotiation Pending | RO | When set, it indicates that the VC resource is still in the process of negotiation. This bit is cleared after the VC negotiation is complete. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:18 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.103 VC RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER (1) – OFFSET 15Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| 7:0 | Port Arbitration Capability | RO | It indicates the types of Port Arbitration supported by the VC resource. The Switch supports Hardware fixed arbitration scheme, e.g., Round Robin, Weight Round Robin (WRR) arbitration with 128 phases (3~4 enabled ports) and Time-based WRR with 128 phases (3~4 enabled ports). Note that the Time-based WRR is only valid in VC1. Reset to 00h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 19h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. | | | |
| 13:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | |
| 14 | Advanced Packet Switching | RO | When set, it indicates the VC resource only supports transaction optimized for Advanced Packet Switching (AS). Reset to 0b. | | | |
| 15 | Reject Snoop Transactions | RO | This bit is not applied to PCIe Switch. Reset to 0b. | | | |
| 22:16 | Maximum Time Slots | RO | It indicates the maximum numbers of time slots (minus one) are allocated for Isochronous traffic. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 7Fh if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. | | | |
| 23 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | |
| 31:24 | Port Arbitration Table Offset | RO | It indicates the location of the Port Arbitration Table (n) as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes). Reset to 00h for Port Arbitration Table (1) if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 08h for Port Arbitration Table (1) if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. | | | |





7.2.104 VC RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER (1) – OFFSET 160h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 7:0 | TC/VC Map | RW (Exception for bit0) | This field indicates the TCs that are mapped to the VC resource. Bit locations within this field correspond to TC values. When the bits in this field are set, it means that the corresponding TCs are mapped to the VC resource. Bit 0 of this filed is read-only and must be set to "0" for the VC1. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 00h. |
| 15:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 16 | Load Port Arbitration Table | RW | When set, the programmed Port Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read. |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 19:17 | Port Arbitration Select | RW | This field is used to configure the Port Arbitration by selecting one of the supported Port Arbitration schemes. The permissible values for the schemes supported by Switch are 000b, 011b and 100b at VC1, other value than these written into this register will be treated as default. |
| | | | Reset to 000b. |
| 23:20 | Reserved | RO | Reset to 4'h0. |
| 26:24 | VC ID | RW | This field assigns a VC ID to the VC resource. Reset to 000h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=0. Reset to 001h if offset 144h.bit[2:0]=1. |
| 30:27 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 31 | VC Enable | RW | 0b: disables this Virtual Channel 1b: enables this Virtual Channel Reset to 0b. |

7.2.105 VC RESOURCE STATUS REGISTER (1) – OFFSET 164h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| 15:0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | |
| 16 | Port Arbitration Table Status | RO | When set, it indicates that any entry of the Port Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the Port Arbitration Table after the bit of "Load Port Arbitration Table" is set. Reset to 0b. | | | |
| 17 | VC Negotiation Pending | RO | When set, it indicates that the VC resource is still in the process of negotiation. This bit is cleared after the VC negotiation is complete. Reset to 0b. | | | |
| 31:18 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. | | | |

7.2.106 VC ARBITRATION TABLE REGISTER - OFFSET 170h

The VC arbitration table is a read-write register array that contains a table for VC arbitration. Each table entry allocates four bits, of which three bits are used to represent VC ID and one bit is reserved. A total of 32 entries are used to construct the VC arbitration table. The layout for this register array is shown below.

| Table 7-1 | Register | Array | Layout fo | or VC | Arbitration |
|-----------|----------|-------|-----------|-------|-------------|
|-----------|----------|-------|-----------|-------|-------------|

| 31 - 28 | 27 - 24 | 23 - 20 | 19 - 16 | 15 - 12 | 11 - 8 | 7 - 4 | 3 - 0 | Byte Location |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|---------------|
| Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | 00h |
| [7] | [6] | [5] | [4] | [3] | [2] | [1] | [0] | 0011 |
| Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | Phase | 04h |





| 31 - 28 | 27 - 24 | 23 - 20 | 19 - 16 | 15 - 12 | 11 - 8 | 7 - 4 | 3 - 0 | Byte Location |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| [15] | [14] | [13] | [12] | [11] | [10] | [9] | [8] | |
| Phase [23] | Phase [22] | Phase [21] | Phase [20] | Phase [19] | Phase [18] | Phase [17] | Phase [16] | 08h |
| Phase [31] | Phase [30] | Phase [29] | Phase [28] | Phase [27] | Phase [26] | Phase [25] | Phase [24] | 0Ch |

7.2.107 PORT ARBITRATION TABLE REGISTER (0) and (1) – OFFSET 180h and 1C0h

The Port arbitration table is a read-write register array that contains a table for Port arbitration. Each table entry allocates two bits to represent Port Number. The table entry size is dependent on the number of enabled ports (refer to bit 10 and 11 of Port VC capability register 1). The arbitration table contains 128 entries if three or four ports are to be enabled. The following table shows the register array layout for the size of entry equal to two.

