AP1086 is a low dropout positive adjustable or fixed-mode regulator with 1.5A output current capability. The product is specifically designed to provide well-regulated supply for low voltage IC applications such as high-speed bus termination and low current 3.3V logic supply. AP1086 is also well suited for other applications such as VGA cards. AP1086 is guaranteed to have lower than 1.4V dropout at full load current making it ideal to provide well-regulated outputs of 1.25V to 5.0V with 4.7 to 12V input supply by different output voltage.

Features

• 3-Terminal Adjustable or Fixed 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V
• 1.4V Maximum Dropout at Full Load Current
• Fast Transient Response
• Built-in Thermal Shutdown
• Output Current Limiting
• Lead Free Packages: TO252-3L, TO263-3L, TO220-3L
• TO252-3L, TO263-3L, and TO220-3L: Available in “Green” Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
• Lead Free Finish/ RoHS Compliant (Note 1)


Typical Application Circuit
**Pin Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Name</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>Pin #</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adj (GND)</td>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Adjustable (Ground only for fixed mode)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOUT</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>The output of the regulator. A minimum of 10uF capacitor must be connected from this pin to ground to insure stability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIN</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>The input pin of regulator. Typically a large storage capacitor is connected from this pin to ground to insure that the input voltage does not sag below the minimum dropout voltage during the load transient response. This pin must always be 1.4V higher than VOUT in order for the device to regulate properly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Functional Block Diagram**

![Functional Block Diagram]

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V_IN</td>
<td>DC Supply Voltage</td>
<td>-0.3 to 12</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T_ST</td>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-65 to +150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T_MJ</td>
<td>Maximum Junction Temperature</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top</td>
<td>Operating Junction Temperature Range</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Electrical Characteristics (Under Operating Conditions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reference Voltage</td>
<td>AP1086-Adj, ( T_A = 25^\circ C, (V_{IN}-V_{OUT}) = 1.5V, I_O = 10mA )</td>
<td>1.225</td>
<td>1.250</td>
<td>1.275</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Voltage</td>
<td>AP1086-1.5, ( I_O = 10mA, T_A = 25^\circ C, 3V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V )</td>
<td>1.470</td>
<td>1.500</td>
<td>1.530</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-1.8, ( I_O = 10mA, T_A = 25^\circ C, 3.3V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V )</td>
<td>1.764</td>
<td>1.800</td>
<td>1.836</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-2.5, ( I_O = 10mA, T_A = 25^\circ C, 4V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V )</td>
<td>2.450</td>
<td>2.500</td>
<td>2.550</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-3.3, ( I_O = 10mA, T_A = 25^\circ C, 4.8V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V )</td>
<td>3.235</td>
<td>3.300</td>
<td>3.365</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-5.0, ( I_O = 10mA, T_A = 25^\circ C, 6.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V )</td>
<td>4.900</td>
<td>5.000</td>
<td>5.100</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Regulation</td>
<td>AP1086-XXX, ( I_O = 10mA, V_{OUT} + 1.5V &lt; V_{IN} &lt; 12V )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load Regulation</td>
<td>AP1086-Adj, ( V_{IN} = 3.3V, 0mA &lt; I_O &lt; 1.5A, T_A = 25^\circ C ) (Note 2, 3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-1.5, ( V_{IN} = 3V, 0mA &lt; I_O &lt; 1.5A, T_A = 25^\circ C ) (Note 2, 3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-1.8, ( V_{IN} = 3.3V, 0mA &lt; I_O &lt; 1.5A, T_A = 25^\circ C ) (Note 2, 3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP1086-2.5, ( V_{IN} = 3.3V, 0mA &lt; I_O &lt; 1.5A, T_A = 25^\circ C ) (Note 2, 3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropout Voltage</td>
<td>AP1086-Adj/-2.5/-3.3/-3.6/-5.0, ( I_O = 1.5A, \Delta V_{OUT} = 1% V_{OUT} )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Limit</td>
<td>AP1086-Adj/-2.5/-3.3/-3.6/-5.0, ( V_{IN}-V_{OUT} = 5V )</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Load Current (Note 4)</td>
<td>AP1086-XXX, ( 0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Regulation</td>
<td>( T_A = 25^\circ C, 30ms pulse )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.008</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>%/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripple Rejection</td>
<td>( f = 120Hz, C_{OUT} = 25uF ) Tantalum, ( I_O = 1.5A )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMS Noise (% of ( V_{OUT} ))</td>
<td>( 10Hz \leq f \leq 10KHz )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.003</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Stability</td>
<td>( I_O = 10mA )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( \theta_{JA} ) Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient</td>
<td>(No heat sink; No air flow) ( TO252-3L )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>( TO263-3L )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>( TO220-3L )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( \theta_{JC} ) Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case</td>
<td>( TO252-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor ( TO263-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor ( TO220-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>( TO252-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor ( TO263-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor ( TO220-3L: ) Control Circuitry/Power Transistor</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.65/2.7</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

2. See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Line and load regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is measured at the output lead = 1/18” from the package.

3. Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 15W. Power dissipation is determined by the difference in input and output and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output range.