Table 7-2 Table Entry Size in 4 Bits

| 63 - 56 | 55 - 48 | 47 - 40 | 39 - 32 | 31 - 24 | 23 - 16 | 15 - 8 | 7 - 0 | Byte Location |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Phase [15:14] | Phase [13:12] | Phase [11:10] | Phase [9:8] | Phase [7:6] | Phase [5:4] | Phase [3:2] | Phase [1:0] | 00h |
| Phase [31:30] | Phase [29:28] | Phase [27:26] | Phase [25:24] | Phase [23:22] | Phase [21:20] | Phase [19:18] | Phase [17:16] | 08h |
| Phase [47:46] | Phase [45:44] | Phase [43:42] | Phase [41:40] | Phase [39:38] | Phase [37:36] | Phase [35:34] | Phase [33:32] | 10h |
| Phase [63:62] | Phase [61:60] | Phase [59:58] | Phase [57:56] | Phase [55:54] | Phase [53:52] | Phase [51:50] | Phase [49:48] | 18h |
| Phase [79:78] | Phase [77:76] | Phase [75:74] | Phase [73:72] | Phase [71:70] | Phase [69:68] | Phase [67:66] | Phase [65:64] | 20h |
| Phase [95:94] | Phase [93:92] | Phase [91:90] | Phase [89:88] | Phase [87:86] | Phase [85:84] | Phase [83:82] | Phase [81:80] | 28h |
| Phase [111:110] | Phase [109:108] | Phase [107:106] | Phase [105:104] | Phase [103:102] | Phase [101:100] | Phase [99:98] | Phase [97:96] | 30h |
| Phase [127:126] | Phase [125:124] | Phase [123:122] | Phase [121:120] | Phase [119:118] | Phase [117:116] | Phase [115:114] | Phase [113:112] | 38h |

7.2.108 PCI EXPRESS POWER BUDGETING CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 20Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 15:0 | Extended Capabilities ID | RO | Read as 0004h to indicate that these are PCI express extended capability registers for power budgeting. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Read as 1h. Indicates PCI-SIG defined PCI Express capability structure version number. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability Offset | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express Extended ACS capability register /LTR capability register. Reset to 230h (Upstream Port). Reset to 220h (Downstream Ports). |

7.2.109 DATA SELECT REGISTER - OFFSET 210h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | Data Selection | RW | It indexes the power budgeting data reported through the data register. When 00h, it selects D0 Max power budget When 01h, it selects D0 Sustained power budget Other values would return zero power budgets, which means not supported Reset to 00h. |
| 31:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |





7.2.110 POWER BUDGETING DATA REGISTER - OFFSET 214h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | Base Power | RO | It specifies the base power value in watts. This value represents the required power budget in the given operation condition. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 04h. |
| 9:8 | Data Scale | RO | It specifies the scale to apply to the base power value. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 00b. |
| 12:10 | PM Sub State | RO | It specifies the power management sub state of the given operation condition. It is initialized to the default sub state. |
| | | | Reset to 000b. |
| 14:13 | PM State | RO | It specifies the power management state of the given operation condition. It defaults to the D0 power state. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto- loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 00b. |
| | | | It specifies the type of the given operation condition. |
| 17:15 | Туре | RO | It defaults to the Maximum power state. |
| | | | Reset to 111b. |
| | | | It specifies the power rail of the given operation condition. |
| 20:18 | Power Rail | RO | Reset to 010b. |
| 31:21 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.111 POWER BUDGET CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 218h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | System Allocated | RO | When set, it indicates that the power budget for the device is included within the system power budget. The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.112 ACS EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER - OFFSET 220h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|--|
| 15:0 | PCI Express Extended Capability ID | RO | Read as 000Dh to indicate PCI Express Extended Capability ID for ACS Extended Capability. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Must be 1h for this version. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability ID | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express Extended L1PM Substates Extended Capability Header register. |
| | | | Reset to 240h. |

7.2.113 ACS CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 224h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|--|
| 0 | ACS Source Validation | RO | Indicated the implements of ACS Source Validation. Reset to 1b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|
| | ACS Translation | | Indicated the implements of ACS Translation Blocking. |
| 1 | Blocking | RO | |
| | Diocking | | Reset to 1b. |
| | ACS P2P Request | DO | Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Request Redirect. |
| 2 | Redirect | RO | Reset to 1b. |
| | | | Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Completion Redirect. |
| 3 | ACS P2P | RO | indicated the implements of ACS 121 Completion Reducet. |
| 5 | Completion Redirect | RO | Reset to 1b. |
| | A CC Hastman | | Indicated the implements of ACS Upstream Forwarding. |
| 4 | ACS Upstream Forwarding | RO | |
| | Forwarding | | Reset to 1b. |
| - | ACS P2P Egress | | Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Egress control. |
| 5 | control | RO | D ((1) |
| | | | Reset to 1b. Indicated the implements of ACS Direct Translated P2P. |
| 6 | ACS Direct | RO | Indicated the implements of ACS Direct Translated P2P. |
| 0 | Translated P2P | RO | Reset to 1b. |
| 7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| | | | Encodings 01h – FFh directly indicate the number of applicable bits in the Egress Control |
| 15:8 | Egress Control | RO | Vector. |
| 15.6 | Vector Size | KÜ | |
| | | | Reset to 08h. |
| 16 | ACS Source | RW | Enable the source validation. |
| 16 | Validation Enable | KW | Reset to 0b. |
| | | | Enable ACS Translation Blocking. |
| 17 | ACS Translation | RW | Enable ACS Translation Blocking. |
| - / | Blocking Enable | | Reset to 0b. |
| | ACS P2P Request | | Enable ACS P2P Request Redirect. |
| 18 | Redirect | RW | |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| 10 | ACS P2P | DUV | Enable ACS P2P Completion Redirect. |
| 19 | Completion Redirect Enable | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| | | | Enable ACS Upstream Forwarding. |
| 20 | ACS Upstream | RW | Enable ACS Opsitiani Folwarding. |
| 20 | Forwarding Enable | IX W | Reset to 0b. |
| | ACC DOD E | | Enable ACS P2P Egress control. |
| 21 | ACS P2P Egress control Enable | RW | - |
| | | | Reset to 0b. |
| | ACS Direct | | Enable ACS Direct Translated P2P. |
| 22 | Translated P2P | RW | |
| 31:23 | Enable Reserved | RsvdP | Reset to 0b. |
| 31:23 | Keservea | KSVOP | Not Support. |

7.2.114 EGRESS CONTROL VECTOR – OFFSET 228h (Downstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--|
| 7:0 | Egress Control Vector | RW | When a given bit is set, peer-to-peer requests targeting the associated Port are blocked or redirected. Reset to 00h. |
| 31:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.115 LTR EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 230h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|------|---|
| 15:0 | PCI Express Extended Capability ID | RO | Read as 0018h to indicate PCI Express Extended Capability ID for LTR Extended Capability. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------|------|--|
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Must be 1h for this version. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability ID | RO | Pointer points to the PCI Express Extended L1PM Substates Extended Capability Header register. |
| | | | Reset to 240h. |

7.2.116 MAX SNOOP LATENCY REGISTER – OFFSET 234h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| 9:0 | Max Snoop Latency Value | RW | .Specifies the maximum snoop latency that a device is permitted to request Reset to 000h. |
| 12:10 | Max Snoop Latency Scale | RW | This register provides a scale for the value contained within the Maximum Snoop Latency Value field Reset to 000b. |
| 15:13 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.117 MAX NO-SNOOP LATENCY REGISTER – OFFSET 234h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------|---|
| 25:16 | Max No-Snoop Latency Value | RW | .Specifies the maximum no-snoop latency that a device is permitted to request Reset to 000h. |
| 28:26 | Max No-Snoop Latency Scale | RW | This register provides a scale for the value contained within the Maximum No-Snoop Latency Value field Reset to 000b. |
| 31:29 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.118 LI PM SUBSTATES EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 240h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|------|---|
| 15:0 | PCI Express Extended Capability ID | RO | Read as 001Eh to indicate PCI Express Extended Capability ID for L1 PM Substates Extended Capability. |
| 19:16 | Capability Version | RO | Must be 1h for this version. |
| 31:20 | Next Capability ID | RO | Read as 000h. No other ECP registers. |

7.2.119 L1 PM SUBSTATES CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET 244h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 1 | PCI-PM L1.1 Supported | RO | When set this bit indicates that PCI-PM L1.1 is supported and must be set by all ports implementing L1 OM Substates. The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or autoloading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 2 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 3 | ASPM L1.1 Supported | RO | When set this bit indicates that ASPM L1.1 is supported. The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |





| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| 4 | L1 PM Substates Supported | RO | When set this bit indicates that this port supports L1 PM Substates. The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 1b. |
| 31:5 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.120 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 248h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 1 | PCI-PM L1.1 Enable | RW | When set this bit enables PCI-PM L1.1. Required for both upstream and downstream ports. Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 3 | ASPM L1.1 Enable | RW | When set this bit enables ASPM L1.1. Required for both upstream and downstream ports. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:4 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.121 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 2 REGISTER - OFFSET 24Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------|------|----------------------|
| 31:0 | Reserved | RO | Reset to 0000_0000h. |