4. Quiescent current is defined as the minimum output current required in maintaining regulation. At 12V input/output differential the device is guaranteed to regulate if the output current is greater than 10mA.
Functional Description

Introduction
The AP1086 adjustable or fixed-mode Low Dropout (LDO) regulator is a 3 terminal device which can easily be programmed by internal mask change to any voltages within the range of 1.25V to $V_{IN}$ - 1.4V. The AP1086 only needs 1.4V differential between $V_{IN}$ and $V_{OUT}$ to maintain output regulation. In addition, the output voltage tolerances are also extremely tight and they include the transient response as part of the specification. For example, Intel VRE specification calls for a total of +/- 100mV including initial tolerance, load regulation and 0 to 1.5A load step.

The AP1086 is specifically designed to meet the fast current transient needs as well as providing an accurate initial voltage, reducing the overall system cost with the need for fewer output capacitors.

Load Regulation
Since the AP1086 is only a 3 terminal device, it is not possible to provide true remote sensing of the output voltage at the load. But it can supply good load regulation by internal feedback bypass the external loss such as adjustable mode.

Stability
The AP1086 requires the use of an output capacitor as part of the frequency compensation in order to make the regulator stable. For most applications a minimum of 10uF aluminum electrolytic capacitor insures both stability and good transient response.

Thermal Design
The AP1086 incorporates an internal thermal shutdown that protects the device when the junction temperature exceeds the maximum allowable junction temperature. Although this device can operate with junction temperatures in the range of 150°C, it is recommended that the selected heat sink be chosen such that during maximum continuous load operation the junction temperature is kept below the temperature.

Layout Consideration
The output capacitors must be located as close to the $V_{OUT}$ terminal of the device as possible. It is recommended to use a section of a layer of the PC board as a plane to connect the $V_{OUT}$ pin to the output capacitors to prevent any high frequency oscillation that may result due to excessive trace inductance.
**Typical Performance Characteristics**

**Dropout Voltage vs Output Current**

- **Temperature (°C)**
  - AT = 25 °C
  - AT = 125 °C

**Load Regulation vs Temperature**

**Percent Change in Output Voltage vs Temperature**

**Line Transient Response**

- Cin=1μF
- Cout=10μF Tantalum

**Load Transient Response**

- Cin=1μF
- Cout=10μF Tantalum
- Preload=100mA

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Diodes Incorporated

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AP1086

Document number: DS31028 Rev. 6 - 2

June 2010

www.diodes.com
AP1086
1.5A LOW DROPOUT POSITIVE ADJUSTABLE OR FIXED-MODE REGULATOR

Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Low Dropout Regulator</th>
<th>Package</th>
<th>Vout</th>
<th>Lead Free</th>
<th>Packing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D : TO252-3L</td>
<td>Blank = Adj</td>
<td></td>
<td>L : Lead Free</td>
<td>U : Tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K : TO263-3L</td>
<td>15 = 1.5V</td>
<td>18 = 1.8V</td>
<td>G : Green</td>
<td>13 : Taping &amp; Reel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T : TO220-3L</td>
<td>25 = 2.5V</td>
<td>33 = 3.3V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50 = 5.0V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device Code</th>
<th>Package Code</th>
<th>Packaging (Note 5)</th>
<th>Tube Quantity</th>
<th>Tube Part Number Suffix</th>
<th>13&quot; Tape and Reel Quantity</th>
<th>13&quot; Tape and Reel Part Number Suffix</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP1086DXXL-13</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>TO252-3L</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>2500/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1086DXXG-13</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>TO252-3L</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>2500/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1086KXXL-13</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>TO263-3L</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>800/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1086KXXG-13</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>TO263-3L</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>800/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1086TXXL-U</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>TO220-3L</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-U</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1086TXXG-U</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>TO220-3L</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-U</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 5. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.
Marking Information

(1) TO252-3L

( Top view )

Logo

Part Number

1086 for ADJ
86-VV: 15 for 1.5V
18 for 1.8V
25 for 2.5V
33 for 3.3V
50 for 5.0V

L: Lead Free
G: Green
YY: Year: 01~09
WW: Week: 01~52, 52 represents 52 and 53 week
X: Internal Code

(2) TO263-3L

( Top view )

Logo

Part Number

VV: 15 for 1.5V
18 for 1.8V
25 for 2.5V
33 for 3.3V
50 for 5.0V
Blank for ADJ

L: Lead Free
G: Green
YY: Year: 01~09
WW: Week: 01~52, 52 represents 52 and 53 week
X: Internal Code

(3) TO220-3L

( Top view )

Logo

Part Number

VV: 15 for 1.5V
18 for 1.8V
25 for 2.5V
33 for 3.3V
50 for 5.0V
Blank for ADJ

L: Lead Free
G: Green
YY: Year: 01~09
WW: Week: 01~52, 52 represents 52 and 53 week
X: Internal Code
Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package type: TO252-3L

(2) Package type: TO263-3L
Package Outline Dimensions (Continued)

(3) Package type: TO220-3L

![Diagram of TO220-3L package dimensions]
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