7.2.122 LTSSM_CSR REGISTER – OFFSET 33Ch

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|-------|---|
| | | | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| 7:0 | LTSSM_CSR | RO | |
| | | | Reset to 00h. |
| 31:8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.123 HOTPLUG_CSR REGISTER – OFFSET 340h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|------|---|
| 15:0 | Hotplug_CSR | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | | | Reset to 0000h. |

7.2.124 MAC_CSR1 REGISTER – OFFSET 340h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------|------|---|
| 31:16 | MAC CSR1 | RO | The default value may be changed by SMBUS, I2C or auto-loading from EEPROM. |
| | - | | Reset to 0004h. |





7.2.125 SMBUS CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 344h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 0 | SMBus Enable | RW | 0b: disable SMBUS, enable I2C 1b: enable SMBUS Reset to 1b. |
| 7:1 | SMBUS Address | HwInt RW | Set SMBUS Address. Bit [7:4] reset to 1101b. Bit [3:1] are decided by the status of strapped pins (GPIO[7:5]). |
| 8 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 9 | PEC Check Disable | RW | 0b: enable PEC check 1b: disable PEC check Reset to 1b. |
| 28:10 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 29 | PEC Check Fail | RW1C | 0b: PEC check successfully 1b: PEC check failed Reset to 0b. |
| 30 | Unsupported SMBUS Command | RW1C | 0b: supported command. 1b: unsupported command. Reset to 0b. |
| 31 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.126 CPLD FLOW CONTRL ENABLE REGISTER- OFFSET 350h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |
| 1 | Port 1 CPLD Flow Control Enable | RW | Enable port 1 CPLD flow control Reset to 0b. |
| 2 | Port 2 CPLD Flow Control Enable | RW | Enable port 2 CPLD flow control Reset to 0b. |
| 31:3 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.127 CPLD FLOW CONTROL THRESHOLD RGISTER – OFFSET 354h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| 15:0 | X1 CPLD Flow Control Threshold | RW | Threshold for x1 link Reset to 0080h. |
| 31:16 | X2 CPLD Flow Control Threshold | RW | Threshold for x2 link Reset to 0200h. |





7.2.128 CPLD FLOW CONTROL THRESHOLD RGISTER – OFFSET 358h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|
| 15:0 | X4 CPLD Flow Control Threshold | RW | Threshold for x4 link Reset to 0800h. |
| 31:16 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.129 POWER DAVING DISABLE RGISTER - OFFSET 360h

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------|-------|---|
| 0 | Power Saving Disable | RW | Disable power saving. The default value may be changed by SMBus, I2C or audo-loading from EEPROM. Reset to 0b. |
| 31:1 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |

7.2.130 LED DISPLAY CSR 364h (Upstream Port Only)

| BIT | FUNCTION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------|-------|-------------------|
| 4:0 | LED Display Mode | RW | Reset to 0_0000b. |
| 4.0 | Select | K W | |
| 5 | LED Enable | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 6 | LED Mode | RW | Reset to 0b. |
| 31:7 | Reserved | RsvdP | Not Support. |





8 CLOCK SCHEME

The built-in HCSL integrated reference clock buffer of the PI7C9X2G312GP supports seven reference clock outputs. It can be enabled and disabled by strapping the CLKBUF_PD pin.

When CLKBUF_PD pin is asserted low, the integrated reference clock buffer is enabled. The integrated reference clock buffer distributes a single 100MHz reference clock input to seven reference clock output pairs, REFCLKOP[7:1] and REFCLKON[7:1]. Three of the integrated reference clock buffer output pairs of the Switch can be connected to the Switch through REFCLKP/N[2:0] pins, and the other four integrated reference clock buffer outputs can be used by downstream devices.

Specified reference clock output pairs can be disabled through the Clock Buffer Control bits in the Operation Mode Register (offset 98h.bit[23:16]) via either I2C, SMBUS or EEPROM. By default, REFCLKOP/N[5:1] are enabled.

The integrated reference clock buffer requires an external 100MHz differential clock input pair through REFCLKIP and REFCLKIN pins as show in Table 8-1.

| Symbol | Parameters | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|------|-------------------------|------|------|
| FIN | Reference Clock Frequency | | 100 | | MHz | |
| Trise/ T _{fall} | Rise and Fall Time in 20-80% | 175 | | 700 | ps | 2 |
| $\Delta T_{\text{rise}} / \Delta T_{\text{fall}}$ | Rise and Fall Time Variation | | | 125 | ps | 2 |
| T _{pd} | Propagation Delay | 2.5 | | 6.5 | ns | |
| V _{HIGH} | Voltage High including overshoot | 660 | | 1150 | mV | 2 |
| V _{LOW} | Voltage Low including undershoot | -300 | | V _{HIGH} -0.5V | mV | 2 |
| V _{cross} | Absolute crossing point voltage | 250 | | 550 | mV | 2 |
| V _{swing} | Voltage including overshoot | 550 | | 1800 | mV | 2,4 |
| T _{DC} | Duty Cycle | 45 | | 55 | % | 3 |

| Table 8-1 AC Switching and DC Electrical Characteristics for REFCLKIP/N and REFCLKOP/N[7 | /:11 | |
|--|------|--|
| | | |

Note:

1. Test configuration is Rs=33.2 Ω , Rp=49.9 Ω , and 2pF.

2. Measurement taken from Single Ended waveform.

3. Measurement taken from Differential waveform.

4. If the reference clock input is HCSL type, it should use DC coupling; if not in HCSL protocol (ex: LVPECL, LVDS, etc), it should be AC coupling, and refer to application note to add application circuit to rebuild dc bias. If rebuild dc bias for the best 400mV, there is no limit on the V_{swing}. However, there have two exceptions can be accepted:

a. If input is LVPECL, use ac-coupling and no rebuild dc bias, the min V_{swing} is 550mV (single ended).

b. If input is LVDS with 100 ohm cross at the inputs and use dc-coupling, the min V_{swing} is 250mV (single ended).

When CLKBUF_PD pin is asserted high, the clock buffer is disabled. PI7C9X2G312GP requires an external 100MHz different clock input pair through REFCLKP/N[2:0] Pins as shown in Table 8-2.

Table 8-2 AC Switching and DC Electrical Characteristics for REFCLKP/N[2:0]

| Symbol | Parameters | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|---|---|------|------|------|--------|------|
| Fin | Reference Clock Frequency | | 100 | | MHz | 1, 2 |
| Aj | Accuracy | -300 | | +300 | ppm | 3 |
| T _{REFCLK-HF-RMS} | > 1.5 MHz to Nyquist RMS jitter after applying PCIe filter function | | | 3.1 | ps RMS | 3 |
| T _{REFCLK-LF-RMS} | 10 kHz - 1.5 MHz RMS jitter | | | 3.0 | ps RMS | 3 |
| SSC freq | Spread Spectrum Clock frequency | 30 | | 33 | kHz | 3 |
| T _{rise} / T _{fall} | Rise and Fall Time in 20-80% | 175 | | 700 | ps | 2 |
| $\Delta T_{\text{rise}} / \Delta T_{\text{fall}}$ | Rise and Fall Time Variation | | | 125 | ps | 2 |





| Symbol | Parameters | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| T _{pd} | Propagation Delay | 2.5 | | 6.5 | ns | |
| V _{HIGH} | Voltage High including overshoot | 0.8 | | | V | 2 |
| V _{LOW} | Voltage Low including undershoot | | | 800 | mV | 2 |
| V _{swing} | Voltage including overshoot | 300 | | | mV | 2 |
| T _{DC} | Duty Cycle | 45 | | 55 | % | 3 |

Note:

Does not include ±300ppm. Only certain clock frequencies will produce valid PCI Express data.
 Measurement taken from Single-end waveform.

Measurement taken from Differential waveform.
 As PCIe PHY accept CML type reference clock source and will rebuild command mode voltage by itself, it needs add ac-coupling.





9 POWER MANAGEMENT

The PI7C9X2G312GP supports D0, D1, D2, D3-hot, and D3-cold Power States. The PCI Express Physical Link Layer of the PI7C9X2G312GP device supports the PCI Express Link Power Management with L0, L0s, L1, L2/L3 ready and L3 Power States. PI7C9X2G312GP also supports ASPM (Active State Power Management) to facilitate the link power saving.

The highest power-saving link power state is L2/L3. In this state, the main power and auxiliary power (if existing) are off. It typically implies the entire system is shut down when all links enter into L2/L3. In this packet switch, the link of each downstream port is allowed to stay in L2/L3 individually and only turning off the main/auxiliary power applied to the device connected to the specific link. This particular power-saving mechanism is due to the packet switch's capability to issue a "device-specific PME turn-off message" for the chosen device. Once the device receives PME turn-off message, it responds to PME turn-off ACK message and initiates the process of entering the link in L2/L3 state. The system software then directs packet switch to control power module for terminating power delivery to the device. To recover from L2/L3 state, the system software notifies packet switch to enable the power and then issues a dedicated reset for that device. The PI7C9X2G312GP defines a configuration register located at offset 9Ch for controlling and monitoring the device to enter into or leave from device-specific L2/L3 state. This register is defined only in the downstream ports of the packet switch.

In addition to device or link level of power management, the PI7C9X2G312GP also supports platform-wide power saving by implementing Latency Tolerance Reporting (LTR) and Optimized Buffer Flush/Fill (OBFF) mechanisms to synchronize both Root Complex and Device entering or leaving power down state in almost the same time window. This can prevent unconditionally waking up the Root Complex or device to make power saving much efficient.





10 POWER SEQUENCE

As long as PERST# is active, all PCI Express functions are held in reset. The main supplies ramp up to their specified levels (3.3V). Sometime during this stabilization time, the REFCLK starts and stabilizes. After there has been time (100 ms) for the power and clock to become stable, PERST# is deasserted high and the PCI Express functions can start up.

It is recommended to power up the I/O voltage (3.3V) first and then the core voltage (1.0V) or power up I/O voltage and core voltage simultaneously.

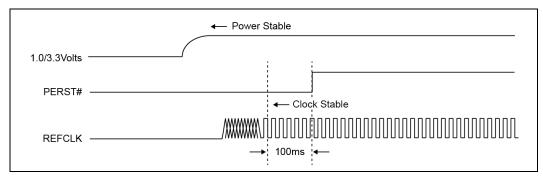


Figure 10-1 Initial Power-Up Sequence

Power-down sequence is the reverse of power-up sequence.





11 ELECTRICAL AND TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

11.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 11-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

| Item | Absolute Max. Rating |
|---|----------------------|
| Storage Temperature | -65°C to 150°C |
| Junction Temperature, Tj | 125 °C |
| Digital core and analog supply voltage to ground potential (VDDC and AVDD) | -0.3v to 1.2v |
| Digital I/O and analog high supply voltage to ground potential (VDDR and AVDDH) | -0.3v to 3.8v |
| Reference Clock supply voltage to ground potential (CVDDR) | -0.3v to 3.8v |
| DC input voltage for Digital I/O signals | -0.3v to 3.8v |
| ESD Rating | |
| Human Body Model (JEDEC Class 2) | 2kv |
| Charge Device Model (JEDEC Class 3) | 500v |

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

11.2 DC SPECIFICATIONS

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|----------|
| VDDC | Digital Core Power | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.1 | |
| VDDR | Digital I/O Power | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | |
| CVDDR | Reference Clock Power | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | |
| AVDD | PCI Express Analog Power | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.1 | |
| AVDDH | PCI Express Analog High Voltage Power | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | 2.0 | | 5.5 | |
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage | -0.3 | | 0.8 | |
| V _{OH} | Output High Voltage | 2.4 | - | - | |
| Vol | Output Low Voltage | - | - | 0.4 | |
| R _{PU} | Pull-up Resistor | 63K | 92K | 142K | Ω |
| R _{PD} | Pull-down Resistor | 57K | 91K | 159K | <u> </u> |
| RST# _{Slew} ¹ | PERST_L Slew Rate | 50 | | | mV/ns |

Table 11-2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Note:

1. The min. value for PERST_L Slew Rate is 50 mV/ns, which translates to the requirement that the time for PERST_L from 0V to 3.3V should be less than 66 ns.

11.3 AC SPECIFICATIONS

Table 11-3 PCI Express Interface - Differential Transmitter (TX) Output (5.0 Gbps) Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-----------|
| Unit Interval | UI | 199.94 | 200.0 | 200.06 | ps |
| Differential p-p TX voltage swing | V _{TX-DIFF-P-P} | 800 | - | - | mV ppd |
| Low power differential p-p TX voltage swing | V _{TX-DIFF-P-P-LOW} | 400 | - | - | mV ppd |
| TX de-emphasis level ratio | V _{TX-DE-RATIO-3.5dB} | -3.0 | - | -4.0 | dB |
| TX de-emphasis level ratio | V _{TX-DE-RATIO-6dB} | -5.5 | | -6.5 | dB |





| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------------------------|------|-----|------------------|-----------|
| Transmitter Eye including all jitter sources | T _{TX-EYE} | 0.75 | - | - | UI |
| TX deterministic jitter > 1.5 MHz | T _{TX-HF-DJ-DD} | - | - | 0.15 | UI |
| TX RMS jitter < 1.5 MHz | T _{TX-LF-RMS} | - | - | 3.0 | Ps RMS |
| Transmitter rise and fall time | T _{TX-RISE-FALL} | 0.15 | - | - | UI |
| TX rise/fall mismatch | T _{RF-MISMATCH} | - | - | 0.1 | UI |
| Maximum TX PLL Bandwidth | BW _{TX-PLL} | - | - | 16 | MHz |
| Minimum TX PLL BW for 3dB peaking | BW _{TX-PLL-LO-3DB} | 8 | - | - | MHz |
| TX PLL peaking with 8 MHz min BW | PKG _{TX-PLL1} | - | - | 3.0 | dB |
| DC Differential TX Impedance | Z _{TX-DIFF-DC} | 80 | - | 120 | Ω |
| Transmitter Short-Circuit Current Limit | I _{TX-SHORT} | - | - | 90 | mA |
| TX DC Common Mode Voltage | V _{TX-DC-CM} | 0 | - | 3.6 | V |
| Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage During L0 and Electrical Idle | VTX-CM-DC-ACTIVE-IDLE- DELTA | 0 | - | 100 | mV |
| Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage between D+ and D- | V _{TX-CM-DC-LINE-DELTA} | 0 | - | 25 | mV |
| Electrical Idle Differential Peak Output Voltage | V _{TX-IDLE-DIFF-AC-p} | 0 | - | 20 | mV |
| DC Electrical Idle Differential Output Voltage | V _{TX-IDLE-DIFF-DC} | 0 | - | 5 | mV |
| The Amount of Voltage Change Allowed During Receiver Detection | V _{TX-RCV-DETECT} | - | - | 600 | mV |
| Lane-to-Lane Output Skew | L _{TX-SKEW} | - | - | 500 ps + 4 UI | ps |

Table 11-4 PCI Express Interface - Differential Transmitter (TX) Output (2.5 Gbps) Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|--|--------|-------|------------------|-----------|
| Unit Interval | UI | 399.88 | 400.0 | 400.12 | ps |
| Differential p-p TX voltage swing | V _{TX-DIFF-P-P} | 800 | - | - | mV ppd |
| Low power differential p-p TX voltage swing | V _{TX-DIFF-P-P-LOW} | 400 | - | - | mV ppd |
| TX de-emphasis level ratio | V _{TX-DE-RATIO} | -3.0 | - | -4.0 | dB |
| Minimum TX eye width | T _{TX-EYE} | 0.75 | - | - | UI |
| Maximum time between the jitter median and max deviation from the median | T _{TX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-} JITTER | - | - | 0.125 | UI |
| Transmitter rise and fall time | T _{TX-RISE-FALL} | 0.125 | - | - | UI |
| Maximum TX PLL Bandwidth | BW _{TX-PLL} | - | - | 22 | MHz |
| Maximum TX PLL BW for 3dB peaking | BW _{TX-PLL-LO-3DB} | 1.5 | - | - | MHz |
| Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage During L0 and Electrical Idle | VTX-CM-DC-ACTIVE-IDLE- DELTA | 0 | - | 100 | mV |
| Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage between D+ and D- | V _{TX-CM-DC-LINE-DELTA} | 0 | - | 25 | mV |
| Electrical Idle Differential Peak Output Voltage | V _{TX-IDLE-DIFF-AC-p} | 0 | - | 20 | mV |
| The Amount of Voltage Change Allowed During Receiver Detection | V _{TX-RCV-DETECT} | - | - | 600 | mV |
| Transmitter DC Common Mode Voltage | V _{TX-DC-CM} | 0 | - | 3.6 | V |
| Transmitter Short-Circuit Current Limit | I _{TX-SHORT} | - | - | 90 | mA |
| DC Differential TX Impedance | Z _{TX} -DIFF-DC | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ω |
| Lane-to-Lane Output Skew | L _{TX-SKEW} | - | - | 500 ps + 2 UI | ps |

Table 11-5 PCI Express Interface - Differential Receiver (RX) Input (5.0 Gbps) Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| Unit Interval | UI | 199.94 | 200.0 | 200.06 | ps |
| Differential RX Peak-to-Peak Voltage | V _{RX-DIFF-PP-CC} | 120 | - | 1200 | mV |
| Total jitter tolerance | TJ _{RX} | 0.68 | - | - | UI |
| Receiver DC common mode impedance | Z _{RX-DC} | 40 | - | 60 | Ω |
| RX AC Common Mode Voltage | V _{RX-CM-AC-P} | - | - | 150 | mV |
| Electrical Idle Detect Threshold | V _{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p} | 65 | - | 175 | mV |





Table 11-6 PCI Express Interface - Differential Receiver (RX) Input (2.5 Gbps) Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| Unit Interval | UI | 399.88 | 400.0 | 400.12 | ps |
| Differential RX Peak-to-Peak Voltage | V _{RX-DIFF-PP-CC} | 175 | - | 1200 | mV |
| Receiver eye time opening | T _{RX-EYE} | 0.4 | - | - | UI |
| Maximum time delta between median and | T _{RX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-} | | | 0.3 | UI |
| deviation from median | JITTER | | - | 0.5 | UI |
| Receiver DC common mode impedance | Z _{RX-DC} | 40 | - | 60 | Ω |
| DC differential impedance | Z _{RX-DIFF-DC} | 80 | - | 120 | Ω |
| RX AC Common Mode Voltage | V _{RX-CM-AC-P} | - | - | 150 | mV |
| DC input CM input impedance during reset | Z _{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC} | 200 | | | kΩ |
| or power down | | 200 | - | - | K12 |
| Electrical Idle Detect Threshold | V _{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p} | 65 | - | 175 | mV |
| Lane to Lane skew | L _{RX-SKEW} | - | - | 20 | ns |

11.4 POWER CONSUMPTION

Table 11-7 Power Consumption

| Active Lane | 1.0V | DDC | 1.0V | AVDD | 3.3A | VDDH | 3.3V | DDR | 3.3CV | /DDR | Тс | otal | Unit |
|-------------|-------|-------|------|---------|------|-------|------|-----|-------|-------|-------|---------|------|
| per Port | Тур | Max | Тур | Max | Тур | Max | Тур | Max | Тур | Max | Тур | Max | Unit |
| 4/4/4 | 308.0 | 689.7 | 92.4 | 1,065.9 | 92.4 | 101.6 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 396.0 | 435.6 | 895.4 | 2,300.1 | mW |

Test Conditions:

- Typical power measured under the conditions of 1.0V/3.3V power rail without device usage on all downstream ports.

Maximum power measured under the conditions of 1.1V/ 3.63V with PCIe2 devices usage on all downstream ports
 Ambient Temperature at 25°C

- Power consumption in the table is a reference, be affected by various environment, bus traffic and power supply etc

11.5 OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Table 11-8 Operating Ambient Temperature

(The Operating Ambient Temperature be associated with Chapter 12.)

| Item | Low | High | Unit |
|--|-----|------|------|
| Ambient Temperature with power applied | -40 | 85 | °C |
| Note: | | | |

Exposure to high temperature conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.





12 THERMAL DATA

The information described in this section is provided for reference only.

Table 12-1 Thermal Data

| Power (Watt) | Ta (℃) | JEDEC Board | Airflow (m/s) | θ _{JA} (°C/W) | Tj (℃) | ϴ _{JC} (℃/W) |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| | | | 0 | 26.65 | 140.97 | |
| | | 4-Layer | 1 | 23.71 | 134.79 | 8.96 |
| 2.1 | 05 | | 2 | 22.57 | 132.40 | |
| 2.1 | 2.1 85 | | 0 | 17.75 | 122.28 | |
| | | 8-Layer | 1 | 16.65 | 119.97 | 8.44 |
| | | | 2 | 16.33 | 119.29 | |

Note:

1. T_{a:} Ambient Temperature

2. T_J: Junction Temperature

3. Maximum allowable junction temperature = $125^{\circ}C$

4. Θ_{JA} : Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient

5. Θ_{JC} : Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case

6. Power measured under the conditions of 1.0V/ 3.3V with PCIe2 devices usage on all downstream ports

7. The shaded fields provide a recommendation that allows PI7C9X2G312GP to support Industrial Temperature Range.





13 PACKAGE INFORMATION

The package of PI7C9X2G312GP is a 15mm x 15mm LBGA (196 Pin) package with ball pitch 1.0mm. The detailed package information, mechanical dimension and package of drawing are shown below.

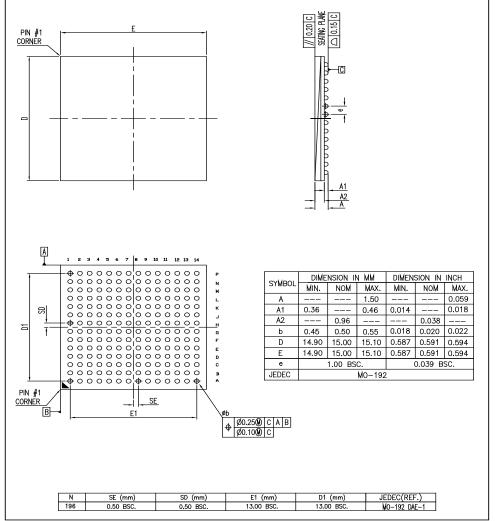
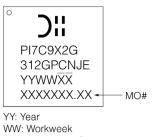


Figure 13-1 Package of Drawing



WW: Workweek 1st X: Assembly Code 2nd X: Fab Code Bar above fab code means Cu wire Bar above assy code means ULA BOM

Figure 13-2 Part Marking





14 ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Temperature Range | Package Description | Pb-Free & Green |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| PI7C9X2G312GPCNJEX | -40° to 85°C | 196-pin LBGA | Yes |
| | (Industrial Temperature) | 15mm x 15mm | 1 05 |

Notes:

1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

